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TEN VICTIMS OF ONE TRAGEDY.

The Hanging of Tom Woolfolk in Perry Yesterday.

STORY OF THE WOOLFOLK SLAUGHTER

Nine Victims to One Man's Brutal Passion.

A SCENE OF BLOODY CARNIVAL.

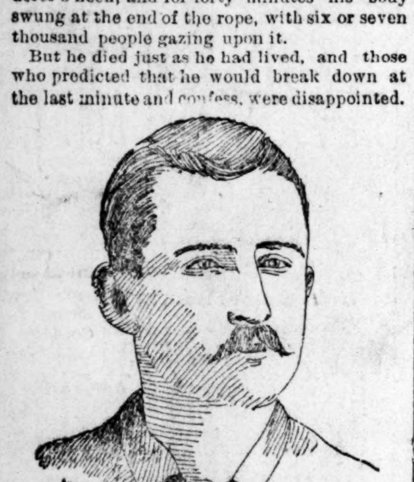
The Murderer at Last Pays the Penalty.

PERRY, Ga., October 29.—[Special.]—Tom Woolfolk was strangled to death this afternoon by Sheriff Cooper, of Houston county.

No execution in Georgia ever presented the scene of the one today.

A drop of seven feet failed to break the murderer's neck, and for forty minutes his body swung at the end of the rope, with six or seven thousand people gazing upon it.

But he died just as he had lived, and those who predicted that he would break down at the last minute and confess, were disappointed.



He did not confess; on the contrary his last statement to the public was a declaration of innocence, and with that statement yet fresh upon his lips, Woolfolk met his death as calmly and unconcernedly as he discussed its approach.

His last hours were just as he said they would be, cool, calm and deliberate.

Every act, every word, was one of evenness.

One of Woolfolk's last requests of Mr. Jobson, the night death watch, was made before he went to sleep last night. He was then lying upon his bunk, and Mr. Jobson was sitting just outside the cell reading.

"What are you reading, Mr. Jobson," asked Woolfolk.

The night watch told him the title of the novel he was perusing.

"Can't you lay it away for a few minutes, Mr. Jobson," he said, "and read me a chapter from the Bible."

"Of course, Tom," said the jeweler.

Then, putting his novel aside, Mr. Jobson picked up a well-worn Bible and began reading. He read from the Revelations, and Woolfolk listened attentively, occasionally interrupting the reading with a question. A half hour passed thus, and then Woolfolk said:

"That will do, Mr. Jobson. I am much obliged to you. Now I think I will try to sleep."

Woolfolk settled himself in his bed, pulling the blanket over his shoulders. For a minute or two he was silent. Then he remarked:

"Mr. Jobson, when I go to sleep don't let any one wake me up. Ask Mr. Cooper, too, when he comes in the morning, to let me sleep just as late as he can if I am asleep when he comes."

Mr. Jobson gave the promise and in a short time Woolfolk's heavy, even breathing indicated the deep, peaceful sleep of which I told in last night's telegrams.

TO TALK WITH THE PRESS MEN.

During last night, Sheriff Cooper promised the members of the press a talk with Tom early this morning, and 7 o'clock was the hour appointed for the visit. At 7:15 o'clock this morning the sheriff accompanied the correspondents to the jail, and as he entered the building Mr. Jobson repeated the prisoner's request.

"Is he asleep?" asked the sheriff.

"Yes," was the answer.

I was then given an opportunity to see a man enjoy his last sleep. Woolfolk was lying upon his bunk on his left side. His eyes were closed and his lips were slightly apart. His face was in perfect repose. Not a muscle being drawn or a feature uneven. He was breathing heavily, and was evidently sleeping soundly.

"He sleeps well, poor fellow," remarked Sheriff Cooper, "and we will not arouse him yet."

An hour later, we called at the jail again. Woolfolk was still asleep, but had changed his position. He was lying flat upon his back, with his hands clasped across his chest. Sheriff Cooper gazed at the picture a second, and called: "Tom, it is time to get up."

There was no response, no movement even to indicate that he had been heard.

"He sleeps well," resumed Sheriff Cooper. Then with a smile he said, "if he is behind on sleep in this world, he won't have much time to make it up here. He will soon have a chance to make it up somewhere else."

Then turning toward the cell, he called out: "Tom, Tom." There was no response. The man seemed dead, but for the regular rising and falling of his chest.

"Say, Tom, Tom, come, come, get up," said the jailer, shaking the bars. There was a restless movement indicating that the man's slumbers had been broken, but he turned upon his side and then became motionless.

"Maybe he has had a drug," said some one present.

"Oh, no," said the sheriff, "he was searched carefully and closely last night, and I'll stake all I have on him being sound and well."

Then giving the cell door a vigorous rattle, Mr. Cooper called quite loud:

"Come, Tom, its time to get up."

Woolfolk opened his eyes, and raising upon his elbow, glanced around him in a dazed sort of way. It was quite apparent that he had just come out from a deep, hard dreamless sleep.

In an instant, however, he seemed to take in the situation, and remarked: "Good morning, Mr. Cooper." Then, sitting up, he began rubbing his eyes. This engaged his time for a minute, and then he glanced at his visitors. Quickly he was upon his feet, and with that same pleasant smile with which his visitors have become so well acquainted he remarked:

"How do you all feel this morning?"

Those who were present that he was acquainted with he called by name.

"Tom, dress as quick as you can," said the [illegible]

sheriff, "and I'll let you out. These gentlemen want to talk to you."

"All right," was the answer, and without a word of complaint or a sulky movement he began dressing. First he put on his shoes, lacing them carefully. Then his breeches, then his coat and hat. In dressing he was slow, but as careful and precise as though dressing for his wedding.

READY FOR THE DAY.

With his hat upon his head Woolfolk remarked: "I'm ready, Mr. Cooper." There was no tremor or unevenness in the man's voice. The cell door was unlocked and Woolfolk stepped into the corridor. As he came out of the cell door, he grasped Mr. Cooper by the hand. Then he shook hands with those he knew, and was introduced to the strangers in the party. The introductions he acknowledged with as much grace and ease as any gentleman could have displayed.

"How do you feel, Tom?" I asked. "Never better." "You aren't at all nervous, are you?" Do you see any nervousness about me?" he asked, holding out both hands. There was no indication of any. "And how did you sleep?" "Like a log, after about 2 o'clock. I know what you are going to ask next, so I'll save you the trouble and tell you now that I did not dream."

As he spoke he looked smilingly over his visitors.

"Somehow," he went on, "you always harp about my dreams. For your benefit I'll tell you the only dream I ever had in this jail. Prisoners don't dream here because Mr. Cooper takes too good care of them. But my dream: I dreamt a few nights ago that I had got away. I was having a big time of it. Every officer in the state was after me and I walked in among them and they didn't know me. I was just in clover, I tell you, but suddenly, when I was happiest, Westcott and Cooper came into the dream and I began to hide out; but it was no use. They caught me. Then I woke up and for the first time in my life I was mad at Cooper."

The words came from the man's mouth slowly and calmly. All the time he was smiling. A cigar was protruding from one of his pockets, and, seeing it, another was handed him. "Thanks," he said, "I will smoke before breakfast." A match was handed him, and quickly blue smoke was rolling from his mouth. He drew upon the cigar, and, and as the smoke came out, he took the cigar from his lips, and holding it gracefully in front of him, looked at it. "That's a pretty good cigar," he said. "When did you have a drink last, Tom?" I asked. He smiled a second and glanced at Sheriff Cooper, significantly. "Tell him, Tom." "I had a mighty good one last night, and then I had another small one this morning." "Would you like another?" he was asked. A smile came to him, and, glancing around, he said: "If you have got something good I wouldn't mind taking one." "I'll give him all he wants," said the sheriff. "I've got some change," said Tom, "and if I want anything Mr. Cooper will get it for me."

But the buoyant ring was not in his voice that was there when the drink was proffered.

"Would you like to have enough, Tom, to make you drunk?" he was asked.

Woolfolk hesitated a second and said: "I—don't—know. No, I don't. I don't want to die drunk. I want to die sober, and that's what I am going to do."

"Are you ready to die, Tom?"

"I had just as well be, because I've got to die, and I am thoroughly satisfied with it. I firmly believe that my sins have been forgiven, and naturally I'm ready. I know there are those who don't believe this any more than they believe that I am innocent of the crime for which they are going to kill me."

"Are you innocent, Tom?"

"I am," he said, and as he said so he rose from his chair. In a second, however, he sat down again, and resumed his smoking.

"Tom, there are those who believe you innocent. If you are, why don't you write a card telling them so and let it be printed."

For a moment he was silent. Apparently he was studying.

"No," he said, "I shall write nothing. I have nothing to write."

"Or nothing to say on the scaffold?"

NOTHING TO SAY.

"Nothing, only to confess my innocence."

For an hour Woolfolk talked with his visitors. At times he was laughing and joking, then he would become quite serious. But for a minute only would that last. He was questioned in every way, but never gave any indication of weakening. One of the party was wearing a silk hat, and Woolfolk finally said:

"Let me try that churn on."

He placed the hat on his head.

"That becomes you, Tom," said the sheriff.

"Does it?" he asked. "I used to wear one." Then turning to the party whom the hat belonged to, he said:

"I'll trade hats with you; I think I'd like to die in this one."

As he made this remark, he laughed aloud.

About 9 o'clock Mr. Cowan, Woolfolk's brother-in-law, called and was given a last talk. The conversation was heard by the sheriff. Woolfolk discussed his burial and asked Mr. Cowan to see that he was laid away decently.

"Don't give me any sort of a grave," he said, "have it walled up and put away decently."

Mr. Cowan promised to do so. "Then, too," said Woolfolk, "if any of my friends want to see me after I'm dead, let them do so,' but for a second he hesitated, then he resumed. "But don't let my sisters see me."

The parting between the two men then came. Mr. Cowan was deeply affected, but Woolfolk was cool; so cool, indeed, that he seemed to have no feeling.

A FINAL APPEAL.

Cowan left, and Sheriff Cooper entered Woolfolk's cell. The sheriff was alone, and he was there on a special mission. Mr. Cooper has always believed in Woolfolk's guilt, and wanted to make a last appeal to him.

"Now, Tom," said Mr. Cooper, "I want to have a last talk with you. This will be your last chance to have a private talk with me, and I want you to be honest with me."

"Well, what is it Mr. Cooper?" Woolfolk answered without moving a muscle.

"This, Tom: People generally believe you guilty, and for my own satisfaction I want to know the truth. I think you should say you are guilty, if you are, for the satisfaction of the judges, the lawyers and the jurors."

"But I ain't guilty, Mr. Cooper," he answered quietly.

"That may be," remarked the sheriff; "but, Tom, if you are and want to tell me on the quiet I'll pledge you my word never to breathe it until after you have gone. Woolfolk smiled and replied:

"I'll tell you, Mr. Cooper, I ain't guilty."

"Tom, have you given up all hopes? Do you think there is any chance for you to have your life prolonged?" asked the sheriff.

"None at all, Mr. Cooper," he answered, and I'll tell you now I don't want it prolonged, and that knowing that in a few hours I'll be in the presence of my God, with my sins forgiven or unforgiven; I tell you I am an innocent man."

"All right, Tom," said Mr. Cooper, "I'll send you your breakfast."

"And Dr. Warren," said Woolfolk.

Mr. Cooper went away, and in a short time Woolfolk's breakfast was brought in.

About 9:30 o'clock, Rev. Dr. Warren, Rev. Dr. Moorehouse and Rev. Dr. Brewton called at the jail. Woolfolk met them in the corridor, and the meeting between him and Dr. Warren was very affecting. Woolfolk's [illegible]

extremely glad to see the doctor, and the doctor was pleased to be of service to the doomed man. The ministers passed a few words with the prisoner, and then turned to the spiritual condition. Woolfolk's story to the ministers was just what it has always been. "I believe," he said in substance, "that my sins have been forgiven, and that I am all right." Then Bible reading and prayer were indulged in for some time. During the prayer Woolfolk knelt. It was the first time, too, that he has been known to kneel since his sentence. If he was in any way responsive to the petitions sent up for his soul he hid not show it by act or word. He seemed to be wholly unemotional. After the prayer he talked upon the hereafter with a firmness and familiarity indicating a complete knowledge on his part of his acceptance above. Quite an hour was passed with the ministers in the cell and then they went away. He asked Dr. Moorehouse and Dr. Brewton to meet him at the gallows and Dr. Warren to meet him at the jail. "For," said Woolfolk, as he arranged the programme, "I want Dr. Warren to come here and go down there with me. He appeared averse to mentioning the scaffold as the place to which he wanted Dr. Warren to accompany him.

Soon after the ministers went away, Sheriff Cooper entered the jail. I was with him. Woolfolk was pacing up and down his cell. He seemed to be in a deep study.

"Tom," said the sheriff, "I guess you had better come out and wash and dress."

Woolfolk was let out of the cell, and at the same time a negro filled the foot tub with water.

"The boy will help you to wash, Tom," said Mr. Cooper.

"Never mind that," answered Woolfolk, "I can do it myself. Where are my clothes? What are they?"

Mr. Cooper opened a bundle containing a nice suit of white underwear, a white shirt, collar, black tie and a pair of black socks.

He examined his black suit critically, and put it on. During all this time he was so calm, so cool that no one could possibly understand the man. He talked with the prisoners who were watching him, and even indulged in jokes. Mr. Cooper was present all the time, and watched the work. When Woolfolk had completed his toilet, he turned to the sheriff, saying, "How do I look, Mr. Cooper?"

"Very nice, Tom," was the answer. "A barber will be here directly to shave you."

Woolfolk ran his hands down his cheeks, and smiling, said, "I believe I do need a shave. It would make me look better. Do you think I need my hair cut?"

There was nothing of stupidity or bravado in the remark. There was more of vanity than anything else. Soon the barber came and Woolfolk's beard of a week's growth was taken away. His mustache, quite heavy and drooping, and the goatee were left. When the tonsorial work was completed he rubbed his face with the palms of his hands, and he seemed well pleased. It struck me just then that Woolfolk would like to have a glance at himself in a mirror. Be that as it may, he was certainly a handsome man. Standing six feet seven inches, weighing 145 pounds, with a fine form, a white, fair complexion, jet black hair, a dark, heavy, drooping mustache, deep gray eyes, he made as fine a picture as ever seen.

Woolfolk seemed to know it, too, and no one who saw him differed with him. Soon after dressing, he called Sheriff Cooper, saying:

"I would like to see Dr. Warren, and have a piece of paper; I want to write a statement."

Mr. Cooper sent for the doctor at once, and provided the paper. Dr. Warren came and then Woolfolk prepared the statement and gave it to the doctor, saying:

"I want you to read that on the —— down there."

Soon it became a current rumor that Woolfolk had confessed, but Dr. Warren, when asked, removed that impression by saying that the paper was a declaration of Woolfolk's innocence.

Very few, however, placed any credit in the innocence feature of the paper.

Just before noon Mr. Cooper went into the jail for the last time.

"Tom," said he, "we won't read any death warrant. I have been instructed that it was not necessary."

"Well, I am glad of that," said Woolfolk smiling.

"Is there anything you want, Tom," asked the sheriff. "We will be soon going."

"Something to eat is all." He was given a dinner, and the dinner he enjoyed more than he did the breakfast.

THE DEATH MARCH.

At 12:15 o'clock, the Perry Rifles, under Captain Davis, appeared at the jail. In the meantime, the crowd about the gallows increased. It grew in front of the jail, too, shortly after Captain Davis's company came up, and a two-seated horse carriage drove to the jail entrance. That carriage was for Woolfolk. At 12:35 o'clock, Dr. Warren entered the jail, then the sheriff said:

"Well, Tom, let's go."

Mr. Cooper's voice was gentle and kind. Woolfolk realized what the invitation meant, and said: "I'm ready."

Mr. Cooper took a pair of handcuffs from his pocket, and Woolfolk, without a tremor, approached him and extended both hands quietly.

There was a click, click, and Woolfolk was handcuffed.

As the work was being done, he looked down at his wrists.

As it was completed, he looked up and caught Mr. Cooper's eyes.

Mr. Cooper took him gently by the arm and led him towards the door. Woolfolk hesitated a second and turning his head over his shoulder said:

"Boys, good-bye to all of you, and God bless you."

He was speaking to his fellow-prisoners.

Then he walked quietly out of the jail door and as he came out he glanced up at the sky.

"It's a pretty, clear day," he remarked. Then he and Mr. Cooper entered the carriage and took the back seat. Dr. Warren took the front seat. Journalist Kersch, of Fort Valley, sat beside Dr. Warren. Deputy Sheriff Riley drove the carriage. The Rifles formed a hollow square, and Woolfolk's last ride began. On the way to the gallows he recognized a few friends and spoke to them. Just a half mile from the gallows the carriage came to the top of a hill. From that hill Woolfolk could see the crowd around the gallows. He could see the whitewashed gallows, too.

"Is that the place?" he asked.

"Yes, Tom," answered the sheriff. That was all.

Down the hill, Dr. Warren spoke words of encouragement to Woolfolk. Mr. Cooper advised him to be brave and calm.

"Oh, I'll go through all right," he said to the sheriff. "Don't be bothered about that."

Then a minute later he said, "Mr. Cooper, don't make it too long. Get through as soon as you can."

The carriage stopped at the edge of the crowd. The crowd was pushed apart and the prisoner came out with the officers, minister and the newspaper man.

Then, with the Rifles close around the party, the gate to the enclosure was reached. Through the gate the party went with Mr. Cooper. Woolfolk went to the steps of the scaffold. The military filed in and took position around it. Dr. Warren followed the sheriff and prisoner closely. At the foot of the scaffold Woolfolk observed Dr. Brewton and Dr. Moorehouse. He bowed to them, but the pleasant smile was gone. Then he walked up, unassisted, the sheriff behind him, and Westcott, of Bibb, just before him. Everybody was struck with the man's appearance. He was not only cool, but he looked decidedly handsome. Facing the crowd, he looked over the throng between him and the cemetery.

There was no indication of fear whatever.

READY FOR DEATH.

Mr. Cooper unlocked the handcuffs and through the work Woolfolk was less nervous than the sheriff.

It was then 1:07 o'clock. On the scaffold were Woolfolk, Kersh, Riley, Cooper, Westcott and the ministers, Drs. Warren, Moorehouse and Brewton. As Woolfolk, relieved of the cuffs, faced the big crowd, Mr. Cooper said:

"Tom, have you anything to say?"

"I would like Mr. Warren to pray," he answered.

Dr. Warren offered a most fervent prayer, a prayer which went home to Woolfolk and visibly affected the crowd. It was short, three minutes being consumed.

During the prayer, Woolfolk had listened attentively, and, as the doctor sent up one petition after another, Woolfolk began to grow nervous.

When the prayer was finished Woolfolk turned his head the least bit until his eyes fell on Dr. Moorehouse, then he said, "Mr. Moorehouse, please pray."

A prayer sincere, touching and affecting went up. Like Dr. Warren's, it was for the reception of Woolfolk's soul in heaven. That prayer over, Woolfolk turned almost around in searching the platform, and when his eyes fell upon Dr. Brewster, he remarked: "Now, doctor, I want you to pray."

Dr. Brewster's prayer came from his lips in a way that touched the crowd. Reference was made to the crime charged, and a petition for forgiveness went up. As Dr. Brewster completed his prayer, Dr. Warren stepped to the front of the scaffold and said:

WOOLFOLK'S STATEMENT.

"Mr. Woolfolk has made a statement in writing, which he requests me to read and I will do so now."

Then Mr. Warren opened a single sheet of letter paper and read:

I, Thomas G. Woolfolk, realizing the existence of an infinite, wise and holy God, so as to meet Him, knowing all that I have ever done, and fully understanding that I must stand before the judgment bar of God, and that today, in a few hours, I shall be called into his presence, do solemnly declare my innocence, and I leave as my last declaration that I did not take the life of my father, or any member of his family, or have any knowledge of the person or persons who did the murderous deed. THOMAS G. WOOLFOLK.

The doctor read loud enough for all to hear him.

But the paper did not please the crowd.

The crowd wanted a confession, and that desire was shown by the half uttered groans.

As the paper was being read, Woolfolk began to show a twitching about the neck and hands. He would draw frequently long breaths, too. With the reading completed, Woolfolk became quiet, the nervous feeling disappeared.

"Have you anything more to say, Tom?" asked the sheriff.

"Nothing; only I'd like to pray myself."

"All right."

Every one stepped back except the sheriff, who remained beside Woolfolk. He closed his eyes, and raising his face toward the skies, began:

Oh, Thou Omnipotent Being who presides over all things, hear this my last prayer, my last petition to Thy throne of grace. Thou knowest the innermost thoughts of my heart. Thou knowest the sins I have committed, and for them I beg forgiveness. Oh, God, now have mercy on my soul, which I now entrust to Thy keeping. Make it pure and clean. God bless my sisters. Bless those who have gone before me. Forgive all those who have abused me, and accept my soul, for Jesus sake. Amen.

The prayer was audible to all who were within a hundred yards of the scaffold, and many a tear was seen. Woolfolk was calm throughout his appeal for heavenly mercy, but was deeply affected. It may have been sincerity. It may have been fear.

If it was fear, it was the first white feather he has shown. As he uttered one word after another, his voice became more and more tremulous until he ended the prayer. It lasted less than a minute.

UNDER THE NOOSE.

With the prayer over, Mr. Cooper led Woolfolk under the noose.

Then, with a white cotton rope, he began binding his arms. The rope with which he was to be hung was just in his face, and appeared to bother him.

"Please move that rope," said he to Westcott. "It is in my face."

The rope was pushed aside.

"Thank you," said he. There was something of that old merry ring in the tone.

For five minutes the sheriff and his deputies were binding him hand and feet. Then the sheriff intimated that he would like all to leave the gallows. Dr. Warren bade Woolfolk good-bye. There were tears in the doctor's eyes, but none in Woolfolk's. Then every one bade him a last good-bye and went down the steps.

Just then for a minute Woolfolk began to tremble about the knees. But it was for a minute only.

As if by a superhuman effort he braced up, and again became calm. As Mr. Cooper was making his knot secure, Woolfolk, in a quiet, easy tone, said:

"Mr. Cooper, after the doctors say I am dead, leave me hang four or five minutes. I want it certain that I am dead before I go in the ground."

Just then the last knot had been completed, and as the sheriff arose Woolfolk said:

"Tie me tight, Mr. Cooper. Don't make any mistake. I want it done right."

"I'll do my best, Tom." answered the sheriff.

"Now Tom," resumed Mr. Cooper, "I'll say good-bye."

"Good-bye, Mr. Cooper, and God bless you. I appreciate your position and sympathize with you in this work, but you have been kind to me, and I love you."

The black cap was raised, and as Woolfolk saw it, tears came to his eyes.

They were the first he had shown.

But he was cool—awfully cool.

It looked like brutality, almost.

As the cap was drawn over his face, the noose having been adjusted about his neck, Mr. Cooper said:

"Tom, does the rope choke you?"

"Well, not much. Go on."

There was no quiver whatever in his voice.

"Am I standing where you want me, Mr. Cooper?" he asked immediately after answering the question about the rope.

"Yes, Tom."

"Well, Mr. Cooper," and the voice came from behind the black cap evenly, "you have been kind to me and I want to part as friends."

"I have done all I could for you," said the sheriff.

DOWN HE GOES.

The crowd appeared to be growing impatient. Sheriff Cooper approached the lever, which sprung the fall. He quietly motioned those yet on the scaffold off the drop.

They all stepped back.

Mr. Cooper placed his hand on the lever and his muscles were cramping it when Woolfolk said, "Mr. Riley."

Instantly the sheriffs grip on the lever relaxed.

He turned to see what was wanted.

"What is it Tom," asked Deputy Riley, who was on the platform.

Every ear was bent to hear the answer.

An eternity almost elapsed. "Good-bye, Mr. Riley, that's all."

A second later Mr. Cooper closed upon the lever again.

A second he hesitated, and then as quick as a flash of lightning he jerked it towards him. There was a clatter of boards. The trap had sunk.

The rope was taut. Woolfolk was dangling in the air. That was at 1:31 o'clock.

Two minutes later Dr. Dan Howell, of Atlanta, Dr. Felder and Dr. Mann felt the pulse and heart.

THE MURDERER DEAD.

At eleven minutes his pulse was dead.

At seventeen minutes the chest moved, but the heart showed no animation.

The doctors discussed, and the body was left hanging until 2:11 o'clock. Then it was cut down.

At the foot of the scaffold was a handsome rosewood casket, and on it was a silver plate. "At Rest" was on the plate, and under that plate and in that coffin the dead man was placed.

The doctors say he died of strangulation, and not a broken neck.

Dr. Fleetwood, a friend of the family, took charge of the body and left with it at once for Hawkinsville. It will be buried there tomorrow.

When the body was cut down, the crowd quietly went away.

On the grounds to see the hanging were the two Howards and Dr. Jones. Dr. Jones's wife [illegible]

three gentlemen are convinced of Woolfolk's guilt, and wanted to see him hung. Across from them on the same ground were Mr. Cowan, Woolfolk's brother-in-law, and Mrs. Hackelford, a cousin.

"I am sure," they said, "that Tom is innocent. I'll never believe otherwise.

E. C. BRUFFEY.

THE STORY OF THE CRIME.

The bloodiest, blackest chapter in Georgia criminal history is the story of the heartless, heinous crime for which Woolfolk was hung.

It is a story told and retold until every detail is known to the world.

A story every reading of which causes the stoutest heart to quail.

A story the consequences of which have been a gallows, a public hanging, and ten souls ushered into eternity.

Four years ago one of the happiest, pleasantest homes in Georgia was the home of the Woolfolk family in Hazard district, Bibb county.

There for years and years Captain Richard H. Woolfolk had lived.

There Tom Woolfolk was born.

And there his father, his father's wife, and his sisters and brothers were massacred one night by him alone.

The horrible crime was committed on the night of August 7, 1887.

The next morning the nine dead bodies were found in the house, and that day the murderer was placed in jail.

Since then Woolfolk has had three trials, three convictions and three sentences of death.

On the evening of the murder Captain Woolfolk, his wife, and children and Mrs. Tempe West were at the Woolfolk mansion.

Tom Woolfolk was there, too

That night about 2 or 3 o'clock, negroes living upon the Woolfolk plantation were aroused by a commotion of some sort at the mansion. Some of these heard screams and cries, but in a few seconds silence was restored and no investigation was made. An hour or two later Tom Woolfolk awoke several of these negroes, saying:

"Come over to the house as quick as you can; some one broke in and everybody has been murdered."

Woolfolk then turned around and walked back to the mansion.

There Anderson James, Green Lockett and others found him a few minutes later. He was sitting under a big tree in the lawn in front of the house, and as the negroes came up, he said:

"Go and tell Mr. W. H. Smith and others what has been done."

"What's the matter, Mr. Tom?" asked one of the negroes.

"I don't know. Everybody in the house is dead, and I would have been killed, too, but I got away."

The negroes, horrified at the information, hurried away ta awaken the Woolfolk neighbors.

In a short time Mr. Smith arrived. Tom Woolfolk was sitting just where James and Lockett had left him. To Mr. Smith he repeated the story he had told the negroes, adding:

"I went into the house and found them all dead."

In a short time other neighbors arrived and then the party entered the house.

A ghastly, sickening sight was there to greet them in the gray dawn.

The party entered Captain Woolfolk's room first. On the bed lay Captain Woolfolk, next the wall, his features and limbs naturally composed, but with the whole corner of his head burst in and the brains scattered on the bed, floor and walls. He had been struck just over the left ear with the eye of an ax, in the left eye with the same part of the ax, and on the forehead in the same manner. He looked as if he never moved, even in the wild agony of the death struggle. On the same bed, with her form doubled up on that of her dead husband, lay Mrs. Mattie Woolfolk, his wife, with her long hair all dabbled in blood. She looked as though she had been stricken in the act of rising, and just fell dead on the body of the husband she sought to shield from the murderous blow. She had been stricken down with a single blow, that was delivered on the back of the head with the eye of the ax.

But the cruelest sight of all were the bodies of a young lady and a little babe lying dead by their parents, who loved them so fondly. Miss Pearl Woolfolk, a young girl of seventeen, had apparently been thrown across the bed after her poor young soul had taken its flight.

Indications point to the fact that she had run from her room opposite, across the hallway, and just at the door of her mother's room had encountered the bloody fiend who was dealing death with such a fatal hand. A large pool of blood on the floor in the hall and crimson spatterings on the wall told the tale. Her head, with its blood-matted crown of silken hair, rested on the bodies of her parents and her feet hung off the foot of the bed, almost touching the sea of blood that was rapidly coagulating on the floor of the large room. Her face bore a look of angelic serenity. She had been dealt one blow, crushing in the left ear; another crushing in the left eye; another on the left side of her face; another, slighter blow on the right side of her forehead and another still crushing in the back of the skull, all done with the poll of the ax.

By the side of its mutilated father and almost in the cold embrace of its poor dead mother lay little Mattie, a sweet little sucking babe of eighteen months, apparently sleeping sweetly. Just one wicked stroke with the blunt part of the ax seemed to release its cherub soul from the tender body. It was so pathetic to see its flaxen locks all matted in blood, and its little night clothes all stained to a dark crimson with the life blood of its parents, that men of iron soul were melted to tears.

On the floor near by lay Richard F. Woolfolk, jr., a young man just in the dawn of useful manhood, his face all cloven and distorted with the murderous blow of the assassin. He had apparently run from another room to his father's assistance, and was met with a blow from the eye of the fatal ax. This probably knocked him down, as it crushed in the skull over the right eye. Another blow on the back of his head crushed his skull, and two other blows, one over the right eye and another in the forehead.

Close by his side lay little Charlie Woolfolk, five years old, and to slay him the fiendish murderer resorted to the wicked blade of the terrible instrument, already soaking with blood. His skull was cloven deeply from the top, and to make his work sure, the murderer struck another blow with the poll of the ax on the little fellow's right temple. The bedding dripped with blood, the floor was a pool of gore; the walls were all bespattered with the same dark stains.

Across the hallway is another room, which was occupied by the girls. In there slept Miss Pearl, little Annie Rosebud, and Mrs. Tempe West. After the slaughter in the first room, the murderer entered the northwest room and there little Annie, aged ten, had been awakened by the noise and ran screaming with fear [illegible]

caped by the window. She was dealt a ruffianly blow behind the left ear, followed by others on the left temple and on the left side of the neck. There was a dark bruise on her back, probably caused by a blow intended to stun her and keep her from leaping out of the window. Her face was horribly distorted, as though she was in the act of screaming when stricken down.

On a bed adjoining lay little Rosebud, aged seven, as if she had never been awakened by the entrance of the fiend. A slight stroke on the shoulder showed where the fatal ax had glanced, and a terrible blow behind the left ear showed how well the weapon had done its work. Not content with robbing the cradle, the villain must needs rob the grave, and by the side of the little girl lay Mrs. Tempe West, eighty-four years old, with her withered features distorted by two ugly wounds, one behind the left ear and the other in the left temple. All these were dealt with the poll of the ax and the wounds were most horrid. From all appearances, neither the old lady nor the little girl with her ever knew what struck them.

Words are inadequate to paint the picture as those with Tom Woolfolk, the only living member of the family, saw it that morning.

And among them all Woolfolk was by far the coolest.

TOM WOOLFOLK ARRESTED.

The Crowd Begins to Suspect Him, and He Is Hurried Away.

Intelligence of the fearful tragedy spread rapidly, and almost before the party had completed its tour of investigation a large crowd had gathered at the mansion.

Messengers were sent to Macon for the coroner and the sheriff.

The enormity of the crime caused the information to quickly permeate every quarter of the Central City, and quite a number of people followed the officers to the Woolfolk home.

There they were met by people for miles around.

These had been coming all morning, and among these were many life-long friends of Captain Woolfolk.

These old friends of the butchered man were loath to let his death go unavenged and began a careful investigation of the case.

The more the investigation was prosecuted by them, the more perplexing and mysterious the wholesale butchery seemed.

But as the mystery increased a suspicion came.

That suspicion fell upon Tom Woolfolk, the son of the murdered man.

At first it was a mere shadow, hardly tangible.

But as the planters followed the investigation the suspicion grew until the suspected man was placed under close surveilliance.

Woolfolk's conduct had no little to do with causing the suspicion.

Throughout the morning he was cold, showing no feeling whatever.

To all questions he gave the same unfeeling responses, and led every one to believe that he was either heartless or the slayer of his people.

The latter appeared more probable as the day advanced.

When the sheriff and coroner arrived they immediately took charge of the place. A jury of inquest was at once organized and an inquiry was begun. It was as searching a piece of work as Coroner Hodnett ever did. The negroes told the story as it came to them from Tom Woolfolk, and then heard what the planters who were early upon the scene had to say. Then Woolfolk was brought before the jury, and when taken into the room where the father, mother and four children lay, he pointed nonchalantly to the dead bodies, describing the position they were in when he came and felt of them. There was not a quiver in his voice, as he spoke of lifting his mother and sister on to the bed. In the jury room he broke down once or twice, but finally became self-possessed, and reiterated the story of the murder as told to the witnesses. He first said he heard no outcry, but afterwards said he heard the children crying as he ran off. He told how he had returned alone, and felt of the bodies to see if they were dead, and how he afterwards went out and washed the blood off his face, feet and hands, where he had got it handling the bodies. He had evidently studied his part well, as he repeated the statements by rote like a schoolboy saying his lesson. He told how they had retired about 9 o'clock and he had washed and shaved. When allusions were made to the blood found in the rim of his ear he tried to explain it, but used the significant expression:

"How could I miss it, when blood was spattering everywhere?"

He was stripped and the faint outline of a bloody hand was discovered on his thigh. He said he probably got that when he changed his clothes. A small vial was found in the room two-thirds full of a reddish liquid, and after much questioning, he acknowledged that it was tincture of cantharides, which had been purchased by some fellows with whom he was frolicking, and thus it came into his possession. Attention was called to some dark stains on the floor of the room he occupied, which had been partially scoured out with soap and water. He said he had turned over a cup of salts on the floor on Thursday night. Tom said that he did not think there was anything in the house to tempt robbery and his father had no enemies. The lamp was burning when he went to bed, but extinguished when he returned to the house after the murder.

Mr. Smith, who was the first white man to reach the Woolfolk house, said that when the boys from Lockett's awoke him, at about 2:30 o'clock, he came immediately and found Tom Woolfolk at Green Lockett's, two or three hundred yards from the Woolfolk house. Tom seemed cool and collected, and said that somebody had killed the whole family. He and Tom went on to the house, and Tom walked right on in. After a few minutes he came out on the piazza and asked for a match, as he could find none inside, and the lamp was out. He went in and staid a few minutes and again came out, Mr. Smith remaining outside. Smith asked him how he knew they were dead, and Tom replied that he had been around and felt of them. He said he had laid his mother and sister on the bed, having found them on the floor. His only explanation was that he heard the blow that killed his father; heard his brother Richard, who, with the younger brother, Charlie, was sleeping in the same room with Tom, ran into his father's room, and Tom heard him struck down. Then he jumped from the window and escaped.

The jury was not long in making a verdict charging Tom Woolfolk with the wholesale murder.

The big crowd present was not as patient as the jury, and long before the official investigation ended there were mutterings against Woolfolk.

Nearly everybody believed that Woolfolk was guilty.

And that he should be hung without judge or jury.

These mutterings reached Sheriff's West-

cott's ears, and assisted by a few reliable friends, he quietly spirited the suspected man away.

Woolfolk went without a murmur.

In fact, he seemed to grow easier as the distance between Sheriff Westcott's buggy and the nine dead bodies increased.

Soon after the sheriff drove away with his prisoner a bloody shirt was drawn from a well by a party of searchers.

This shirt was at once identified as the property of Tom Woolfolk.

The discovery made the angry crowd wild, and a rush was made for the room in which the suspected man had been held.

But he was gone.

This made the crowd angrier than ever.

Then at the same instant almost, the jury, without knowing of the bloody shirt discovery, returned its verdict.

But Woolfolk was then at a safe distance, and in the hands of one of the bravest, best and most prudent sheriffs Georgia ever produced—a man in whom a prisoner can always feel safety. Westcott realized the danger Woolfolk was in, and never drew an easy breath until the boy was safely housed in the the Bibb county jail.

Maybe it would have been better for Woolfolk and the state, too, to have had an indifferent sheriff in Bibb county.

Then everything would have been over three years ago.

WAS THERE ANOTHER CRIME?

Indications That Woolfolk Murdered the Family to Hide Another Crime.

The jury of inquest, during the hard and faithful work it did, found in Tom Woolfolk's room a vial of tincture of cantharides.

This suggested a feature of the crime never before thought of.

Physicians were present, but for some reason they were not asked to demonstrate the correctness of the suspicion the vial aroused.

Woolfolk was a licentious creature, and there are today those who believe that he designed an assault upon his sister, Miss Pearl Woolfolk, and that she escaped him, giving the alarm.

Then to hide that crime he grabbed the ax and slaughtered the whole family.

This theory of the case was never closely investigated for obvious reasons.

And for the sake of the name it may be well that it was not.

WOOLFOLK BROUGHT TO ATLANTA.

The People of Macon Fear the Mob and the Prisoner Is Removed.

Woolfolk seemed more at ease when the Bibb county jail doors closed upon him than while he was in the open air.

But the people of Macon had not forgotten the Jerry Moore lynching and were uneasy.

So it was decided to move Woolfolk to Atlanta.

That night he was spirited away from the jail by Birdsong, Westcott's faithful deputy, and put on the Central train for Atlanta. Just before he left the jail he gave his first statement to the public in an interview with Mr. P. J. Moran, of THE CONSTITUTION, saying:

"Two hours before day I heard father holler. That woke me up. It also woke my brother Richard, who was sleeping in the room with me. Richard ran in the room where my father was. He was knocked down as soon as he entered the room. The window was up at my bed, and, being frightened, I ran off down to a negro house about 300 yards, to get help. I sent immediately for my neighbors to come over. I stayed about half an hour waiting for them. I could not realize that my parents were killed.

"Being impatient waiting for help, I went back to the house by myself to see really if they were all killed sure enough. I first entered my father's room. Finding my brother Richard lying on the floor I felt of him and found that he was dead, and my sister Pearly also lying on her back on my father's bed. She slept in an opposite room.

"My father was lying in his usual position with his head on the pillow. My mother was lying with her face downward across the bed, with her head on the floor. I raised her up, put her upon the bed with the balance, leaving the little infant eighteen months old, knocked in the head, in the same bed. I also found my little brother Charlie lying on the floor in the same room dead.

"It seems as if they all ran in, and hearing the noise in the room where my father was, were knocked in the head. As soon as entering, I suppose, I found the light out and blood was lying in great floods on the floor, which I had to wade through. I then went into the opposite room, where my smaller sisters and Mrs. West slept, finding them dead also, and with blood lying in pools all over the floor.

'I then went back and met Mr. Smith, my nearest neighbor, who had come over. I sent negroes in all parts of the neighborhood, for them to come over to my aid. As Mr. Smith and I reached the house, I, having blood all over my hands and feet, got a pan of water and washed the blood off as best I could.

"Others come up got there just before day. Taking a light they went into the house. They saw my tracks where I had been in to see my parents. They asked me whose tracks they were. I told them that they were mine, because I had stepped in the blood as I went in.

"Whoever did the killing certainly must have left the room before the blood had time to run over the floor, as I could see no other tracks except mine. Then they suspicioned me of killing father and mother and sisters and brothers on that account, though I did not do the killing. I was always friendly with my stepmother and the rest of the family. My father was a good Christian man, and had no enemies."

Jailer Birdsong chose a second-class car for himself and prisoner, and when the train started the midnight ride began. Woolfolk showed no desire one way or the other to stay or leave the city. He was apparently perfectly indifferent. Now and then, during the ride, Woolfolk would make some remark to Jailer Birdsong. These remarks were unimportant observations bearing upon different topics.

Woolfolk remained quietly in his seat, and for some time rested his head on the back of the seat, and closed his eyes. He did not sleep, however. Once he referred to the awful crime, and Jailer Birdsong says that he remarked in a half indifferent manner:

"WELL, NINE OF THEM ARE GONE, AND THE TENTH WILL SOON GO, I RECKON."

Just what he meant by that remark no one knows, but the inference drawn by those who heard it was that the statement was a half confession of his complicity in the matter.

AN UNEVENTFUL RIDE.

The ride was devoid of all incident, save the one related above. There were but few passengers on the train, and Woolfolk was not the object of very much curiosity. Jailer Birdsong and his prisoner reached the city at 7:15 o'clock a. m., and immediately proceeded to the jail, where Woolfolk was turned over to the Fulton county authorities.

NINE HEARSES IN LINE.

The Longest and Saddest Funeral Procession Ever Seen.

Wherever a coroner is needed an undertaker is required, so close upon Hodnett's heels came the funeral director.

And that was J. J. Clay, of Macon—the only man in Georgia who has had nine hearses in line.

When Undertaker Clay reached the Woolfolk mansion he found it a death chamber—a veritable morgue.

The bodies had not been touched, and everything was turned over to the undertaker.

Than Clay no man is better in his line.

In a short time the bodies were prepared for the grave and placed in the coffins. Then the old friends of the family were given a last chance to look upon the dead, so cruelly and brutally murdered. As the old friends entered the mansion they were asked:

"Do you want to see the dead people?"

"Yes," was the response.

The door was thrown open and the death chamber was entered.

Three large black coffins rested on stools in one end of the room, while six white coffins were placed in a row on the other side. Their very number removed all sense of solemnity. One coffin, or two, would have suggested death, but nine coffins, of assorted sizes, could not fail to suggest an undertaker's establishment.

A look through the open fronts showed that the coffins had inmates, but here again solemnity was removed for the same cause. There were too many bodies for the ordinary idea of death, and one could not help thinking of a wax figure show. As one passed between the coffins, he could not bring himself to realize that death was here. There was so much of it that all idea of death was effectually banished.

And yet, here lay the victims of the bloodiest tragedy in the annals of crime. In the first coffin was laid Mrs. Temperance West. She had been but a visitor of a couple of days, but such a long visit has it become that she will never make another. For eighty-four years she had walked her steady way. In her time she had been a belle, then a fond young wife, a mother, a grandmother. She had soothed dying pillows and given comfort to aching hearts. As she ascended the scale of years and then began to descend again, her silvered hairs became a glory to those who had grown up around her. Four-score years had vouchsafed her, and yet four more, and she walked among her kinspeople a welcome guest. Thus it was that she had traveled to see her niece, Mrs. Woolfolk.

And because of this visit she sleeps tonight in Rosehill!

In the second coffin reposed the stalwart form of Captain Woolfolk. A strong face, well covered with dark whiskers, broad shoulders and powerful frame, he was such a one as would be a tower of strength not only to his family, but to his community. His lips were closed, his eyes were shut, his hands clasped. His work was done.

By him reposed the body of his wife. The face was not pretty, but it was strong and dutiful; such a face as one might look for in a woman who had assumed control of another woman's children, only to receive in return for her pains and self-sacrifice reproaches and ingratitude. But she had fought the fight of duty; if her work is not graven in the hearts of those for whom it was performed, it is at least recorded in the Great Book wherein the Almighty notes the names of those who serve Him. Her lips were closed in determination; her hands, as they laid crossed were large, and showed that they had not been afraid of work. They had toiled and toiled wearily for the very wretch whose bloody ax crushed in her brain. Smiles wreathed the faces of the children, but the hard lines of duty had made the mother's face plain.

Then a look was taken at the row of white coffins. There lay the six children, from eighteen months to twenty years, and a prettier family group was never seen. Miss Pearl, robed in immaculate white, was the picture of youth and beauty. Her eyes were gently closed as if in sleep; her lips were pliant and almost seemed ready to speak.

"There is a girl," said a broad-shouldered countryman, "for whom any man should have been willing to die; of whom any brother might well be proud; and yet she was slain by a brother's hand."

Little Annie, who was chopped in the back of the head as she attempted to escape, was placed upon her side, in order to hide her disfiguring wound. She looked as if she had just turned over to go to sleep, and her golden ringlets fell carelessly down her shoulders. Upon Rosebud's luscious red lips there played such a smile as would tempt any woman's embrace.

But it was the little baby's face which received most attention.

It was named for its mother—Mattie.

Attempt to describe it?

Every happy house has had just such a baby; every fond mother has pressed such a one to her yearning heart.

Who can describe the soft blue eyes, the lips of velvet touch, the outheld hands?

It was "mother's baby" which lay there, and through whose brain the ax had cleaved!

After the friends had looked upon the dead, Mr. Clay closed the coffins and began moving the bodies to the hearses.

Major Ben Howard, the father of Mrs. Woolfolk and the grandfather of the children, was present as chief mourner. He sat upon the front porch and watched the coffins as they were taken out. His head was bowed, and he leaned heavily on his stick. The last coffin was taken out, and the old man was gently told that all was over. He arose slowly and with difficulty. He looked out into the grove, where stood the seven hearses containing his beloved dead. Slowly turning around, he looked into the open hallway. All was empty. Not an inmate survived to see the others off. Bleak, and bare, and desolate!

"Farewell! farewell!" he cried out. His whole frame quivered, and he would have fallen had not strong arms held him up and led him down the steps. No sooner had they stepped off than the six steps fell with a crash, rendering it impossible to get back into the house.

"What a strange fatality!" was the significant remark of Mr. Clay.

The procession moved off slowly, leaving behind it the deserted house.

The Journey to the Grave.

The air was fresh and cool, and the road along which the funeral procession sought its way to the grave, was along a road which led through delightful stretches of cultivated lands and forests. The work of getting nine bodies ready for burial under such circumstances was phenomenal. Every arrangement was carried out as planned, and not a hitch occurred at any time. As the procession progressed hundreds of people congregated at the cross-roads and stood awe-stricken as hearse after hearse passed by with its freight of dead.

In Macon the streets were thronged with saddened thousands who gazed upon the long procession.

First came the one containing Captain Woolfolk.

Then the one bearing Mrs. Woolfolk.

Then Richard Woolfolk, Jr., aged twenty years.

Then Miss Pearl Woolfolk, aged seventeen years.

Then Miss Annie Woolfolk, aged ten years.

Then Miss Rose Woolfolk, aged seven years.

Then Charles Woolfolk, aged five years.

Then Mattie Woolfolk, aged eighteen months.

Then Mrs. Tempe West, aged eighty-four years.

The first three hearses were a somber black.

The next five were white.

And the last was a black.

Through the city the long cortege wended its way to Rose Hill cemetery—that beautiful home for Macon's dead. When the hearses reached the yard the vaults were not all ready, so the coffins were laid out in a group under a tree. The thousands of people looked down from the hills with a shudder as one after another was taken out and laid down. The crowds surged in upon the enclosure. Rev. I. R. Branham took his stand in the midst of the coffins. He said he stood verily in the midst of death. He recognized the excitement which prevailed, and called upon all to invoke calm by joining in prayer. His prayer was a beautiful appeal to God to send comfort to the stricken hearts here today.

"But," said he, "while we pray for them we must not forget him who is in prison. Prepare him, O God, for whatever destiny may be his; turn his heart aright, that he may yet come unto thee."

For his text he took from Matthew 25, the passage:

"Be ye also ready,"

And preached therefrom a sermon which called upon all to answer the question.

He turned aside from his text, however, to make a statement which will command public attention.

"A solemn duty rests upon us," he said, "to see to it that the law is executed. This is our only hope. There are too many loopholes for the escape of criminals. An attorney once advised his client: 'Just score one point of law and kill your man.' The persistence of attorneys makes human life cheap in value."

Just at this juncture a figure robed in deepest black made its way through the surging crowd.

Everybody as by intention gave way to it.

"Oh, let me see my father and mother! Let me to them! Do let me near them!" screamed the lady.

These exclamations interrupted the remarks of Dr. Branham. A figure in black made its way through the surging crowd. It was Mrs. Edwards, the daughter of Captain Woolfolk, and the full sister of the prisoner. She had been in Athens and was unable to reach the spot sooner. In view of Tom Woolfolk's hatred of his stepmother the exclamations of grief for her by his sister were listened to with interest.

"I couldn't get here sooner," she said, as she reached the coffins. "My father, my mother! O God, can you not let me see them just once, just once!"

Her face was hidden behind her handkerchief. As she withdrew it her eyes fell upon the little white coffins.

"And my poor mother's little babies, are they, too, dead? Father, mother, brothers, sisters, how can I stand this!"

The lady then fell into convulsive weeping, and was gently led away by friends, who tried to soothe her grief. There was not a dry eye in that vast audience; there was not a heart which did not go out in sympathy toward the weeping woman whose relationships made the trial so much the harder for her. It was plain that she loved her mother and cherished her mother's "little babies."

The coffins were committed to mother earth; the crowds melted away; relatives lingered lovingly and then departed, leaving the dead to God and the living to judgment.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Georgia.

WASHINGTON, October 29.—Indications for tomorrow: Cooler, northwesterly winds, fair weather.

SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. A.
ATLANTA, GA., October 29.

All observations taken at the same moment of actual time at each place.

Observation taken at 8 p. m. 75th meridian time.

STATIONS.	Barom'r.	Therm'r.	Dew Point	WIND. Direc	WIND. Veloc	Rainfall.	Weather.
Meridian	29.98	58	50	0	0	.00	Cloudless
Pensacola	29.82	66	58	NW	6	.00	Cloudless
Mobile	29.86	68	54	NW	8	.00	Cloudless
Montgomery	29.80	62	42	W	4	.00	Cloudless
New Orleans	29.88	70	54	NW	8	.00	Cloudless
Galveston	29.94	72	66	NW	8	.00	Cloudless
Palestine	29.92	76	52	NW	4	.00	Cloudless
Corpus Christi	29.96	70	62	SW	8	.00	Cloudless
Brownsville	30.00	72	62	SE	6	.00	Cloudless
Rio Grande City	30.04	74	60	0	0	.00	Cloudless
Port Eads	29.86	70	64	SW	24	.00	Cloudless

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

(Local Time.) TIME OF OBSERVATION.							
7 a m	29.67	50	42	SW	12	.00	PtCloudy
7 p m	29.80	54	34	NW	15	.00	Cloudless
Maximum Thermometer							67
Minimum Thermometer							48
Total Rainfall							.00

COTTON BELT BULLETIN.

Observation taken at 6 p. m. 75th meridian time.

ATLANTA DISTRICT.	Maximum Temperature	Minimum Temperature	Rainfall.
Atlanta	67	48	.00
Cartersville	68	42	.00
Columbus	68	42	.00
Chattanooga	66	52	.00
Gainesville	*	*	*
Greenville	68	46	.00
Griffin	70	50	.00
Macon	*	*	*
Newnan	66	42	.00
Spartanburg	72	46	.00
Toccoa	66	46	.00
West Point	70	50	.00

*Missing.

J. W. BYRAM, Observer.

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, causing distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, loss of appetite, a faint, "all gone" feeling, bad taste, coated tongue, and irregularity of the bowels. Dyspepsia does not get well of itself. It requires careful attention, and a remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acts gently, yet efficiently. It tones the stomach, regulates the digestion, creates a good appetite, banishes headache, and refreshes the mind.

Distress After Eating

Sick Headache

"I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed me, or did me little good. After eating I would have a faint or tired, all-gone feeling, as though I had not eaten anything. My trouble was aggravated by my business, painting. Last spring I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, which did me an immense amount of good. It gave me an appetite, and my food relished and satisfied the craving I had previously experienced." GEORGE A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

Heart-burn

Sour Stomach

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively Cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER, &c. They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipation and Piles. The smallest and easiest to take. Only one pill a dose. Purely vegetable. Price 25 cents.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., Prop'rs, New York.

ESTABLISHED 100 YEARS.
15 INTERNATIONAL AWARDS.
PEARS' SOAP
The Purest, Most Economical and best of ALL SOAPS.
OF ALL DRUGGISTS. BUT BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

KING OF COCOAS—"ROYAL COCOA FACTORY."

Kings are but men, but all men are not kings. Therefore, when the *King of Holland* says, as he did by deed of August 12, 1889, that he is greatly pleased with

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA,

"BEST & GOES FARTHEST,"

and, entirely unsolicited, grants the manufacturers the sole right of styling their works the Royal Cocoa Factory, a significance attaches to the act which would not were he not "every inch a king."

ELY'S CREAM BALM FOR CATARRH
THE POSITIVE CURE
APPLY BALM INTO EACH NOSTRIL. ALL DRUGGISTS, 50 cts.
THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAYFEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE
ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c



THERE WERE THREE LITTLE HOUSEWIVES OF DEE
WHO ALL MADE UP THEIR MINDS RIGID-LEE
THAT THEY'D NEVER COOK MORE
IF A WIRE GAUZE DOOR
WAS NOT PUT ON THEIR OVENS QUICK-LEE!

—And their cooking was perfect afterward—

IF YOU WANT THE BEST
Buy the CHARTER OAK,

Made only by *Excelsior Manufacturing Co., St. Louis, Mo.* Sold by
HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH, Agents, Atlanta, Ga.

THE PLYMOUTH ROCK "IDEA"

From New York World, July 10, 1890.

PANTS TO ORDER $3.00 TO $8.25

—The production of clothing for men appears at present in this country to be divided into three distinct trades—the ready-made—the regular merchant tailor—and what is known in the trade as the "Plymouth Rock" idea, so named from its originators, the famous Plymouth Rock Pants Company of Boston—that is the cutting of clothes to each individual's measures but made in such quantities as to reduce the price to ready-made basis. This is the latest and perhaps most popular plan, opening as it does to the masses the luxury of clothing cut to order at ready-made prices.

This is the result of

SUITS TO ORDER $13.25 TO $35.00

Branch Store of Plymouth Rock Pants Co.,
39 WHITEHALL STREET ATLANTA, GA.
5-6-dtf sat tues thur nrm

BEECHAM'S PILLS

PAINLESS. EFFECTUAL.
WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For BILIOUS & NERVOUS DISORDERS SUCH AS
Sick Headache, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Disordered Liver, etc.,
ACTING LIKE MAGIC on the vital organs, strengthening the muscular system, and arousing with the rosebud of health
The Whole Physical Energy of the Human Frame.
Beecham's Pills, taken as directed, will quickly RESTORE FEMALES to complete health.
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Electro-Galvanic REGENERATOR

is something absolutely new in medicine, a perfect little wonder, performing cures in the most obstinate cases of Lost or Failing Power, Nervous Debility, Atrophy of the parts, etc., without trouble or attention on the part of the person using it. It is so plain and simple in its construction that anyone can apply it. Its effects are almost instantaneous, and the good results go on increasing from day to day.

REAPERS ARE NOT POSSIBLE because it retains its power for years, and anyone feeling the slightest weakness can at once apply it and quickly cut short any evil tendency and restore the parts to full health and strength.

IN LOST OR FAILING POWER For men, who feel that their virile strength is decreasing, this electrical marvel is unequaled. Reaching, as it does, the very fountain of manly vigor, it soon restores the local nerves and muscles to full power. No matter how many times you may have failed heretofore, you may employ this little instrument with the certainty of success.

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IN BLADDER DISEASES Persons having Inflammation of the Bladder, Painful Urination, Gravel, Enlarged Prostate Gland, and like Disorders, should never give up hope until they have tested the Regenerator. Its action in such complaints is marvelous, as the many testimonials in our possession very plainly show.

VARICOCELE cured easily and painlessly by our new method.

IN HEADACHES, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, RHEUMATISM, and all painful Nervous Affections, the gentle current which flows from the Regenerator is truly a natural remedy. It is easily applied to any affected part, and its results are almost instantaneous.

THE REGENERATOR RECOMMENDS ITSELF! We depend for the extension of our business upon the recommendations of grateful and pleased patients who have used the Regenerator and are willing to acknowledge its merits. SEND $2 and get one of these little Medical Marvels, and if it is not exactly as represented, you can have your money back, for we can always find plenty of customers. MEN OTHERWISE SOUND who find their power lost or declining, will find in this appliance a most useful and worthy little instrument, and it will prove of the greatest value to all who are weak, nervous or debilitated. We number among our patrons and patients Doctors, Lawyers, Judges, Congressmen, Clergymen, Bankers and Merchants. SENT POST-PAID, SECURELY SEALED, UPON RECEIPT OF PRICE, $2. Full Descriptive Circular FREE on application.

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The Atlanta Manufacturing Co. (successors to the Atlanta Show Case Co.) have moved their factory and office to Nos. 6, 8, 10 and 12 Courtland street, the place recently occupied by J. C. Peek & Son, and are now prepared to do all kinds of wood work. The company will make Show Cases, Desks, Counters and Bank Fixtures, and Interior House Finishings of every description. The services of Mr. S. H. Dodge, long connected with the Wason Manufacturing company, of Springfield, Mass., have been secured. The company intends doing specially Office and Bank Fixtures and Interior House Work, and guarantees, unconditionally, that all work will be done as well as it can be done anywhere. We refer, without permission, to R. G. Dunn & Co., Southern Banking and Trust company, and United Underwriters' Insurance company, all of this city, and for all of who[m] we have done [illegible]

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SCOTT & LIEBMAN, REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

20 Peachtree St. Telephone 1075.

$6,000—an elegant 8-r house, all modern improvements, excellent lot, stable and carriage houses, Forsyth st. High, level and beautiful.

$1,200 for a 3-r house, lot 40x100, on Love st.

$1,100 gets a nice 4-r house, lot 50x100, on Hampton st.

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$3,000 for a 6-r house on corner lot 48x153 to an alley. A beautiful home, in eastern portion of city.

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$1,250 for a corner lot 108x155, on Randolph st.

$1,300 for a cozy 3-r house, on corner lot 111x100, on Hampton st. Electric car passes door.

$900 for 25x100, on Hampton st., near Emmett.

$950 for two lovely lots, 50x100 each, on Waterhouse st.

$350 for 44x100, on South avenue. Easy terms.

$3,500 for a large lot, on Whitehall st.

$400 for 50x107, on Gardner st. Terms easy.

$1,000 for two lots, on Rasbury lane. Terms can be made.

$1,500 for 50x96, to 8 ft. alley, on Gilmer st. Corner lot.

$7,250 for 315x272, on North avenue, to a 10-ft. alley; land surrounded by three streets; twelve lots can be made easily of this property.

$1,500 for 50x200, on Boulevard. A beauty.

We have a great many places that we can sell on the installment plan. Parties can pay small amount cash, and from $10 to $25 per month.

People with small or large means call to see us. We can interest you.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN, 20 Peachtree street.

B. S. DRAKE, D. W. OWEN. W. A. SPRAGUE

B. S. DRAKE & CO.,

Real Estate Bargains,

No. 5 West Alabama Street.

We call your attention to what we consider one of the best investments, on a small scale, now on the market. If you have $3,000 to invest, come and see us, we can give you a genuine bargain, consisting of ten lots especially suited for renting purposes, of improved, with 8 from two to five minutes' walk of eight hundred employes, all making good salaries. The electric car to Edgewood within three minutes' walk, and the nine-miles circle within 300 feet of this genuine bargain. The East Atlanta Land Company, Copenhill Land Company, as well as Inman park surrounds us. If you are awake for a good investment don't miss this.

$2000—FOR JOHNSON AVENUE LOT, 50x200 feet, to Twenty-first street, with a nice home. Such bargains are few and far between; near the Boulevard.

$2,700—Buys 3 4-room cottages, all new, on Magnolia street. Buy these for an investment—they are cheap.

$750—Lot 50x100, Alexander street, near Williams.

$7,000—Lot 50x190, Peachtree street; lies well and close in.

$600—Mills street, 50x100, near Williams.

$2,750—Holderness street, West End, 60x220, six rooms and barn.

$1,000—Stonewall street, 67x100. Convenient street-car and school.

$3,000—Ellis, corner Calhoun, 75x100, 7 rooms, gas and water.

$350—Garden street, next to corner South street, 41x103, cheap.

$225 per acre—33 acres on South Boulevard street, near Piedmont Exposition grounds. Money here, don't delay.

Wanted—All who have property for sale or rent, to place their interest with us. We deal on the square with both buyer and seller.

B. S. DRAKE & CO.,
5 West Alabama St.

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Cigars, Tobaccos, Snuff, Wines and Liquors CIDER, ALE, PORTER, BEER, DEMIJOHNS FLASKS, CORKS AND OTHER GOODS BELONGING TO THE WINE AND SPIRIT TRADE.

Fine Wines, Whiskies and Brandies a specialty in this line. Also Guns, Pistols, Cartridges and other Ammunitions. Red Clover, Alsike, Orchard, Herds and Timothy Grass Seeds; also Kuta Baga, Seven Top, Purple Top, Flat Dutch, White and Yellow Globe, Mangold, Cow Horn, German, Sweet and other brands of Turnip Seed. German Kale and other Fall, Field and Garden Seeds. Fresh and Genuine, and true to name. Empty barrels, half barrels and kegs and a variety of other goods. Prices reasonable TERMS CASH. Also some few fruit jars, extra tops and rubbers on hand.

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ATLANTA PRINTING INK WORKS
330 to 336 Wheat St.,
ATLANTA GA.

A DOUBLE COTTON BAGGING WEDDING.

ALLIANCE LEADERS WILL SPEAK TODAY.

THE BEST DAY OF THE EXPOSITION, BY ALL ODDS.

PIEDMONT EXPOSITION AT ITS ZENITH.

ATLANTA OVERFLOWING WITH FOLKS

Alliance Days Are the Greatest Days of All.

COTTON BAGGING WEDDINGS TODAY.

Great Speeches Yesterday Followed by Others Today.

A SEASON OF GAYETY IN ATLANTA.

A big programme.
Wild West, 11 o'clock.
Great alliance speeches, 12:30 o'clock.
Cotton bagging weddings, 1:30 o'clock.
Balloons go up, 1:45 o'clock.
Trotting dog against trotting horse, 2 o'clock.
Running races, 3 o'clock.
Wild West again, 6:30 o'clock.
Fireworks, 7:30 o'clock.

Never were there so many farmers in Atlanta as were seen here yesterday.

The city was crowded, but her latch string ever dangles easy on the outside and the people were at home here.

And still they come.

The trains that came in last night on the various railroads brought hundreds of people who have come to join those already here to revel in the gay pleasure offered in the closing days of Piedmont exposition.

It is a brilliant programme put out for today on the grounds.

The double alliance wedding to take place at 1:30 o'clock will be the greatest feature, and thousands will be in the grand stand to see the two souls made happy.

In the weddings today the brides and bridegrooms are as follows:

Mr. F. M. Lacy, of Kennesaw, Ga., who will wed Miss Annie Kirk, of Cobb county; and Mr. Bryant, of Ben Hill, Ga., who is to marry Mrs. Barrer, of Atlanta.

Both couples will be married by Dr. J. B. Hawthorne, of the First Baptist church.

Let everybody go to their wedding.

Speeches from the greatest alliancemen in America will be heard today, and no farmer in the south who can possibly be present to hear them should remain at home.

The speeches will take place promptly at 12:30 o'clock, and in the following order:

Dr. Macune, first.
Dr. Stokes, of South Carolina, second.
Colonel Rodgers, of Florida, third.
Colonel L. L. Polk, fourth.

And them will come the cotton bagging weddings.

There will be, also, the grandest programme of amusements before the grand stand today ever seen yet.

The programme will go right through without a single flaw or the slightest drag. Something will go on all the time until 9 o'clock tonight.

The first thing this morning will be the colt races at 10 o'clock, and from that time on there will not be a pause in the day's merriment.

Let the schools and stores all be closed today in compliance with the directors' request, and let everybody in Atlanta be given a chance to see the great exposition before it is over.

Be sure to go out today!

Yesterday was the greatest day the exposition has yet had.

It was Alliance Day, and the crowds began pouring into the city early in the morning and continued to come all day.

Every train that came to Atlanta was packed with people from every part of the south. They came from every state around Georgia, and represented every branch of industry and trade.

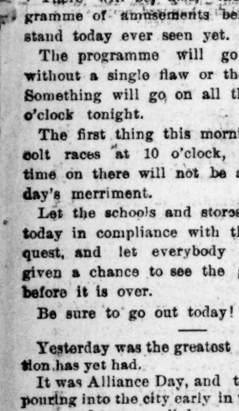
The farmers were in the majority, however, and they took complete posession of Atlanta and her great exposition.

All of the trains from the city to the exposition grounds were loaded from the start yesterday morning, and by 9 o'clock the Richmond and Danville suburban trains alone had carried more than 6,000 people to the grounds. But that was only the beginning.

At 11:30 o'clock the programme of the day began with the Wild West show, amid loud applause from a crowded grand stand.

The cowboys and Indians were in their best humor, and gave a splendid performance.

There were many features of the show that called out tumultuous cheers from the thousands of spectators, and during the thrilling scenes of realistic life in the far west, many a matronly lady sat breathless with alarm, while the young folks went wild with excitement and cow-



MR. EDGAR FULLER.

It is a show that never fails to carry the crowds with it. When the Wild West show was over, the cattle show began.

This was superior to anything of the kind ever before seen in the south.

The cattle displayed came from every famous stock farm in the west and south, and there were in line some very fine representatives of the jersey, short horn and other farms.

Premiums on the different cattle will be awarded today by the judges of this department.

When the handsome short horns and beautiful Jerseys were led out and drawn up in a line before the grand stand yesterday, the people gave full expression to their admiration of the excellence of this department of the exposition.

At 1 o'clock the carriages bearing the distinguished alliancemen from other states, chosen speakers of the day, entered the grounds, and were driven in line down the track fronting the grand stand to the speakers' platform.

committee on entertainment from the exposition company, who had met them at the parlors of the Kimball house, and accompanied them in a drive over the principal part of the city.

In the first carriage were Colonel W. C. Polk, president of the National Farmers' Alliance, Mrs. Harper, Colonel Pat Calhoun and Colonel F. Livingston.

The second carriage brought Hon. William Hess of Illinois, Hon. W. R. Tillman, of Tennessee; Mrs. E. R. Davidson and Mr. Jack Spalding.



MISS PEARL GEORGE.

In the third were Mrs. Harry Brown, Colonel Emmet Womack and Dr. Spalding.

In the fourth: Colonel Gorman, Dr. Stokes, president of the South Carolina alliance and Colonel Donaldson, of South Carolina.

The fifth carriage brought Captain Harry Brown and Dr. Stone.

The sixth carriage contained Captain Hugh Colquitt, Dr. Macune, Misses Carrie and Lonnie Polk, daughters of Colonel Polk.

All of these were given places on the speakers' platform, and remained there to hear the speeches and witness the alliance weddings.

THE ALLIANCE WEDDINGS.

Orange Blossoms and Cotton Bolls Twined in a Beauteous Wreath.

Pretty, blushing brides of sixteen summers.

Stalwart, handsome bridegrooms just entering upon the bloom and vigor of young manhood.

Costumes of pure white, caught from the autumn fields of cotton.

Under such circumstances and amid such surroundings, Mr. Edgar Fuller and Miss Pearl George, Mr. George Stovall and Miss Autnett Petty were joined in the bans of matrimony yesterday.

The joyous couples were met in the music store of Phillips & Crew yesterday at 1 o'clock by a committee from the exposition company, composed of Messrs. H. H. Cabaniss, James English, Jr., J. W. Grant and B. B. Crew.

Carriages awaited the party at the door and the couples were soon escorted to them to be driven to the grounds.

In the first carriage were Mr. Edgar Fuller and Miss Pearl George, the first couple to be married, escorted by Messrs. James English and H. H. Cabaniss.

In the next were Mr. George Stovall and Miss Autnett Petty, the second couple, who were escorted by Messrs. B. B. Crew and John W. Grant.

They were followed by a third carriage in which were Mr. Joseph Kingsberry and Rev. Sam Jones, of Cartersville, the minister whose duty it was to officiate on the happy occasion of the alliance weddings.

After driving through the city, the bridal party went to the exposition grounds, passing out Peachtree street.

Entering the grounds the couples were driven to the Piedmont club house, where they were tendered a delightful luncheon.

At 2:05 o'clock they repaired to their carriages and were driven to the grand stand, the place where the weddings were to take place.

When the happy couples entered the race track with the procession of carriages bearing the members of their bridal party following, they were met by Marston's Zouave band, and the procession was led to the handsome platform in front of the grand stand, to the sweet strains of "Farmers' Wedding March."

It was a happy scene in truth, and the grand stand rocked with mighty applause the greeting to the brides and bridegrooms.

The first carriage stopped at the platform and Mr. Edgar Fuller and bride. Miss Pearl George, with Messrs. James English, Jr., and H. H. Cabaniss, were given chairs on the stand.

The next carriage brought Mr. George W. Stovall and bride, Miss Autnett Petty, with their escorts, Mr. John W. Grant and Mr. B. B. Crew.

Then came Rev. Sam Jones and Mr. Kingsberry in a carriage.

Following them came the third carriage, with Major John Fitten, Captain Evan P. Howell and Mr. E. P. Black, and the next carriage with Mrs. William Inman and Miss Inman.

The entire party was tendered seats on the speakers' stand, and the ceremonies attendant upon the nuptials began.

THEY ARE MARRIED.

There was a solemn silence all over the grand stand when Rev. Sam Jones instructed the couples to stand up for their marriage ceremonies.

Colonel L. F. Livingston then introduced the young people to the multitudes in the grand stand with a pleasing and appropriate word or two.

He then said: "I now have the pleasure of introducing to you Rev. Sam P. Jones, of Cartersville, who will officiate at this happy occasion."

Rev. Mr. Jones arose and said:

"I hold in my hand the legal authority to unite in matrimony Edgar Fuller and Pearl George, George W. Stovall and Autnett Petty.

"If their be any one present who knows any reason why they should not be united in the holy bonds of matrimony, they should let it be known or forever afterwards hold their peace."

Then after pausing a moment he continued, by saying to the couples before him:

"Join your right hands," which they did, blushing and smiling radiantly.

Mr. Jones continued:

"Do you mutually promise to take each other for husband and wife; to love, honor and obey each other as long as you live?"

The four answers came in sweet concord and happy harmony:

"I do."

"Then," said the minister, "since you have joined your right hands, I herewith pronounce you husband and wife respectively."

It was all over. The happy couples stood some time on the platform and received congratulations from dozens of warm friends and relatives.

The platform was decorated in a most fitting style with cotton bagging and flags bearing the stars and stripes.

Standing in their handsome cotton bagging costumes, the couples were admired by every one present. The brides were beautiful. Each of them wore a bonnet of cotton bagging and decked with wide open cotton bolls, and crested with a long bridal veil. They each wore white gloves.

couples were again driven to the clubhouse where they spent a half hour with the alliance speakers and exposition directors.

Later in the afternoon, they were driven through the grounds, saw the balloon ascensions and the races, and at night were driven back to the city.

Each of the couples received a check for $50 from the exposition company, it being a wedding gift from the company.

THE SPEAKING BEGINS.

Prominent Orators and Statesmen Listened to by Thousands.

Promptly at 1:15 o'clock the speaking began.

By this time the grand stand was crowded with thousands and there was not even standing room from one end to the other.

After calling the assembly to order, Colonel Pat Calhoun, chairman of the committee on entertainment from the exposition company and conductor of the exercises, arose and advanced to the front of the platform, greeted by loud applause.

Mr. Pat Calhoun said:

Members of the Farmers' Alliance, Ladies and Gentlemen: It is my pleasant duty, on behalf of the directors of the Piedmont exposition, to welcome you to Atlanta today, and owing to the unavoidable absence of this city's popular, able and distinguished mayor, to also tender you, in his name as Atlanta's chief executive, a most cordial and hearty welcome to the Gate City of the south.

Atlanta has a magnificent future before her, and with coal and iron and water power at her very gates, as it were, her future is dependent only upon the prosperity of the people around her. Her future greatness is wrapped up in the greatness of the people of the surrounding country, and nowhere else in all this land, in all America, indeed, has the progress that the agriculturists have made in the last few years been more eagerly and speedily welcomed than by the enterprising merchants and public-spirited citizens of this, the capital city of the Empire State of Georgia. [Loud cheering.]

It requires no prophetic eye to see in your future a wonderful progress and a wonderful prosperity. We all recognize the fact that the basis of the wealth and power of the country lies with the farmer, but we also recognize that every class of honest industry, every merchant, every manufacturer, and, indeed, every man engaged in any honorable profession or pursuit contributes by virtue of his intelligence, knowledge and labor his quota to the wealth and happiness of the people at large. Thus it is; thus it has ever been; thus it will ever be. Here at this exposition you have a striking object lesson of how varied are the industries that go to make up a prosperous community. The prosperity of all is dependent upon the prosperity of each. The work of each individual, properly directed, has its due value in the sum total of the welfare of the whole people, and the prosperous condition of the general community is the natural and legitimate result of the well-directed efforts of individual workers.

Now, on behalf of the Piedmont Exposition Company, I thank you most heartily for the support you have given us in the past, and tender you our sincere appreciation of the earnest support which you are even now giving us. We thoroughly appreciate it and we thank you for it.

It now becomes my pleasant duty on behalf of the Exposition Company to tender the full control of the meeting to the president of the Georgia State Alliance, a man who has long carried its banner successfully, and who will as a staunch and tried democrat represent this district in the next national house of representatives. [Cheers.] I introduce to you a man well known to each and all of you, Colonel Leonidas F. Livingston. [Applause.]

COLONEL LIVINGSTON'S SPEECH.

Colonel Livingston was heartily cheered as he rose. He spoke as follows:

My Countrymen, Ladies and Brethren: It is my duty, and has been made so by the management of the Exposition Company, to welcome you to Atlanta. I am glad to do so. I am glad to do so in the name of the city of Atlanta and the state of Georgia. Georgia is a great state; great in her climate and great in her soil, in her manufacturing interests, in her mineral interests, in her great mining interests, in her magnificently developed railroad interests, in her splendid cities and thriving villages, and last of all in her superb, her wonderful agricultural resources and her half million of intelligent, honest and industrious yeomanry, the sinew and bone of the state and the sure guarantee of its future welfare.

Our professional men, our men of science, our mercantile classes, our newspapers and newspaper enterprises all have their value, and go to show the moral and intellectual make-up of our people. They are progressive in everything that is right and prudent and proper. I am proud of her title as the Empire State of the south. She has won it fairly and she deserves to wear it proudly. Thus my welcome is given you today in behalf of the great state of Georgia and the alliance of Georgia itself,—and we welcome you all, from field and desk and factory and shop. To one and to all the alliance of Georgia says: "Welcome to Atlanta today."

And to these men whom we bid welcome we say that they are the bone and sinew of the land; they are the men who have builded your cities and your railroads, your houses and your factories; who have plowed your fields and made the agricultural wealth of the country; men who are conservative and yet vigorous and pushing; men who are sober and yet who are progressive and aggressive, and who need no federal interference like legislation in the shape of the Lodge bill to teach them their rights or their duties, political or otherwise.

I further greet and welcome you today in the name of those good wives and daughters of Georgia, whose bright faces are before me now, and who have ever been found ready to bear more than their share of the heat and burden of any day of conflict where steadfast courage waited on patient endurance. [Cheers.]

I again welcome, on behalf of, and in the name of, the state of Georgia, those of our brethren here present from Texas, Illinois, Alabama, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Mississippi and Tennessee, and to one and all we will say that in the great contest now going on in this country between the moneyed power and the monopolists on the one side, and the people on the other, that Georgia will always be found battling in the front ranks and having as her motto in this conflict of life and death, of liberty and slavery, the word already made immortal in American annals by an immortal American, "Victory or death." [Loud cheering.]

I will now introduce to you Colonel L. L. Polk, president of the National Farmers' Alliance, who will speak to you briefly.

WHAT COLONEL POLK SAID.

There were more cheers when Colonel Polk rose. He was well known to many of those present who remembered his speech last year, and his reception was a hearty one. He spoke as follows:

Ladies, Fellow-Countrymen and Brother Alliancemen: I profoundly regret to say that, after continuous traveling and speaking for four weeks, I am utterly incapacitated to meet the demands imposed upon me through your generous kindness and cordiality. I have come, nevertheless, in obedience to that call to which I have never yet turned a deaf ear, the call of the farmers of the country, to speak to the good people of Georgia about the farmer. It has been my good fortune within the past few weeks to traverse many portions of this great country of ours. As I rolled across her rich and well-tilled plains, as I beheld the rich harvests of wheat and corn and other agricultural wealth, as I pondered upon our vast network of over 150,000 miles of railway, as I thought of our magnificent rivers, those splendid arteries of our inland commercial life, and gazed with delighted eyes upon the beautiful and ever-changing panorama of scenery presented to my interested gaze, and saw the smoke of many factories rolling over the house tops of prosperous cities, I thought within myself that this was a great country and a great people, and that the progress thus far made was but a stepping stone to higher, and broader and grander achievements yet to be wrought in the fullness of time by the magnificent courage and splendid energy of the American manhood of the future. And it is to the great middle class, the yeomanry of the country, that the country must yet look for its salvation. These men are the bone of our [illegible] and when the organized farmers of the land march shoulder to shoulder on to victory against the monopolists and those who would oppress and despoil the people, all ranks and classes will cry aloud for joy and thank God for the noble work done by the National Farmers' Alliance. [Cheers.]

COLONEL DONALSON, OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Colonel Donalson was then introduced, and said:

Ladies, Gentlemen and Fellow-Citizens of Georgia: I was not a little frightened when it was announced to me that I was to be presented to this vast audience today, but I was much relieved by the remark which followed, to the effect that I was not expected to make a speech. That was a great relief to me, and I could not help but think of the beatitude which the good old colored preacher added to those already in the good book: "Blessed is them that expects nothing, for they shall not be disappointed."

It is no small pleasure, it is with great emotion that I look upon this magnificent assemblage and outpouring of the people. Atlanta does everything well, and this great enterprise is marked by all that characterist ev gor and push which have placed her name so high upon the roll of southern cities.

But is especially pleasurable to me to see such an outpouring of the farmers here today. Over in South Carolina, if any unusual disaster takes place or anything out of the ordinary way happens, it is the fashion to lay all the blame on the Farmer's Alliance.

But I want to say this: I have been attending meetings of the alliance, from the small suballiance to the great gatherings of the state alliance, and I have yet for the first time to hear a political resolution passed or a political speech made—in such a meeting. But the alliance is frequently accused of interfering in political matters. This is certainly true of South Carolina, if not Georgia, and I believe I can best illustrate the position of affairs in our state by reciting an anecdote of a certain juryman. A case was on trial in the circuit court, and the jury remained out so long that the judge finally sent for them and asked them if they could not agree.

"Yes," spoke up one of the jurymen, "we could agree fast enough if only these eleven dunnied fool would come around to my way of thinking." [Laughter.]

And so it is in South Carolina. We could agree there fast enough if only the majority would come around and think as the minority does.

But the alliance is doing a grand work—a noble work, and the time will come when the country will appreciate it. The farmers are organized for a good, a noble purpose, and the result of their efforts will be felt by lightened burdens and happier lives to every man, woman and child in this great country. I can only add: God speed the work of the Farmers' Alliance.

DR. MACUNE.

Colonel Livingston then briefly introduced Dr C. W. Macune to the audience "as a gentleman well known to them and who had frequently been made the object of slanderous attacks." Dr. Macune was greeted with cheers, bowed gracefully and resumed his seat. He will speak to alliancemen today.

President Wylie's Request.

President Wylie, of the exposition, has made the following request:

To the School and Business Men of Atlanta: The exposition company requests that the public schools, the merchants and other business men close up tomorrow, Thursday, October 30th, so as to give everybody an opportunity of attending the exposition.

JAMES R. WYLIE, President.

THIEVES AND BURGLARS.

They Are Doing Some Big Work in Atlanta.

Burglars and thieves have been getting in their work in Atlanta recently.

In the last few days several startling thefts have been committed.

Since the exposition opened watches, overcoats and the like have been stolen in numbers.

One of the most daring of the burglaries was committed last Saturday evening. Then the residence of Mr. W. A. Moore on Cone street was burglarized, diamonds and jewelry being secured to the amount of nearly $1,000.

The burglary occurred early in the evening, it is thought, while the family was eating supper.

It was discovered about 8 o'clock and immediately reported to the police.

THE CONSTITUTION has been in possession of the facts since Saturday evening, but to aid the detectives in catching the criminals nothing was said about it.

Detectives were at once put on the work, and several times the thieves were thought to have been located.

Descriptions of the stolen jewelry have been sent by Chief Connolly to police departments all over the country.

Yesterday, definite information, as to the whereabouts of the men who committed the burglary, was received by the police, and last night two detectives left the city on their trail.

It is thought that the burglars will be overtaken shortly, and the goods, or a portion of them, recovered.

WHAT IS IT?

The Influence That Sometimes Guides Us Against Our Will.

"No, I do not believe in ghosts," said an old lady of great experience; "but I do believe in the ministration of spirits."

This is not the age, nor the country, in which the supernatural flourishes. Interest centers about the practical. Haunted houses are rented without great difficulty, if the landlord is willing to knock off a portion of the rent.

There are many, however, who will admit the exertion at times, of some peculiar influence, swaying our actions. We are led to do things we should not do of our own volition—the wisdom of which we do not appreciate until afterwards; then we wonder how we came to do them. We are forced to learn that worldly wisdom is not always that which guides into the wisest courses.

In this practical age results are what people are looking after. They believe in what they see; the "evidence of things not seen" is to be weighed in the future. When a man is sick he wants to get well; he cares little what medical method is employed if it cures. But if it does not cure he soon begins to doubt the skill of the physician, and inquire into his methods of medication. A happy thing it is, sometimes, if some one indance induces investigation before it is too late.

W. O. Higgins, 65 Ferry street, Fair Haven, Conn., writes, June 20, 1890: "One year ago I was taken with terrible pains in my side and back, suffering more than pen can describe. I am confident that no one suffered more and lived. I tried several physicians, who informed me I had a bad case of kidney and liver trouble and could not live. At this time, a friend of mine, urged me to try Warner's Safe Cure; after using only four bottles of the Safe Cure and two boxes of Safe Pills, I am today a well and sound man, nearing my sixtieth year. I am foreman in the Fair Haven Clock Works, and will verify this statement at any time."

TALBOTTON, Ga., October 29.—[Special.]—At the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. S. E. Childs, in this city, Mr. J. G. Graham and Miss Gussie Childs were married at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the Rev. K. Read officiating.

Owing to exposure I have been indisposed with acute rheumatism about six months. My skill ailed to afford me relief and I was induced to try Bull's Sarsaparilla, and must confess that it entirely cured me. It is decidedly superior to all other preparations of Sarsaparilla.—B. B. Allen, M. D., Brandon, Ky.

Commendable.

All claims not consistent with the high character of Syrup of Figs are purposely avoided by the California Fig Syrup Company. It acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the system effectually, but it is not a cure-all and makes no pretensions that every bottle will not substantiate.

Phillips' Digestible Cocoa, a delicious fat-producing drink, which does not distress.

During hot weather, bathe the face and hands, or whole person, with POND'S EXTRACT and water. It revives, invigorates and freshens the face or person.

Dog versus horse at Exposition today. A wonderful trial of speed.

Beautiful Merritts Ave.

Lot. Prettiest lot on the street, 50x200; flowers, grass and everything ready for a nice house; part of Hon. Tom Glenn's former home. Wilson &

USE POND'S EXTRACT FOR CATARRH

WHAT THE DOCTOR SAYS:

A WELL-KNOWN NEW YORK PHYSICIAN GIVES THIS ADVICE IN CASES OF CATARRH:

"The mucous membrane being relaxed an astringent is required to restore it to a healthy condition. POND'S EXTRACT is such an astringent. Used as a gargle, wash, or injection it is exceedingly beneficial."

WHAT THE PATIENT SAYS:

"I have been a constant sufferer for years (from about Nov. 1st until the following June) from severe colds in my head and throat; in fact, the whole mucous tissue from the nose, down to and including the bronchial tubes, were more or less affected. It was fast developing into CHRONIC CATARRH. I had tried most known remedies, and was finally persuaded last March to use POND'S EXTRACT. I snuffed it up my nose and inhaled it; gargled my throat with it and swallowed it. It relieved me wonderfully and has effected almost a radical cure. I have used it for burns, bruises, and sprains, and believe it invaluable in such cases. I believe also that no family should be without it in the house, feeling as I do that it comprises a whole Pharmacopoeia within itself."
—FREDERIC E. FINCK.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES
BE SURE THAT BOTTLE WITH BUFF WRAPPER LOOKS LIKE THIS



MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY,
76 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.



Pure, Brilliant, Perfect
Authentic Living Testimonials
from Distinguished Generals and Statesmen

In Favor of Hawkes New Crystallized Lenses Over All Others.

Testimonials from the leading physicians in the United States, governors, senators, legislators, statesmen, men of note in all professions and in different branches of trade, bankers, mechanics, etc., can be given who have had their sight improved by their use.

These glasses have won the admiration of all who have used them. They can be worn any length of time at one sitting and give a marvelous clearness of vision. They stand unrivaled in their splendid reputation.

Mr. Hawkes not only has the best glasses, but carefully examines the eye of each patient, and gives indespensable advice as to the proper selection of glasses, having had an experience of eighteen years in this branch of science.

SPECTACLE FRAMES

Are an important part to be considered in the selection of spectacles. Some persons are very broad between the eyes, while others are quite narrow. It being necessary that the arc of the eye and that of the lenses should coincide, great care should be taken in their selection.

We give a few illustrations of perfect and imperfect fitting eye-glass and spectacle frames below.

Fig. 4.



Fig. 5.



Fig. 7.



Figures 4 and 5 represent incorrect fitting eye-glasses.

Figure 7 represent eye-glasses which are properly adjusted.

IMITATIONS.

The market is full of imitations, represented to be the same as Hawkes' new crystallized lenses. These imitations are, in most cases, productive of positive injury to the eyes of the wearer. Many dealers will recommend inferior spectacles and eye-glasses, and those of lower price, which afford more profit to themselves.

Manufacturing Department.

We are now prepared to MAKE TO ORDER spectacles and eye-glasses of every description, which will be equal in finish and [illegible]anship to any glasses made in the United States. Oculists' prescriptions will be filled with accuracy and dispatch.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

A. K. HAWKES,
Manufacturing Optician,
19 DECATUR STREET,
UNDER KIMBALL HOUSE, ATLANTA, GA.
oct 9-d1m-3d or 5th page-nrm

Rev. Sam P. Jones tonight at First Baptist church. Public in-

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The Weekly (12 Pages).....1 00
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ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 30, 1890.

Vote the Straight Ticket.

THE CONSTITUTION and other southern papers have recently printed editorials urging the democrats of New York city to vote for the regular democratic ticket, instead of the so-called fusion ticket which is worked and managed by Boss Platt. These editorials have been reproduced in New York, and seem to have had some effect, for we observe in The New York Press, a republican organ, a statement to the effect that the articles were written in New York and forwarded to various journals in the south.

So far as THE CONSTITUTION is concerned the statement is a lie. We wrote about the situation in New York because we are anxious to see democratic unity and harmony all along the line. The democrat who joins hands with his opponents in any election in this country is no better than the worst of the republicans. He sells his principles outright for the sake of office.

Every democrat who understands the situation in New York city knows that Boss Platt has bought out the "county democracy," and it is not the first time that the men who compose that organization have sold themselves. All the respectable democrats who belong to the affair have withdrawn from it and renewed their allegiance to the democratic party.

Tammany represents the democratic party in the metropolis, and every southern man in that city who cares anything about the success of democratic principles and the success of the party that has stood between the south and the humiliations prepared for it by the republicans, should vote the straight democratic ticket.

The Warehouse on the Farm.

Among the excellent things said at the farmers' convention, at LaGrange, we find the following in an address delivered by Mr. A. M. Walker:

My word for it, the most urgent need of the agricultural classes of the south is for each and every farmer to establish his own warehouse. This he can and must do. First, by living within his means. Secondly, by diversifying his crops and raising everything on the farm as far as he can, that is necessary for home consumption, and make the farm self-sustaining by making one acre produce as much or more than he now gets from five acres, thereby reducing expenses and increasing profits. Thirdly, by raising stock of all kinds. Goats, sheep, hogs, mules, horses and cattle. I place these in the order of their value, as I consider it, to the farmer. This we can do by utilizing as pastures our land that are now tenanted out at an annual loss and expense, to say nothing of the depreciation of these tenanted lands from washing and want of proper management. If this policy were adopted and pursued our people would soon reach that degree of independence where they would neither need nor desire aid from the federal government, but could hold their cotton and other produce until prices suited them. I desire to impress the great importance of improving our live stock. It does not cost any more to raise a blooded horse, or a cow that will yield from two to five pounds of butter, and six to ten gallons of milk per day, than it does to raise a common scrub. I regard the cow as the best paying investment in the country; especially so, with so many advantages in her favor.

This is the doctrine THE CONSTITUTION has been preaching, in season and out of season, for fifteen years, and we have had very gratifying evidence that the campaign we have made in behalf of home production has not been altogether in vain. In addition to the hammering that has been given the subject in these columns, we have been enabled to place before our readers, from time to time, valuable object lessons in the shape of unimpeachable testimony going to show that thousands of planters in the south are not only making their farms self-supporting, but rapidly making money.

The secret of their success is an open one. They apply to the management of their farms the simple common-sense methods of business that prevail among successful men in every walk of life. Mr. Walker's suggestions are all in this direction. The farm should not only be self-sustaining, but should be continually improved from year to year.

There has been an idea, the origin of which would be difficult to trace, that the south can never become a stock-raising country. This idea has been exploded by results that have been attained in middle Georgia—in Morgan, Greene, Hancock and Putnam—where it has been demonstrated that the finest blooded horses may be raised to perfection. The fact that Eatonton, the county seat of Putnam, is the headquarters of the Georgia Trotting Horse Breeders' Association, is significant of the success in stock-breeding that has been attained in that section. Wherever bermuda will grow, there fine horses, fine mules and fine cows can be raised. Bermuda is, in all respects, the equal of blue grass, and in some respects is superior—making the finest and most nutritious hay of all the grasses—and it will grow and thrive in any part of the south.

If the amount of money that is annually paid by the southern people for horses and mules could be accurately estimated, it would show what a tremendous waste is going on in this direction. And it is waste pure and simple. Every dollar that is spent in buying Tennessee and Kentucky stock could be kept at home by the exercise of a little foresight and a small amount of energy on the part of the farmers. The slow work of the farm could be accomplished just as easily by brood mares as by mules, and there is not a farmer in the south who could not raise from one to five colts a year, and make money by it.

The expense of raising them would be inconsiderable, but the results would be important, not only to the farmer, but to the whole south. We have touched on this subject before, and we are so confident that there is a large profit to the farmers in stock-breeding thus casually carried on in connection with the other business of the farm, [illegible] the example of middle Georgia commends itself to farmers all over the south.

All that is necessary is a little energy and a little foresight. The vast number of mules and horses that are shipped to Atlanta every year from Tennessee and Kentucky, to be sold and reshipped through Georgia, Florida and South Carolina, is convincing evidence that there is big money in the business. By raising their own stock, and a few colts over, the farmers of the south would not only save the money they spend each year for horses and mules, but would find a profitable and eager market for their surplus colts.

The Last of Woolfolk.

The hanging of Thomas Woolfolk, yesterday, ended the career of the most brutal murderer that ever figured in the annals of our state.

During the condemned man's long fight in the courts very few have ever doubted his guilt. Woolfolk's protestations of innocence never impressed the public mind. His dying statement solemnly declaring that he was not guilty of the murder of his father and eight members of his family will not cause many to doubt the justice of his punishment.

In his way the murderer was a man of nerve. Stolid and stubborn to the last degree, he made no confession. He knew that it was expected, and he was determined to disappoint everybody. Possibly he stuck to his story to comfort the few relatives who stood by him and tried to believe in him.

The murderer had able counsel, and the fairest possible showing in the courts. He was convicted and executed because the evidence against him was so overwhelming that impartial and clear-headed men found it impossible to entertain a reasonable doubt of his guilt.

Now that the end has been reached people will feel relieved, and they will pray that they may never see the like of such a monster again.

The Other Side.

Mr. Blaine made his hearers at Canton, Ohio, feel good by telling them that the 64,000,000 people in this country owned $60,000,000,000 in money and property.

These are big figures and they have a glittering appearance on paper. But this wealth is very unequally divided. The biggest share of it is in the hands of the Goulds, Vanderbilts, Rockafellers, Carnegies and a few other monopolists and trusts. A very little of it is in the hands of the people, and that little is gradually being absorbed by the rich.

It sounds big to say that John Doe and Richard Roe have a million dollars, but when the fact comes out that Doe has only fifty cents of that amount while Roe has the balance locked up for his own use, the inequality of the thing becomes painfully apparent.

It is no use for Mr. Blaine to talk about the wealth of this country. We all know that under the vicious system which he and his fellow-partisans advocated the rich are growing richer and the poor are growing poorer. All the legislation of the party in power has for its aim the robbery of the masses to enrich the classes, and it is even proposed to employ bayonets when the victims peacefully seek a remedy at the ballot box.

What good will it do the man who works for his bread to know that the property of the country is worth $60,000,000,000? He is lucky if he is sixty cents ahead, and he cannot expect such good fortune if McKinleyism is to pursue him and absorb his earnings.

Mr. Blaine's figures do not change the cold facts of the case.

A New Doctrine.

Speaker Reed, the other day, astounded a western audience with a brand new idea. "The real American citizen," he said, "is the man who consumes for the purpose of producing."

The average citizen has never thought of the matter in exactly that light. It has always been believed that a man produces in order that he may consume. A toiler works hard all day in the hope of producing something that will add to his comfort.

But Speaker Reed would reverse the natural order of things. His view is that a working man buys food to make himself strong enough to be a hewer of wood and a drawer of water. He buys clothes simply to enable him to go to work without being arrested by the police. He buys a house or a farm so that he can produce a mortgage. He eats his food and wears out his clothes and household goods just for the pleasure of working to get another outfit.

In plain English we are told that a genuine American citizen uses up the good things of life in order to work himself to death in the effort to get more.

If this is the real American citizen a fellow cannot be blamed for wanting to belong to the unreal class. If it is the destiny of a toiler to consume what he needs for his daily wants so that he may be consumed himself, then he might as well be between the devil and the deep blue sea.

We cannot undertake to describe the real American citizen, but, if we are not badly mistaken, he is too brave, sensible and honest to submit to the serfdom which the robber tariff would impose upon him. When the working man finds out that his only reward is more work, there is going to be trouble. Mark that down as a prediction that will be fulfilled.

An Interesting Case.

A murder trial now pending in Memphis is attracting the attention of lawyers everywhere.

A year or so ago Al Reeves killed Father Ashfield, a priest who had been his benefactor. The slayer's only excuse for his conduct was that he loved his victim and wanted to send him to heaven. He was adjudged insane and sent to the asylum at Nashville. In a few months he escaped and went to Philadelphia, where he was arrested and brought back to Memphis. Upon his return a physician examined him and pronounced him sane.

Strange to say there was no talk of sending the prisoner back to the asylum. The court took charge of him, had him examined, and put him on trial for murder. Some lawyers in Memphis are of the opinion that Reeves should have the question of his sanity submitted to a jury, and if found to be sane, the effect would be to annul the verdict of the first jury, and the court could proceed as in ordinary murder trials. But these questions, says The Memphis Commercial, still remain: Can a man be punished for a crime committed while insane? Should a man now sane, but who was proven insane when he committed the crime, be allowed to go unpunished? If such a criminal goes unpunished because he has recovered his sanity, what protection has the community against temporary insanity?

It seems to us that the Nashville asylum is entitled to the custody of Reeves, and that the court has no business with him under the circumstances. Whether he is sane or insane just at present, people would feel better satisfied to have him locked up. It is dangerous to give such a person his liberty.

IT WOULD have been a good republican campaign dodge if some of the manufacturers had increased the wages of their employes until after the election. None of them seem to have thought of it, however.

THE SLIP in the new silver law is that it does not provide for free coinage. The democrats will have to put this fact in their platform.

THE WAR TAX in quilts is doubled. As Mr. Jason Gould would remark, poor people can double up in cold weather and sleep spoon fashion.

ON THE cheaper grades of carpets the tariff tax is nearly doubled. But what use have poor people for cheap carpets? According to the McKinley theory cheap carpets make cheap men.

IN THE District of Columbia the colored brother is disfranchised. All over the north he is crowded out of lucrative employment.

JUDGING FROM the tone of Mr. Blaine's tariff speeches, he is desirous of concealing the fact that he denounced the McKinley bill when it was before the senate.

AN ORGAN denying that there has been an increase in prices, makes a list of farm products in which there has been no increase. In what way, then, does the farmer reap the benefits of the tariff?

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

HON. ROBERT PATTISON, the democratic candidate for governor of Pennsylvania, does not propose to tamely submit to slander. Two republican editors who charged him with corruption have been arrested for libel, and will now have to put up or shut up. This is very different from Matt Quay's policy. Quay has been branded as a criminal, but he brings no libel suits, and makes no complaint. So long as he can enjoy the spoils of office he does not care what is said about him.

IT IS feared that the German emperor's ear disease will penetrate to his brain.

A WASHINGTON GHOST turns over the furniture in houses at night and whistles "Annie Rooney."

COFFEE BRANDY is a new drink that is finding its way into this country from Mexico. It is distilled from the pulp or the coffee bean.

A LONDON SPECIAL says: Major Barttellot's brother has published a letter condemning the course of Mr. Stanley in making merely covert allusions to the major's conduct, while implying that it is in his power to make definite and serious charges. Mr. Barttellot expresses his belief that Stanley's reticenee in the matter is due more to the flimsiness of the charges he darkly hints at than to regard for the major's family which he pretends to feel. Mr. Stanley is coming in for some pretty hash criticism for having permitted himself to say as much as he has already said, and it is generally the opinion that his further pursuit of the unfortunate controversy can do him no good, to say the least.

CORRIDOR GOSSIP.

Ex-Governor Henry D. McDaniel, of Walton county, reached the city yesterday afternoon and is registered at the Kimball. Governor McDaniel is not only looking well but is in splendid health and spirits.

"I came down," said the governor, "on private business, and shall not remain but a short while. In my section everything has been unusually quiet in political circles since the primary elections, which settled the question so far as the candidates were concerned. The only political news that I learn is what I see in the papers. I hardly think that any of the regular democratic nominees for congress will be defeated, though it looks as if Dr. Felton was making a very strong race in the seventh district. I think Colonel Livingston will be elected in the fifth. He should receive the united support of the democratic voters, as he was fairly nominated by the party. I understand, however, that some good democrats will vote against him, which is to be deplored.

"Yes, I have heard that my name has been suggested as a probable candidate for the senate, but it does not amount to much."

Mr. Henry Busse, editor of The Georgia Familien-Journal, an influential German paper, spent several days in Atlanta recently.

"Colonel Lester will be elected to congress in the first district," said he, "by a good majority. The republican candidate, Mr. Doyle, is an Irishman and on this account boasted that he would get the solid Irish vote. In this he will be mistaken, as the Irish citizens of the first district propose to vote as free American citizens, and will not be controlled by mere sentiment. Of this element there are as good democrats as can be found in the state, and they say they will support the democratic ticket. Of course, Mr. Doyle will get a very good vote, but not enough to elect him.

Hon L. J. Alred, of Pickens, is on hand and will again be a candidate for the office of doorkeeper of the senate. He has filled the office most acceptably on former occasions, and will more than likely fill the place again.

"I have every reason to believe," said he, "that I will be elected again. My friends are sticking up to me manfully, and although I have strong opposition, hope to pull through all right."

A Tribute to Henry Grady.

Edwin Wildman, in Elmira, N. Y., Echoes.

There was one man in the annals of history who lived and died—died in the midst of fame—and whose death has left a place unfilled from the rushing, clamoring mass of humanity that surrounded him in life, even as they worship him in death.

That man was Henry Woodfin Grady.

If there ever lived an enthusiastic, progressive, large-hearted, venture-some, romantic man, Henry Grady was one. His heart overflowed with love and loyalty for the great mass of people struggling against the tide of prejudice and ignorance.

Henry Grady had the keen insight of a philosopher and the daring of a general. His early life was a succession of failures. His failures were the application of ideas and ventures at the wrong time and in the wrong place.

He was a genius groping in the dark.

His failure in Rome, Ga., sharpened the keen perceptive powers that afterwards led to victory that powerful southern ally, THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

The cosmopolitan character of Atlanta afforded him the ample platform for his broad and vigorous ideas of the unification of the nation and progress of the southern states, that Rome, a small conservative town, never could offer him.

In Atlanta, the heart of the south, Henry Grady was awarded the recognition that his worth and loyalty demanded. From there his voice echoed from the gulf to the effete circles of New England, and in the eloquent speech and masterly editorials that followed, he bound around him the affection of the warm-hearted south and the admiration of the north.

It was Henry Grady who taught the south to couple the name of Lincoln with Washington, and who, in the midst of their personal grievances, inspired them with an ambitious public spirit that had lain dormant since the days of '65.

In Henry Grady's life, a flashing meteor though it was, there was a wealth of history and a flow of intellect and romance fascinating in the extreme. The life and the writings of Henry Grady [illegible]

A DEMOCRATIC RALLY

FRIDAY EVENING IN THE INTEREST OF HON. L. F. LIVINGSTON.

Hon. Hoke Smith, Hon. W. C. Glenn, Mr. Azmon Murphey, Hon. A. H. Cox, Hon. John B. Goodwin, to Speak.

A memorable democratic rally will be held in the courthouse tomorrow evening.

It will be in the interest of Hon. L. F. Livingston, the democratic nominee for congress in this district.

Colonel Livingston himself will be on hand, and will make a short speech.

It will be brief and to the point, completely refuting the campaign slanders now circulating anonymously against him.

Other distinguished democrats will be present and make speeches.

Captain E. P. Howell, as chairman of the committee on speakers, received a number of replies from gentlemen yesterday in reply to his letters of invitation, stating that they would speak in the interest of the nominee.

Hon. Albert Cox will speak eloquently.

Hon. John B. Goodwin, too.

Mr. Azmon Murphey will put in some sturdy blows for the democratic standard bearer.

Colonel T. P. Westmoreland regrets that ill health will prevent his being present at the meeting. "Of course," he adds, "I shall vote for him and aid in his election in any way that I can, and I think that all democrats should do the same way."

Hon. W. C Glenn also accepts the invitation to speak.

So does Mr. Hoke Smith speak.

Altogether it will be a memorable occasion.

AND SATURDAY EVENING.

Saturday evening at the courthouse, at 8 o'clock, there will be a meeting of the young men's democratic league.

As explained in the call of President Harvey J. Johnson, "the chief purpose of the meeting is to take immediate steps for securing a full democratic vote in the coming congressional election. It must not be forgotten that Colonel Livingston is the democratic nominee, and further, that he is being vigorously opposed by the republican candidate. It is the duty of every democrat in our district to vote and work for the party nominee. It is particularly the duty of the young democrats of our league to show to the state and country that Atlanta and Fulton county are, as they have always been, overwhelmingly democratic."

A STRAY CAT

Brings Diphtheria Into a Household and Several Deaths Occur.

DODGEVILLE, Wis., October 29.—The family of Robert Paul, at Middleton, has been afflicted by diphtheria which was brought into the house in a singular manner. About four weeks ago a stray cat came to their home and one of the children handled and played with it. Although noticed at the time that it discharged at the nose and mouth, nothing was thought of it until soon after, when a little boy came down with black diphtheria of the most malignant kind, that the doctor said he had caught from the cat. The boy died. Then a second one took the disease and died. The father, mother and a daughter were also stricken down and recovered. Allen, the only remaining son and support of his parents, cared for them all through their terrible sickness, holding one of the boys when dying and preparing them for their last resting place with his own hands. When the others were recovering he was taken down and died.

THE TOBACCO COMPANY.

Consolidation of the Warehouses of Louisville and Cincinnati.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., October 29.—Incorporation papers for the tobacco company which embraces nearly all the leading warehouses in this city and Cincinnati, and of which much has already been published, were filed today. Its business embraces the storing and selling of leaf tobacco and everything that usually belongs to warehousing. The capital stock is $4,000,000, one half preferred. The preferred stock is to have dividends of 8 per cent per annum out of the earnings, but nothing more. The corporation may issue $1,000,000 in bonds. The principal places of business are Louisville and Cincinnati, and the directory, which holds till January, includes the best-known warehousemen in the two cities. It is claimed by the incorporators that the organization will be of great benefit to tobacco growers. There will be fewer agents, and agents' pay they assert, comes finally from the grower.

The organization will control nine-tenths of the leaf tobacco trade in this region.

THE CATTLE TRADE RUINED

By Mexicans Retaliating for the McKinley Tariff Bill.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., October 29.—There is considerable excitement today among Kansas City stock men, relating to advices received from Mexico to the effect that that country has placed a duty of $300 a car on American cattle. If the advices are true, and they come from a reliable source, this practically ruins all the live stock trade between this country and Mexico. The act of the Mexican government is purely a retaliatory one, and was precipitated by the fear the Mexicans have of the McKinley bill. Many cars of American cattle are now on the Mexican border. About 500 bushels of grain have to be sent with every train load of live stock shipped from this city to Mexico. The government will not even permit this to go through unless a duty of 30 cents per bushel is paid. It has been rumored among the stockmen of this city the past three or four days that the Mexican government was contemplating a move of this kind, but there was thought to be nothing in it until dispatches were received from agents there today apparently confirming the reports.

The Stockdealers Deny the Report.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, October 29.—[Special.]—The stockdealers of this city and southwest Texas have made an investigation into the alleged prevalency of glanders among the horses on the ranches in Dewitt and other counties of the state, and tonight held a meeting here and made a written report, which set forth that with exception of a few isolated cases the disease does not exist in Texas. Governor Ross will be requested to issue a proclamation denying the report, which has gained great credency in the southern and eastern markets, and has injured the horse market here.

Another Road Across the Continent.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., October 29.—[Special.] There is a movement on foot here, in connection with one at San Diego, Cal., Yuma, Ari., and intermediate towns, to raise a big subsidy to be given to any company that will build a railroad in a direct route from Aransas Pass, on the Gulf of Mexico coast, to San Diego, with deep water at Aransas Pass. The distance between the gulf and Pacific ocean would be reduced several hundred miles, and the time between China and New York would be made shorter with a corresponding reduction in freights. It is stated that the San Antonio, Phoenix and Galveston Railway Company, which yesterday filed articles of incorporation at Sacramento, Cal., was organized with a view of immediately building this great transcontinental line, and also to establish lines of steamers from Aransas Pass to various parts of the world.

BUSINESS DISASTERS.

Failure of a Kansas Bank—Assignment of an Insurance Company.

KINSEY, Kan., October 29.—Edwards County bank, of this city, failed yesterday. Its assets are said to exceed liabilities by a large amount and depositors will doubtless receive their claims in full. No statements of assets and liabilities have been prepared.

CHICAGO, October 29.—The Mutual Fire Insurance Company made an assignment yesterday to L. G. Aislip. The liabilities are said to be $57,600, and $25,000 of contested claims against the company. The assets are set down at $187,000, $150,000 of this amount being in premium notes and the balance [illegible]

FLORENCE ON WHEELS.

AN EXPOSITION THAT HAS TRAVELED 4,000 MILES.

With a Party From the Alabama City—They Have Had Guests and Been Guests—Nearly Home.

Quite a notable party reached Atlanta yesterday, after a jaunt of 4,000 miles through nineteen states.

The head of the party is Captain Hugh Colquitt, of Atlanta.

They are traveling in the private Pullman car "Pickwick," and will be here all day today, at the Pryor street railway crossing.

In the party were Captain Hugh H. Colquitt, Mr. L. C. Barrow, Mr. S. C. Wilson, Captain Robert Andrews, mayor of Florence; Editor Goodwin Williams, of The Florence Herald; Major J. H. Field, vice-president and general manager of the Florence Railroad and Improvement Company, and a number of guests from Raleigh, N. C., amongst whom are Mrs. Josephus Daniels, Miss Marshall, Miss Badger, the Misses Polk, Miss Skinner, Miss Ethel Bagley and Mr. Joseph D. Boushall.

Captain Colquitt and his party extend to their Atlanta friends a cordial invitation to visit their car during the day.

They leave this evening for Chattanooga, which is the last stop before reaching Florence.

AN EXPOSITION ON WHEELS.

The trip was planned by Captain Hugh Colquitt, and is backed by the Florence Land Sale Company.

Accompanying the Pullman car is a splendid exhibit car, displaying to excellent advantage the wonderful resources of Florence and that section of Alabama.

It has been, in fact, an industrial exponent of the resources of the whole south. Everywhere north and east it has attracted the most marked attention.

It shows in condensed form the output of scores of Florence manufacturing plants; and comes near being a perfect index of north Alabama's natural resources.

WHERE THEY HAVE BEEN.

"We left Alabama," said Captain Colquitt last evening, "on the 18th of last October. We have stopped since then at Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Columbus, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Nashua, Worcester, Springfield, Hartford, Providence, and then on back through Washington, Raleigh, Greenesboro and Greenville, S. C.

"In all these places we have been royally treated. There has been no end to the dining and banqueting and receptions.

"We have been able to reach the business men even better than I had hoped; so that the trip has been a thorough success, and a very pleasant one, too.

"We hope to reach Florence on Saturday, leaving here this evening."

SENATOR ELLINGTON

Gives His Views on the Senatorial Contest.

EDITOR CONSTITUTION: As the representative of the people of the twenty-ninth senatorial district I feel that I would not be doing my duty were I to allow this occasion to pass without giving voice to my views on a question that is agitating the people of Georgia, to-wit: "The United States Senatorial Question."

A large majority of my constituents are members of the Farmers' Alliance, and I am proud to say that I myself am a member of that organization.

I was elected to the honorable position that I now hold as an alliancesman and a democrat; I was supported almost unanimously by my alliance brethren because they believed that I would faithfully, honestly and zealously advocate their views and principles and by the help of the living God, I propose to do so.

The alliancemen in all the states where they have organization elected the brainiest men in their ranks and sent them to St. Louis for the purpose of formulating a platform to suit our legislative needs. A platform that we would attempt to put on the statute books of the land, in order to relieve us of the burdens imposed upon us by the unfriendly and iniquitous legislation of the past. Our representatives did their duty honestly and intelligently, and sent their work back to us for our approval and endorsement, which we gave after mature and deliberate consideration. We well knew at the time that we had undertaken a great task, and that every inch of the ground would be stubbornly contested. In beginning the fight for our rights we solemnly declared in national, state, county, and even suballiances, that we would not support any man for any office who would not endorse and advocate our platform, every plank in it; since which time we have repeatedly said the same thing.

Now, are we going to be true men, faithful to our trust, faithful to our obligations? Are we going to sacrifice them to a sentiment, to our personal love, to the interest of any one man? I for one say no, never.

I have great love and admiration for Governor John B. Gordon, personally, and I yield to no man in reverence for him as a soldier and gentleman. But the time has come in our history when other motives than personal regard, friendship, goodwill or sentiment of any kind should influence or dominate us when in the discharge of our duties as representatives of the people. They look to us as men and patriots to do our whole duty by them, ourselves, and our children after us. The disposition of this senatorial question will have a far reaching effect for weal or woe on the reform movement that is convulsing this country. Our individual responsibilities are great, and it remains to be seen whether or not we measure up to the needs of the hour.

We love General Gordon and were all anxious to honor and support him for the senatorship, if we could do so without sacrificing a principle. We were in hopes that there would be no issue between us, that he would stand with us our friend and champion and help us to obtain equal rights under the law, and help us our way. He has tried his way for seventeen years and had failed to help us any, and, therefore, we thought it little enough to ask that our way be tried. He, however, declined to try our way, and as nothing but failures and oppressions and inequalities have been our portion hitherto, we would be less than men if we were to yield our principles and convictions now. Governor Gordon says that he is our friend and offers himself as our champion, in his own way, and as opposed to our platform.

Our enemies must surely think that he is their friend and will be their champion—at least they must believe that he will do them no hurt. Look with what zeal, unanimity and unity of purpose they are supporting him. Somebody will be sure to be fooled. He cannot advocate both sides of the question. And again, as the lines are now drawn, it is considered an alliance vs. anti-alliance fight, and Gordon represents and is chairman of the anti-alliance element in this fight. If he is elected it will be heralded far and wide as the defeat of the alliance.

I have frequently heard it said that Gordon was the one man in Georgia who could whip the alliance; the only man large enough to get in the breach and stop this "subtreasury nonsense," and stem this "subtreasury tide."

If Governor Gordon's election meant only victory to him and was laden with no other meaning, I would be one of the first to help place the additional laurels which he covets upon his brow.

But Governor Gordon's election to the United States senate means more than that. It means a crippling of the alliance and the reform movement which will take years to recover from. It means, that we have retreated before the first great attack of the enemy. It means that what our enemies have been saying of us is true—that we cannot organize and stick together, that we cannot be relied on, trusted in an emergency. It means that we have gone down like cravens before the enemy and have surrendered at the first demand. Very truly, yours, C. H. ELLINGTON.
Senator Twenty-ninth District.

Thomson, Ga., October 29, 1890.

Minister Lincoln Coming Home.

LONDON, October 29.—Robert Lincoln, United States minister, left London today for Liverpool, where he will embark for New York, having been granted leave of absence by his government. He will return to England in January to resume the duties of his

A RUNAWAY MATCH.

A PRETTY CEREMONY AT DR. M'DONALD'S RESIDENCE.

Mr. Sterne and Miss Goza United in Marriage—Mr. Wardlow and Miss Brown Married at West End.

It is the same old story—
Love laughs at all obstacles and triumphs over all opposition.

It happened last night about 8 o'clock—a quiet but happy little wedding at the residence of Rev. Dr. McDonald, on Washington street.

And it was a clandestine wedding.

About the first of the year Mr. H. J. Sterne, of Albany, Ga., became very much attached to Miss Carrie Goza, a pretty and accomplished young lady of Atlanta.

For several months they have been engaged, and would have publicly plighted their troth ere this, but for the serious objections raised by the parents of the young lady.

But, three days ago, Mr. Sterne came to Atlanta to see—the exposition.

He made it convenient, also, to see his betrothed, and they put their heads together to conceive plans for playing a trick on the old folks, by marrying clandestinely.

Last night Mr. Sterne called at the house of his fiance, claiming that he had come to take her to the theater.

They went away, but didn't go the theater. Half hour later Dr. McDonald was officiating at their marriage in his parlor.

The happy couple will leave tomorrow for Albany, where they will reside.

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Yesterday afternoon Mr. James A. Wardlaw, of Chattanooga, Tenn., and Miss Lenora Estelle Brown, of West End, were married at Park Street church, West End, by Rev. J. W. Lee.

The bride was attended by her maid of honor, Miss Smith, of Selma.

The groom was attended by his best man, Mr. George Thomas, of Chattanooga.

The ushers were Mr. Smith, of Selma, and Mr. Davis, of Anniston.

Mr. Wardlaw formerly lived in Walker county, and was reared and educated in Georgia. He is now a prosperous merchant in Chattanooga. Miss Brown leaves a host of friends, won to her by the many graces and accomplishments.

The happy couple left last night for New Orleans and other points of interest in the southwest.

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WEST POINT, Ga., October 29.—The marriage of Miss Susie H. Driver to Rev. W. R. Briscoe, of Winnsboro, S. C., took place today, at 9:30 o'clock at the Baptist church in this city, Rev. S. P. Callaway, of LaGrange, officiating.

Attendants: T. W. Callaway and Miss Jessie A. Jackson, W. N. Gachet and wife, S. T. Whitaker and wife, Fred Schaffer and Miss Carrie Lou Griggs.

Ushers: Messrs. W. R. Jackson, L. M. Bookhart, B. T. Woodyard and G. W. Calloway.

Miss Driver is one of West Point's noblest young ladies, eminently fitted socially and intellectually to adorn any place in society. Rev. Mr. Briscoe was at one time pastor of the Baptist church here, and was universally popular and beloved. The happy couple left on the 10:50 o'clock a. m. train for Kentucky and other western states, followed by the best wishes of many friends and relatives.

Mrs. A. E. Little, Miss Annie Winston, Misses Mary and Sallie Little and Mr. Frank E. Little left today for Montgomery, to be present at the marriage of Miss Jette Means to Mr. Louis Forley.

Miss Mary B. Lanier is at home again, after a pleasant visit to relatives in LaFayette, Ala.

Mr. Ellis B. Anderson, of Macon, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. R. P. Lanier.

Miss Newtie Bruce, an accomplished young lady of Birmingham, Ala., is the guest of Mrs. A. R. Anderson.

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LAGRANGE, Ga., October 29.—[Special.]—Mr. J. T. Curtright, of Thomasville, Ga., has been on a visit to his LaGrange friends.

Mrs. E. C. Benson, of Montgomery, is visiting her mother, Mrs. J. H. Todd.

Mrs. H. R. Callaway, of Atlanta, is spending this week with her sister, Miss Ella Carr.

Miss Lula Neal, of Washington, Ga., is visiting Mayor Putman's family.

Mrs. W. J. McClure is visiting her sister, Mrs. Dr. W. A. Candler, at Oxford.

Dr. H. H. Carr is in attendance at the state fair in Macon. He has charge of one of the departments.

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Mrs. Joe Littlefield, of Valdosta, Ga., is visiting the family of Captain R. P. Bush, on Terry street.

Misses Addie Oglesby and Gertrude Fortson, two of Elbert's most charming young ladies, are visiting the exposition this week.

Miss Willie Rutherford, of Athens, is at Dr. Wooleys, on Washington street.

Miss May Stafford, of Barnesville, is visiting friends in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kendrick, of Philadelphia are guests of Colonel B. F. Abbott, on Peachtree

Miss Momie Touri, of Forsyth, Ga., is visiting the family of Captain B. F. Robert on East Hunter.

Mrs. Mulvine and sister, of Savannah, are the guests of Mr. Charles Robert on Edgewood avenue.

***

Tuesday afternoon at her home on Capitol avenue, Miss Maybelle Pendleton gave a most delightful tea complimentary to her guest, Miss Sadie Alexander, of Rome. Elegant refreshments were served, and with music and conversation time passed most pleasantly. There were present: Misses Maybelle Pendleton, Sadie Alexander, Lizzie Hillyer, Lou McBride, Pearl Broyles, Phoebe Ellis, Adeline Adair, May Stafford, Emmie Lou Tichener, Berta Abbott, Jennie Hardin, Maud O'Keefe, Minnie and Marion Hillyer, Florence Newton, Inez Nelson, Susie Fittman, Annie Smith, Dedie Foreacre and others.

PEOPLE HERE AND THERE.

TOLSTOI.—Tolstoi is now at work on a novel in collaboration with a peasant who can neither read nor write.

BALFOUR.—No crowned monarch in Europe is more difficult to get at for an interview than Arthur Balfour, the chief secretary for Ireland.

CUSTER.—Mrs. General Custer has gone to Brunswick, Nova Scotia, for a three months' stay. Her health is poor, and she will not lecture this season as she had intended.

FREMONT.—General Fremont's cannon, "Old Sacramento," which he took across the plains with him on his first expedition, is "an object of interest at the Kansas state capitol."

KEANE.—Bishop Keane, president of the Catholic University in Washington, who delivered a divinity lecture at Harvard last week, is the first of his sect to appear under such auspices.

SCHULTZ.—After a series of experiments Dr. Schultz has discovered that beer should not be drank out of a glass. Many another man has discovered, after a series of experiments, that beer should not be drank at all.

REED.—Speaker Reed has been stumping for other candidates for five consecutive weeks, and from this on the work will be very arduous. He has said so many nice things about himself that it now requires great mental effort to think of any more that he can say. The wonder is that he thought of anything at all to say for himself.

TOM GLENN SHOT DEAD.

Rena Jones Sends a Bullet Through His Brain.

FORT GAINES, Ga., October 29.—[Special.]—Tom Glenn was shot just over the left eye, with a pistol in the hands of Rena Jones, at 4 o'clock this evening, in front of Mr. T. M. Brown's store, on Hancock street. The wounded man only lived a short time. The sheriff traced the murderer with Mr. R. D. Williams's trained hounds, and caught him in less time than the crime was committed.

All Quiet at Fribourg.

BERNE, October 29.—Quiet has been restored at Fribourg, capital of the canton of the same name, the scene yesterday of the conflict between the radicals and conservatives [illegible] of the cantonal election

SIX PEOPLE INJURED

IN A WRECK ON THE RICHMOND AND DANVILLE.

The Passenger Train Which Left Atlanta at 7:40 O'Clock Wrecked—Two Sleepers Roll Down an Embankment.

The Richmond and Danville passenger train which left Atlanta yesterday morning at 7:40 o'clock, was wrecked five miles beyond Seneca.

Five passengers were injured. A sleeping-car porter was also badly hurt.

Rumors that many lives had been lost in the wreck were freely circulated on the streets soon after the catastrophe occurred.

The news of the wreck reached Atlanta soon after it occurred yesterday morning. The fact that the first telegram announced the injury of five passengers and a porter gave rise to all sorts of rumors.

A sensation was created by the rumors, one of which was that between forty and fifty lives had been lost.

The rumors even reached the exposition grounds, and there the thousands of visitors passed it from mouth to mouth, with a shudder at the thought of such an awful calamity.

It turns out, however, that the rumors were very much exaggerated, although the wreck was a disastrous one.

That no lives were lost was little short of a miracle.

At the Richmond and Danville office a CONSTITUTION reporter was given the following particulars of the wreck:

A broken flange caused it.

The baggage car and express car were both derailed.

Two sleepers were derailed and turned over down an embankment. The regular passenger coaches remained on the track.

The sleepers were both filled with passengers, who were rudely shaken up, but none thought to have been fatally injured.

Those hurt were:

Joseph Hernsheim, New York, leg and thumb hurt.

Sigfried Arnold, Philadelphia, cut over left ear and hand crushed.

Mrs. George C. Haworth, New York, bruised about the left eye.

J. H. Croft, Westerly, R. I., cut about the head and right shoulder bruised.

Mrs. J. N. Jones, New York, cut on the head.

J. W. Burrell, Pullman car porter, cut on the head and internally injured.

The injuries sustained by the passengers are slight. The negro porter is worse hurt than any of the others.

The sleepers, which were turned over, were damaged but little, the railroad men say.

FROM OUR NOTEBOOKS.

Rev. Sam Jones Tonight.—This evening at the First Baptist church Rev. Sam Jones will deliver a sermon on "The Battle of Life, and How to Win It." There will be a large audience to listen to the distinguished evangelist.

Rev. Frank Joseph.—If there is a hard worker—an honest and conscientious worker—in the state of Georgia, it is Rev. Frank Joseph the prison apostle. He does a large amount of work on a very small salary, and out of the pittance given to him in a gratuitous manner, he not only pays his own expenses incurred in his visits to the several prisons in his circuit, but gives away a large sum in charity.

He is one of the most deserving men in the state, and it will not be long ere the local authorities will reward him as he deserves to be rewarded.

Albert Cox Claims the Belt.—Please allow me to say that Albert Cox is younger than any confederate veteran mentioned so far in your "Note book." He was born December 25, 1848, volunteered when scarcely sixteen, was taken prisoner at the battle of West Point and paroled in Macon in April, 1865.

He Fell in a Hole.—George A. McShane has brought suit against the city of Atlanta for $10,000. He claims that in walking on Butler street, some time ago, he fell into an excavation and hurt himself very badly. One leg was badly wrenched below the knee, and he claims will remain distorted all his life. He brings in a bill of $110 for doctors bills, and winds up by saying that "in all he is damaged in the sum of $10,000."

When medicine is given a child, parents like to feel it is a safe and proper one. Such a remedy is Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyers.

AT THE THEATER.

"Monbars," a thrilling drama of the romantic school, was played by that famous actor, Robert Mantell, to a large audience last evening at De Give's.

The play is well known here in Atlanta, where it has been seen before. It is full of stirring incidents contrasted with scenes of the most pathetic nature. Robert Mantell, as Monbars, gave distinct evidence of his fine dramatic talent at every appearance. He possesses a sonorous and sympathetic voice, while his entire range is that of an efficient artist. At every scene he was greeted with hearty applause and he carried with him the entire sympathies of the large audience.

Charlotte Behrens played the role of Diane with a grace and skill which won for her the warmest appreciation and applause. She imparted to her rendering of the ill-fated wife of Monbars a rare delicacy of sentiment, now and then marked with flashes of tragic spirit. She is an actress of decided merit, and did her best to gain the warmest regards of the house.

Mr. Ringgold and Marie Sheldon developed very creditable comedy in the personages of Monsieur Mouton and wife. The Messrs. Price, Lindsley and Barron won applause in their respective roles.

The entire play was well staged and acted throughout with snap and vigor.

"Monbars" will be repeated at the matinee today. Tonight Mr. Mantell and his company will be seen in the powerful impersonation of that sterling play, "The Corsican Brothers," in which they have appeared with great success.

Jarbeau Is Immense.

So says The Chattanooga Times of Tuesday, in the following enthusiastic notice:

"Immense" is the only word that can adequately describe the play, the performance and the company in "Starlight" at the opera house last night. Vernona Jarbeau and her splendid company have captured the town beyond mistake. The performance was the quintessence of musical farce and the best testimony of its excellence lies in the fact that it is of that kind that can be easily butchered by inferior artists.

The hackneied phrase about the audience being kept in one roar of laughter becomes trite in speaking of last night's performance. This time we are compelled to say that from the rise of the curtain on the first act to its fall on the third the audience emitted scream after scream, yell after yell, many ladies actually becoming hysterical.

There is a vim and a dash and a delicacy about Jarbeau that she seems to infuse into every one of her company, and in turn electrifies the audience.

Insurance Against Disease.

In certain instances there have been arrangements made between a physician and the head of a family that a fixed amount should be paid for each day the various members of the family continued in good health. But should sickness enter the household, the physician's usual stipend was discontinued. Such an agreement is founded on common sense, for we don't want to be made well, we want to be kept well. There is a greatdeal of unnecessary sickness resulting from a want of careful attention to bodily requirements. Keep the blood pure, keep the functional habits of the body regular, counteract the effects of exposure by always having a bottle of Dr. John Bull's Sarsaparilla in the household and using it in anticipation of an attack of illness or when the very first symptoms are manifest. Disease will not trouble you if you will heed this good advice. It is an excellent preventive of disease and decay, as well as a safe cure.—Marion Banner.

Since the excitement of the drill is over at the armory, the School of Physical Culture is reopened. The new swedish apparatus is being put in, and the classes will begin to-morrow. It is

AN IMPORTANT INTERVIEW

Which Central Railroad Officials Are to Have in Americus Today.

AMERICUS, Ga., October 29.—[Special.]—Today Mr. W. H. Hunter, chief of maintenance of roadway of the Central railroad, made by wire an appointment to be in Americus tomorrow morning and have an interview with Mayor Felder.

This visit of Mr. Hunter is fraught with more significance to Americus than any event that has occurred in some time.

Upon the action of Mayor Felder and the city council will depend one of the most important improvements ever projected in the city.

As already foreshadowed in the columns of THE CONSTITUTION, the Central railroad has at last realized the importance of Americus, and has been maturing plans to put here such passenger and freight accommodations as the present business and its future growth will demand.

Mr. Hunter has full power in such matters, and if the city of Americus will grant such concessions as will be needed to give full scope to the Central's projected improvements, a passenger shed will be at once erected that will give Americus something to grow up to for the next twenty years.

Mayor Felder will be asked to concede to the Central railroad the closing up of the lower end of Hampton street lying just between the present depot and the Central park, so that a magnificent carshed may be placed in the park fronting Hampton street, and along this street will be located the tracks for the passenger trains. These tracks will diverge from the present line about the waterworks, pass along Hampton street southward and return to the main line back of the Americus Compress Company's yard and below the ice factory.

Thus the passenger business will be taken out of the freightyard entirely, where it now is, and the splendid passenger station up on the hillside will be approached through the park. All the improvements and facilities will be of the most complete and elaborate nature, that will do credit to any city of 50,000 inhabitants in the south.

The Central railroad has determined to meet Americus half way, and it now rests with our mayor and city council to say just how much that great corporation will do to advance the prosperity of "Station No. 9," as it was once designated on President Wadley's war maps of the Central system.

Upon the granting of the concessions asked for, immediate steps will be taken by Mr. Hunter to lay out and push the work upon a scale far surpassing the most sanguine expectations of Americus and the previous designs of the railroad.

Mr. J. A. Connelly, assistant engineer, is engaged today in preparations for Mr. Hunter's arrival by surveying the yards, tracks and grounds of the railroad; and tomorrow will determine whether Americus prefers to remain "Station No. 9," or take rank in railroad development along with the big cities of the south. As proof of the growing importance of this city, it may be stated that the passenger receipts at Americus by the Central railroad exceed their receipts at either Birmingham or Atlanta—a fact proven by the actual figures in the respective ticket offices at these points.

RALLY TO WIN.

A Parting Word to the Democrats of the Ninth District.

LAWRENCEVILLE, Ga., October 29.—[Special.]—Judge Peeples's editorial on the congressional race, of last week, was a strong argument as to the duty of democrats. We agree with him, first, that "every democrat should vote; second, that all alliancemen should support him because he was made their unanimous choice; and being a true, loyal and one of the original panels in this great industrial organization, it seems to us that no true and loyal alliancemen should fail to support him; third, that all democrats should support him because he was made the nominee of the democratic party by the unanimous choice of the democratic convention, and being its standard bearer and having been thus unanimously chosen, and all the candidates who were in the race for the nomination having, like true democrats, come to his support, it does seem that no loyal democrat should fail to support him. There are good democrats who are disinclined to vote at all because of the manner of the nomination and because the alliance took an active part in securing his nomination. That may be a mistake and an evil, if it exists, to be corrected two years hence, but it would be committing another mistake to refuse to vote now. It is the duty of every democrat to vote in every election where there is opposition to the democratic nominee.

Concede that the party of the alliance have made mistakes, which we do not admit, can they be remedied by a democrat failing to vote or voting for a candidate who deliberately refused to submit his claims to the people at the ballot box in the primary—who is independent of the alliance organization and independent of the democratic organization; who was called by no man, nor set of men; who is the standard-bearer of no party, and who represents no principle; who, when defeated in his congressional aspirations two years ago, left his democratic friends and engaged the services of a rank republican to contest Colonel Candler's seat in the fifty-first congress, a republican who never voted a democratic ticket in his life, who boasts of his allegiance to the federal and his opposition to the confederate army, and who is now appealing to his republican friends and negro supporters to support him for congress from this district, viz., Colonel Darnell? Darnell is the man Pickett selected to wrench from Candler his seat in congress, and Darnell has never been known in local or national politics to vote a democratic ticket. On the contrary, Colonel Winn has always been a democrat and never voted anything but a straight democratic ticket in his life. He is an able debater and thoroughly posted upon the living issues dividing the American people, and there is not a man in this district who can more forcibly and clearly define and discuss the great economic and financial issues and questions of the hour. Then I say fully to his support. We say to you in all charity and with the best feeling for all, with the welfare of the great democratic party at heart—on the perpetuation and continued organization of which depends the people's safety, and upon which rest the people's liberties—lay aside all prejudices, if any exist; discard all personal preferences, forget past differences and forgive past mistakes, if any there be, and come to the rescue of the party. Go to the polls on Tuesday, November 4th, and vote for Winn, and thereby discharge your duty as a true and loyal democrat.

WINN CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE.

See That the Ticket Reads Right.

LAWRENCEVILLE, Ga., October 29.—[Special.]—The Winn campaign committee of the ninth district urge upon the democratic voters all over the district to be careful about the ballots that are voted in favor of the democratic nominee.

A number of tickets have been printed as follows:

For fifty-second congress ninth district of Georgia:

Thomas E. Winn.

The committee, after full investigation, agree that the above would give the republicans technical grounds to throw out such tickets, as it does not specify the fact that they are voting for Colonel Winn as representative.

The proper form for the tickets to be voted by the democrats is as follows:

For representative in the fifty-second congress of the ninth district of Georgia.

Thomas E. Winn.

This should be carefully guarded by the democrats in the district, and none but this ticket should be voted.

Our stock of rings, comprising both plain and fancy, is all the heart can desire, and we can certainly please you, both in price and design. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street. dtf

MEETINGS.

W. C. T. U. Meeting Today.

All members of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, and all friends of the cause, are urged to meet promptly today, Thursday, at 3 p. m., in the lecture room of Trinity church.

Attention, Gate City Guard!



You are requested to meet at your armory this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock to attend a banquet given complimentary to the drill team.

By order.

A. C. SNEED,
Capt. Commanding.

GLADSTONE AT DUNDEE

HE SPEAKS ABOUT THE BENEFIT OF FREE TRADE

He Says the High Tariff of the United States Will Work Injury to This Country—Foriegn News Generally.

LONDON, October 29.—Mr. Gladstone arrived at Dundee today and was presented with the freedom of the city. In accepting the honor, Mr. Gladstone made an address in which he referred to the commerce of the city, which it was said was threatened by the adoption of the new tariff bill by the American congress. He would not, however, he said, bring a railing accusation against the people of the United States. Protection, although it might inflict incidental collateral blows on other countries, did far greater mischief to the people of the country which adopted such a policy.

Mr. Gladstone then proceeded to contrast the decrease in the tariff in England with the increase in the tariff in the United States, and said he found comfort for England in the fact that it was not true that any tariff adopted by any country on earth could interfere seriously with the prosperity of Great Britain. The first effect of the McKinley bill would be to raise the standard of prices in the United States. This meant diminished power of exportation. This again meant that while we were damnified in one of our twenty markets, we derived benefit in the other nineteen from the diminished power of the merchants of the United States to compete with British merchants in any one of them, this being due to the augmentations of prices in the United States and the increased restraint under which the merchants of the latter country have to work. He advised the manufacturers to allow America to find out for herself the evil effects that will follow the adoption of a high tariff.

SUICIDE OF JEFF D. LEE.

A Former Citizen of Jonesboro Ends His Life in Cordele.

JONESBORO, Ga., October 29.—[Special.] A telegram has just been received here from Cordele, stating that Mr. Jeff D. Lee, a former citizen of Jonesboro, had committed suicide in the former city today. This young gentleman was just entering the prime of life, and by his indomitable energy was acquiring for himself a goodly portion of this world's goods, and also an enviable reputation as a business man. The greatest part of his life was spent around Jonesboro, where he was married to Miss Tison, a favorite daughter of our town, and was universally liked for his genial and loyal disposition. He was the son of Mr. J. D. Lee, Sr., one of Clayton's most enterprising and prominent farmers, and between this father and son there existed an unusually warm attachment, which will add severity to this sad blow. He went to Cordele about eighteen months ago to engage in the sawmill business, and has been successful in building up a large and lucrative lumber trade there. The cause of his rash act is beyond the imagination of his friends and relatives here, as his family relations here were of the tenderest, and his business in an excellent condition.

THE STATE FAIR

Continues to Draw an Immense Attendance of People.

MACON, Ga., October 29.—[Special.]—There was an immense attendance at the state fair today. The weather was very beautiful. The early morning trains brought in a vast crowd from all sections of the state and the multitude poured in a steady stream into the park all day.

President Northen, of the Georgia Agricultural Society, invited the grand lodge to attend the state fair today at 11 o'clock in a body. The invitation was accepted, and 358 of the members repaired to the fair grounds.

It was known as Mason's Day.

President Northen and other members of the society met the grand lodge at the entrance gate and escorted the Masons to Music hall, where a large crowd had assembled to welcome them. President Northen introduced Grand Master John S. Davidson to the audience, and that gentleman delivered a very eloquent and interesting address.

Speeches were made by a number of other well-known gentlemen.

THE COLUMBUS BUGGY COMPANY

Wins the First Prize for Finest General Display of Carriages, and Eleven First Prizes Out of a Possible Thirteen.

There is not a display at the exposition which has attracted more universal attention than the Columbus Buggy Company's. It has been complimented on all side, and is certainly well deserving of the prizes it has received for the finest general display. The received the first prize, and also eleven out of a possible thirteen on single entries.

This adds more laurels to their world-wide fame, and you should simply gaze upon their southern traveling representative genial, O. P. Meyohan and hear him tell of the crowds who flock to congratulate him. "We are in the swim."

Messrs. J. L. Shuff & Co. are southern for the Columbus Buggy Company in Atlanta. They have done a wonderful business here during the past year, and we bespeak for them in the future the patronage so justly deserved. We also noticed that J. L. Shuff & Co. have a very handsome line of harness and horse boots, besides blankets, robes and whips of most beautiful and costly designs.

The harness are made by the most renowned manufacturers in the United States, E. F. Beck & Son, of Newark, N. J. One set of coach harness with silver trimming which are not gaudy, but certainly the finest we have seen.

In addition, the large show-case display of "Fennells" celebrated horse boots has attracted no little attention. We congratulate the Columbus Buggy Company and Messrs. J. L. Shuff & Co. on their success.

FINE SADDLE HORSE.

It Is Offered for Sale at a Very Reasonable Figure.

An opportunity is offered to any one wanting to buy a sabble horse for a lady. The owner sells for no fault. The horse works only moderately well in harness, but is almost perfect in appearance, gentleness, gaits, and all other good qualities belonging to an ideal saddle horse. Price reasonable. Address "Rider," care Constitution office.

The Champion Carriage Man.

Mr. John M. Smith, Atlanta's champion carriage builder, has come out well in the winning of prizes at the Piedmont Exposition. He has received prizes for the best landau, the best victoria, the best two-horse carriage, the best family phaeton, the best No. "T" cart, the best village cart and the best display of carriages ever made in the Piedmont region. Mr. Smith deserves his success and is an honor to Atlanta.

Stanley Ships for America.

LONDON, October 29.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Stanley sailed on the Teutonic, from Liverpool today for New York.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Speaker Reed addressed the republicans of St. Paul, yesterday.

Sir Charles Russell has been retained to defend Slavin and McAuliffe, the prize fighters.

Archbishop Feehan, of Chicago, yesterday celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of his elevation to the episcopacy.

The trouble between the Western Union Telegraph Company and the operators of St. Louis has been amicably settled.

Morris Watts, son of an English capitalist, was shot and fatally wounded by some unknown party, at Middlesborough, Ky., yesterday.

W. D. Jones, a physician, of Osceola, Ark., last Sunday shot and killed Dwight McKinney, whom he caught in his wife's bedroom, and then fatally shot his wife.

The Mississippi convention yesterday refused to reconsider section five, of the franchise report, which requires a voter to be able to read the constitution or understand the same when read to him.

General Mahone has written a letter in which he says Langston is not a resident of Virginia; that he is not the nominee of the republican party, and that he is a disorganizer, and that he hopes he will be defeated.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers is opposed to a general federation with the brakemen, firemen, conductors and other railway employes. J. D. Collins, of Atlanta, Ga., was yesterday elected third grand assistant engineer of the brotherhood.

MR. JOHN WHITE, cashier of the National bank of Athens, is stopping at the Markham.

EDITOR T. LARRY GANTT, of The Athens Banner, is mingling with his many friends in the city today.

Royal Baking Powder
Is Superior to Every Other

The United States Official Investigation

Of Baking Powders, recently made, under authority of Congress, by the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., furnishes the highest authoritative information as to which powder is the best. The Official Report

Shows the ROYAL to be a cream of tartar baking powder, superior to all others in leavening power (*U. S. Dept. Agricult'e Bulletin 13, p. 599.*).

At Wholesale by H. A. Boynton and Shropshire & Dull, Atlanta, Ga.

D. APPLETON & CO.'S
NEW BOOKS.

A SERIES OF STORIES
FOR YOUNG READERS.
VOLUME I.
CROWDED OUT O' CROFIELD,
BY WILLIAM O. STODDARD.
Illustrated by C. T. Hill.

How a plucky country boy made his way. One of the most successful of this popular author's stories.
Bound in cloth, with specially designed cover. 8vo. Price, $1.50.

No. 62, Town and Country Library.
Canada's Great Historical Romance,
THE CANADIANS OF OLD.
BY PHILIPPE GASPE.
Translated by Charles G. D. Roberts.

The scene of this historical romance is laid in the eighteenth century. Among the subjects sketched in the work, which is the classic romance of Canada, are picturesque phases of life in the old seigniories of Quebec, hunting adventures, and the strange legends or Old Canada.
12mo. Paper, 50c. Specially bound in cloth, $1.

OUTINGS AT ODD TIMES.
BY DR. CHARLES C. ABBOTT,
Author of "Days Out of Doors," and "A Naturalist's Rambles About Home."

Dr. Abbott's delightful studies in Natural History have become familiar to many readers, and his new volume is suggestive, instructive, and always interesting.
16mo. Cloth, gilt top, $1.25.

D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
[illegible], New York.



A GREAT SHOE.

My own make, Handsewed 5 Shoe is equal in style, fit and durability to any $7 shoe made. We make them in our own factory, and offer them with a guarantee as to above qualities. See them! Try them, and be convinced. We make no idle claim. SHOE TO MEASURE, BY IMPORTED MAKERS, $6 TO $14.

While attention is called to the above branch of our business, we would have all remember that our stocks of Shoes for men, women and children is the largest and most complete in the south.

JOHN M. MOORE.
33 PEACHTREE.

Dog versus horse at Exposition today. A wonderful trial of speed.

Rev. Sam P. Jones tonight at First Baptist church. Public invited.

"Specialties" To Days
Ryan's

2 GRAND SPECIALS

GOOD ONLY

UNTIL SATURDAY NIGHT!

1,750 Boys' Suits, at $1.25 Suit; worth $5.
10,000 pairs Men's all wool Pants, worth $5, $6, $7, $8 and $9 pair, at

$2.50. PAIR!

JOHN RYAN'S SONS.

A. ROSENFELD & SON



SAY! WE want to tell you something. It is acknowledged by all who have seen our stock of OVERCOATS that it comprises the handsomest and nobbiest styles shown by any house this season. We want you to see them when this sort of weather compels you to go Overcoat hunting. A range of splendid coats from $7.50 to $30 ought to contain something like you are looking for, shouldn't it?

A. ROSENFELD & SON,
Arbiters of Men's Fashions, 24 Whitehall, cor. Alabama St.

COAL VASES!
BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED, WITH
Inside Hod, $2 Each.
KING HARDWARE CO.,
49 Peachtree Street.



KEEP THE BOYS WARM!

We have a large and well assorted stock of Boys' Clothing. Our $5 School suits are unexcelled in value. Our Worsted Dress suits are stylish and cheap. Scotch Plaid Overcoats at $5 that will stand the test of wear. Ask to see those Fine Light Weight Overcoats for the little fellows. We take pleasure in showing our stock.

Lumpkin Cole & Calloway,
CLOTHIERS.
23 WHITEHALL STREET.

FETZER'S
37 Whitehall St.

Be sure to call at Fetzer's and register your guess of the number of people who visit the Exposition, and win our $50 in gold. After guessing you can amuse yourself by buying a Suit or an Overcoat. Correct goods and correct prices.

Remember, the contest closes Thursday evening, October 30th. If you can't come, send your guess by mail.

Fetzer's Clothing Store,
37 Whitehall Street.

Dog versus horse at Exposition today. A wonderful trial of speed.

BEAUTIFUL RACING AND MORE TO COME.

FOUR NOTABLE ONES YESTERDAY

While Today's Programme Is Probably the Best of the Meeting.

SPECIAL FEATURES ANNOUNCED.

A Novel Race Between a Horse and the Troting Dog.

AND A MATCH RACE FOR BLOOD!

Tom Hood,
Billy Gilmore,
Rover,
St. Martin.

Those were the winners in the four races yesterday, and a splendid day's programme it was.

But today's will be even better.

There will be two special features today in addition to the regular programme. These are the race between the horse Bullet and the trotting dog, Doc, and the match race between the two splendid runners Colonel Cox and Fellowbroeck.

The terms of the contest between the trotting dog and the trotting horse are decidedly unique. The owner of the horse enters him to trot ten miles in forty minutes. At the end of the tenth mile the trotting dog, "Doc," joins him, and there is a race between the two for half a mile. This race is for blood. Mr. Butler, who owns Bullet, says he is going to win that money, but Willie Ketchum, who own "Doc," thinks differently.

The regular races today are:

Seven-eights, heats—El Pieto (106), Ban Adonia (104), Mollie B (100).

One mile dash—Statesburg (111), Hiram Wood (115), Nordeck (111), Castilion (110), Hessner (104), Panama (110).

Handicap, one and one-quarter miles—Ed. Hopper (110); May Lillie (90).

Fourth—Match between Colonel Cox and Fellowbroeck, the terms of which are given below.

Four better races than those run at the expoistion grounds yesterday were never run outside the big eastern and western circuits.

They were perfect daisies.

And they held the biggest crowd of the season deeply interested throughout. The grand stand was completely crowded and the quarter stretch and all the over looking terraces were occupied by an enthusiastic multitude.

The horses brought out were the best on the grounds, and the distances and weight matched them to a nicety. The winners were pitted against each other for blood.

All the starts were easily and quickly made and the races were through with at a good hour, which was additionally pleasing to the crowd.

Two horses—fine ones—went lame during the day. One of the horses was a winner. He broke down a moment or so after he had passed under the wire, winning one of the closest and most exciting races ever run on the Piedmont track.

The incident was itself quite exciting, attracting much feeling to the noble animal in his brave race.

The First Race.

The first was a three-quarter mile heat race for three-year-olds and upwards.

Tom Hood, Louis Martin and Ban Adonia were the starters.

Hood was favorite with the bookmakers and the betters selling at considerable odds against the field. Ban Adonia, however, had confident friends, and a good deal of money was put up on her.

In the first heat the three got away in a bunch and kept their positionspretty well for a half mile, when Louis Martin broke down in his front legs and had to be led hobbling up to the judges' stand and the stable.

Tom Hood and Ban Adonia were in the lead when Martin went down. Hood having about a half length the best of it. On the home stretch they retained this position, except that Hood gained steadily, and when the flag fell he was two lengths ahead. The time was 1:19½.

Hood continued the favorite in the second heat.

In it he and Ban Adonia darted off like a pair of arrows shot from the same bow. They were absolutely nose and nose the entire distance until the home stretch when the mare forged ahead a little and passed under the wire with Hood's steaming nostrils at her flanks.

This gave each a heat, and a great deal of excitement about the pool boxes was occasioned.

Pools were being sold on the deciding heat when it was discovered that Ban Adonia's weight was wrong. She had carried 109 pounds instead of 114. The mistake had been made in weighing in for the first heat, and was discovered by Mr. Williams, the owner of Tom Hood. Under the rules the race went to Hood, without running the decisive heat, and the judges so announced.

This turn created considerable confusion and excitement among the bookmakers.

A Great Race.

The second race was between nine horses that have been heard from as winners in various parts of the country.

They were Iago, who won and was sold Tuesday, Fellowbroeck, a son of the great Ten Broeck, Billy Gilmore, who has run first here several time. Charlie, Dahlia, Schoolgirl, another speedy mare, Crown Prince, Colonel Cox, one of the quickest on the turf, and Billy Bush.

It was half mile heats, and three closer and better heats were never run.

At the start the nine got off well together, coming around the back stretch closely bunched, except Billy Bush, who got away badly and never recovered.

Turning into the home stretch, Billy Gilmore got his neck out of the bunch, with Cox pushing him hard. Schoolgirl was also trying to get her head out of the crowd on the last dash, but the others were game.

When the bunch ran under the wire the three first, neither by more than a half length, were Billy Gilmore, Colonel Cox and Schoolgirl. Billy Bush was shut out. Time, 50½—the fastest half ever run on the Piedmont track.

Colonel Cox won the second heat, with Gilmore second and Fellowbreck third. The other six were close up, making an exceedingly exciting heat. It was neck and neck between Gilmore and Cox for almost the entire distance, but Cox, by a magnificent spurt at the stretch, had half a length the best of it at the finish.

The third heat, which was run by Cox and Gilmore, was simply perfect. At the start the two horses put forth their best efforts, and all the way around the track there was no difference between them perceptible to the naked eye. One rider could nearly have straddled both.

Gilmore had the outside. As he swung around the last turn for the final dash, his rider laid on the whip and spur. Cox also was urged on to his speediest trial, ably running his last race, for he sprang forward with a swiftness that was wonderful.

At the wire he was a half length ahead of Cox, wining the heat and the race.

Gilmore had not taken a half-dozen stides beyond the wire when he stumbled and went to his knees. He had run a great race, but it was too much for him. He was broken down completely, and may never wholly recover.

Gilmore's game race created much enthusiasm.

Cox was the favorite in the pools all through.

Another Good One.

Three horses, B. G., Rover and Panama started in the third race, a mile and a half dash.

Rover has won several races here, and consequently was a big favorite in the pools.

On the first half Rover led, with B. G. and Panama following close at his heels. On the next round Panama and B. G. changed places, but Rover still held the lead, which he steadily increased on the last half, winning easily by two lengths. Panama came second, easily leading B. G. The time was 2:46.

The Two-Year-Olds.

There were five two-year-olds to start in the last race.

They were Lady Barry, Jennie W., Marchma, Ben Payne and St. Martin.

Ben Payne led easily until the finish when St. Martin dashed up and beat him under the wire, with Jennie W. third. Ben Payne had the race all to himself until the last turn, when his rider appeared to pull him up to let St. Martin by. Both, however, came home under whip and spur.

A Big Match Race.

For a $500 purse.

There will be an exciting match race run this afternoon

It is between Colonel Cox and Fellowbroeck for $250 a side.

Colonel Cox is owned by Mr. Frank McMahon, and Fellowbroeck by J. H. Pettigo.

Both are first-class horses. Cox has been winning nearly everything he has entered, both in Atlanta, St. Louis and other places. He is regarded as one of the best horses on the circuit. He is by Jack Hardy and dam unknown.

Fellowbroeck is by the great Ten Broeck out of Alice Harper. He has not so far run first in Atlanta, but his owner is confident that he will surprise somebody today.

The two horses are to carry weight for age, and the race is to be run after the regular programme.

Last night the $500 were put up in the hands of Mr. Thomas McBride.

Betting men are taking a great deal of interest in this race. It will, without doubt, be one of the finest events of the meeting, and will be rare sport to lovers of good racing.

What steam is to the engine, Hood's Sarsaparilla is to the body, producing bodily power and furnishing mental force.

If there ever was a specific for any one complaint, then Carter's Little Liver Pills are a spectic for sick headache, and every woman should know this. Only one pill a dose. Try them.

Fresh Complexions

If you have humors, pimples, boils, eruptions, it is because the system needs toning and purifying. Nothing gives such good health, smooth, clean skin and vigorous feeling as Simmons Liver Regulator, a simple vegetable compound. It stimulates the Liver, cleanses the eyes and skin of yellowness, improves digestion and makes the breath pure and sweet.

"I was greatly troubled with boils on my neck and body, and could find nothing to relieve me. Simmons Liver Regulator having been recommended to me, I tried it with complete success and have had no return of them since."—Jas. M. Clement, Agent Phila. & Southern Mail Steamship Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

"Having suffered a long time with Indigestion and Constipation, my health became broken and my complexion assumed a yellowish hue. After using Simmons Liver Regulator for a short time, my health was restored and also the freshness of my complexion."—Mrs. M. Brooks, Clinton, Ga.

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PERSONAL.

The New York Dramatic News has no equal. For sale by John Miller. Price 10 cents. oct 30-tf

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades and furniture, 42 Marietta street. Telephone 77.

Dr. B. M. Woolley, specialist. Opium and whisky habits cured. Office, 104½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. 10-4 d1m

The Manufacture of Eye-Glasses

Requires machinery with curvatures mathematically correct. Faulkner, Kellam & Moore, our leading opticians, have their factory fitted up with machinery made in Paris, France, by the famous Bardou & Sons. No opticians in this country have better facilities for fitting you with fine eye-glasses. Office and factory, Old Capitol building, opposite postoffice. oct 30-2t

DISCOVERY OF THE DIAMOND FIELDS.

What Effect Will It Have Upon the Diamond Market?

It appears from a report just made to the English government that many descriptions of gems and gem stones have been discovered in different parts of the Australian colonies, but no systematic search made for any but the diamond.

Diamonds have been found in New South Wales, Victoria and Queensland, the principal fields being situated at Bingera, the largest stone found thus far weighing 5 5-8 carats.

These discoveries, however, will not affect the prevailing prices of diamonds, as they are but a small addition to the great sources of supply, while the demand is increasing all the time, particularly in America.

Atlanta especially has the benefit of recent large direct importations by Messrs. J. P. Stevens & Bro.

Mr. Stevens spent all of the past summer in Europe, and secured some of the finest stones that have ever been brought into this market. These goods came in bound direct to the Atlanta custom house so that the public have the advantage of buying from first hands when they buy from J. P. Stevens & Bro. Those who are interested in diamonds should see the magnificent stock which is displayed by this establishment.

ANNOUNCEMENT

H. C. SAWTELL is announced, by his friends, as candidate for councilman of the second ward, subject to the action of the citizens' meeting. oct 30-dtd

Scientific Opticians!

Faulkner, Kellam & Moore will guarantee to fit you better, both as to eye-glasses and frames, than any other southern opticians. Their facilities for doing fine optical work are unequaled in the south. 58 Old Capitol building, opposite postoffice. 2t

Our stock of watches is the handsomest and most complete in the city and our prices are surprisingly low. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street. tf

Crowded.

100 very handsome parlor and chamber suits ... Great bargains for ...

NOTHING LIKE IT!

Blood is thicker than water,
and must be kept pure to
insure good health.
Swift's Specific is natures remedy
for this purpose.
It never to fails elimnate the impurties and build up the general health.
There is only one Swift's Specific,
and there is nothing like it.
Be sure and get the genuine.
Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.
The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared prescriptions; used for many years in private practice with success, and for over thirty years used by the people. Every single Specific is a special cure for the disease named.

These Specifics cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the sovereign remedies of the World.

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammation	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting	.25
7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria	.50
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding	.50
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.50
20	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs	.50
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
27	Kidney Disease	.50
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.50
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. Dr. Humphreys' Manual, (144 pages) richly bound in cloth and gold, mailed free. HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

SPECIFICS.

mar 27—dly thur n r mwklyow e

LIEBIG Company's EXTRACT OF BEEF.

For improved and economic cookery. Use it for Soups, Sauces, Made Dishes. (Game, Fish, etc.) The purest meat preparation. Contains no added salt. Is cheaper and of finer flavor than any other stock. One pound equal to forty pounds of lean beef of the value of about $7.50.

J. v. Liebig

Genuine only with Justus von Liebig's signature as shown. oct 23 ly thu 8p

Dog versus horse at Exposition today. A wonderful trial of speed.

To Speculators:

The electric line to the United States barracks has been located. We have considerable property on this line. Now is the time to purchase. Cars will be running by February 1st. Call and see us.
H. L. & E. B. WOODWARD,
24 S. Pryor street.

For Sale--Bargains.

We have for sale large quantities of suburban property in every direction. Vacant lots in the city for $250, payable $25 cash and $10 per month. Houses and lots in all portions of the city. Elegant lots at "Ormewood Park." Special terms to homeseekers.
H. L. & E. B. WOODWARD,
Real Estate Agents,
10 3 3 mo 24 S. Pryor street.

Rev. Sam P. Jones tonight at First Baptist church. Pubilc invited.

Cotton Mill for Lease.

I HAVE A COTTON, OR YARN MILL, THAT I wish to rent to some practical manufacturer on very reasonable terms. Everything in running order for making yarns. Capacity 25,000 pounds per week. If desired, have 200 looms that can be easily set in position. Power, latest improved Harris-Corliss engine. Two boilers that consume about three tons of coal in twelve hours run, to operate all machinery. Building, a three-story brick. For full particulars address,
WM. GARIG,
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WASHBURN Guitars, Mandolins & Zithers in volume and quality of tone are the best in the world. Warranted to wear in any climate. Sold by all leading dealers. Beautifully illustrated descriptive catalogue with portraits of famous artists MAILED FREE. LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO.

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IN ALL THE WORLD THERE IS BUT ONE CURE

DR HAINES GOLDEN SPECIFIC

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of the patient, if necessary. It is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. It operates so quietly and with such certainty that the patient undergoes no inconvenience, and ere he is aware, his complete reform... is effected. 48 page book of particulars free. ... DRUG CO., ... JACOBS PHARMACY, 2 Marietta St. Trade supplied ...

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will get well if he heeds, or die if he ignores, our warning. *Methods Exclusive; Success Unique.* Thousands restored by *Home Treatment.* Guaranteed Testimonials.

OUR NEW BOOK is mailed free for a *limited time.* Its Advice is Vital. All Weaknesses and Diseases of Men treated and *cured.* Address *to-day,* ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

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TO PRINTERS!

For Sale!

A LOT OF SKELETON CHASES, 18½x22½ inches, inside; also a lot of book chases of various sizes, with cross-bars, all complete, and in first-class condition. Address,
CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE,
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Furnishers and Hatters.
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Every line brim full of novelties. The most ...

A Physicians Advice.

I suffered for years
from general debility.
Tried other remedies,
and got no relief.
My Physician prescribed S. S. S.
I increased in flesh;
My appetite improved;
I gained strength;
Was made young again;
It is the best medicine I know of.
Mahaley Turpen, Oakland City, Ind
Send for our book on Blood and Skin Diseases.
Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

"Look Here"

UPON THIS PICTURE, The results of mercury, even in the hands of a skillfull physician, are to be dreaded. In the hands of the populace it becomes exceedingly dangerous; and when compounded into nostrums by ignorant hands it becomes fatal.

AND ON THIS. One Thousand Dollars Will be paid to any competent chemist who will find, on analysis, a particle of Mercury, Potash, or other poisons, in Swift's Specific. It is purely vegetable, and never produces bad effects.

Book on Blood and Skin diseases free.
Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

ENGINES, BOILERS & STEAM PUMPS FOR EVERY PURPOSE.

SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS,
Friction Clutch Pulleys,
Rubber and Leather Belting,
PACKING,
HOSE,
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IRON AND WOOD WORKING **MACHINERY**
PIPE FITTINGS,
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FEED WATER HEATERS,
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AND MILL SUPPLIES AND TOOLS.

R. H. RICHARDS & CO., 59 S. Broad St., ATLANTA, GA.

FOR YOUNG LADIES ONLY!

Every young unmarried lady in the Piedmont region should try fo the handsomest $100 Charter Oak Wire Gauze Door

RANGE,

A special premium at the Exposition, offered by the old reliable stove house of Hunnicutt & Bellingrath for the best loaf of salt yeast light bread, baked by a young, unmarried lady.

If you are about to get married, now is your chance for a handsome, useful, economical Range, free. The judges to be selected by the exposition directors. Samples of bread to be sent them by October 29th. Premium decided October 30th.

This Range will be on exhibition at

Hunnicutt & Bellingrath's MANTEL DISPLAY

At Entrance in Main Building.

sun t aur

PEYTON H. SNOOK.

MY FRIENDS and the public in general are cordially invited to call at my space in the m building and see the handsomest display of

ARTISTIC FURNITURE

Ever shown in the south. These goods with a single exception were taken from my warerooms and not made specially for exhibition purposes. My "Parisian Salon" Outfit, English Breakfast Room American Bedroom and Japanese Bazaar, are typical and exact reproductions of the epoch and country they represent, and should be seen by every one visiting the Exposition Grounds. It will be my aim in future to show these lines, in my warerooms, No. 7 and 9 Marietta street, just as they are here represented. Rooms for which are now being decorated and will be ready when the Exposition closes

MR. SHERIDAN, who thoroughly understands colors and harmony, is in charge of the Exhibit and will take orders for any article in the display and guarantee satisfaction.

In the meantime my warerooms are filled with ONE THOUSAND

Parlor, Chamber, and Dining-Room Suits, Hat Racks, Side-Boards, Book Cases, Wardrobes, Fancy Chairs, and Fancy Cabinet Work, from the Celebrated Grand Rapids Factories.

Visitors are cordially invited to call at

7 and 9 MARIETTA STREET,
ATLANTA, GA.
P. H. SNOOK.

19tuses-thrus-n-ute

BATES & HALL,

Stocks, Bonds and Loans

14 WEST ALABAMA STREET.

Ladies' Column.

HAVE YOUR OLD HATS REPAIRED BY Bussey, the old hat man, 2½ Marietta st. 10-9-dtf ex sun

FEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED; also kid gloves cleaned. Phillips, 14 Marietta street. sun. wed. fri

Business Chances.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—WANTED AN active patent medicine man with some capital to take charge and place on market the finest blood medicine formula on earth. Testimonials and references on application to Jonas Schrrab & Co., Birmingham, Ala. 2t

TO SELL NEW ADVERTISING DEVICE TO merchants and manufacturers. Big pay. Steady work. Enclose stamp. Arc B. Manufacturing Co., Racine, Wis. oct 26-d1m tues,thur,sat

INVESTIGATE THIS 100 PER CENT PAYING investment. "Railroad Record" for sale. Will pay for itself in a year. Address Record Publishing Co., 8½ Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. oct 28 d-7t

WANTED—A PARTNER FOR BEST PAYING business in Florida; write at once. Business, care Constitution office. 8 10 dtf

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN A chartered, established, good-paying, medicinal, manufacturing business, for $1,500. Address "Manufacturer," 75½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga. july19-dtf

Wanted—Agents.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL THE PINLESS Cloths Line; the only line ever invented that holds the cloths without pins; a perfect successe patent recently issued; sold only by agents, to whom the exclusive right is given; on receipt of 50 cents we will send a sample line by mail; also circulars; price list and terms to agents; secure your territory at once. Address the Pinless Clothes Line company, 17 Hermon street, Worchester, Mass. jun 26—6m thur sun

LADY AGENTS COINING MONEY—WONDERful new rubber undergarment; sells itself. Proof free. Address Little & Co., 216 Clark street, Chicago, Ill. jan9—dtf

FITS STOPPED FREE Marvelous success. Insane Persons Restored Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER for all Brain & Nerve Diseases. Only sure cure for Nerve Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc. Infallible if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. ...

Situations Wanted—Male.

SITUATION DESIRED BY A YOUNG MAN twenty-five years of age in any mercantile business situated in the south, southwest or west. At present head bookkeeper; can furnish the best of reference. Object, change of climate. Address A. B., Box 1,275, Brockton, Mass. thur-sat-mon

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG ENGLISHman, well educated. Latin, Greek, etc. Can speak German. Good knowledge of botany and gardening. L. P. B., P. O. Box 7, Cordele, Ga. 3t

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON LONG TIME; REPAYable monthly: on real estate security; no delay. The Merchants' and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Company. James L. Logan, Jr., cashier, 13 North Broad street. sat-sun-tue-thu

MONEY TO LOAN—I HAVE AMPLE FACILities for negotiating loans on improved property in Atlanta in sums of $500 to $5,000, at lowest current rates. Francis Fontaine, 48½ Marietta street. oct 28 d 1w

MONEY TO LOAN—ON IMPROVED REAL estate in Atlanta and suburbs. Large or small amounts; long or short time; no delay. Read & Brandon, 38½ South Broad street. 10-3-d1m

THE SOUTHERN LOAN AND BANKING CO. has ample facilities for making loans on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 and upwards at 6 per cent; commissions moderate. J. E. Morris, cashier, 23½ Whitehall st. sep28-dtf

MONEY TO LEND AT LOWEST RATES ON city or farm lands in adjoining counties, long or short time or by installment to suit borrower. Money here, so no delay. S Barnett, 15½ S. Broad street. aug21-d6m

C. P. N. BARKER NEGOTIATES REAL ESTATE loans at low rates. Room 32, Traders' bank building.

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—TO BUY, FOR CASH, A GOOD second-hand typewriter, either Remington or Caligraph. Address P. O. Box 253.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

INJECTORS—GEO. R. LOMBARD & CO., AUgusta Ga., are headquarters for the best and cheapest made. jan16—tf thu

ELEGANT AND CORRECT STYLES OF WEDding invitations are furnished by the Constitution Job Office; samples are expensive and will be sent upon receipt of 25c; no need to send to New York; we can please the most fastidious. Address Constitution Job Office, Atlanta, Ga.

For Rent—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR ... RESIDENCE NO. 31 MERRITTS ...

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ATTORNEYS.

Howard E. W. Palmer, Chas. A. Read, Morris Brandon,
READ & BRANDON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
38½ South Broad Street.
10-3-d6m-top col

HUGH V. WASHINGTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, MACON, GA.
Commercial claims, damages and real estate claims given careful attention in state and United States courts. oct 8-6mos

DANIEL W. ROUNTREE,
COUNSELOR AT LAW,
70 and 71 Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 1030. Georgia reports bought, sold and exchanged. 1 yr

N. J. & T. A. HAMMOND,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS A LAW.
Rooms Nos. 41 and 42, Gate City Bank building. T. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking Depositions in Fulton county.

Wm. A. Haygood. Hamilton Douglas.
HAYGOOD & DOUGLAS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office 17 Peachtree st. ATLANTA, GA.

EDMUND W. MARTIN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
No. 55 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 512.

THOMAS WILLINGHAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Hillyer Building, corner Alabama and Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. Will practice in the state and federal courts. 4d1y

BENJAMIN H. HILL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Will practice in state and United States courts. Office 34 Peachtree, rooms 1 and 2. Office telephone 149 Residence 1232—three calls.

H. C. Johnson. I. H. Johnson.
JOHNSON & JOHNSON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
(N. J. Hammond's old office.) 21 East Alabama street. ATLANTA, GA.

THOMAS W. LATHAM,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.
Commercial law and collection. Room 45. Gould Building, Decatur street. Telephone 100. Atlanta, Ga.

SURGERY.

OPIUM HABIT CURED OR NO PAY

Address John W Nelms, 24 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., or Dr. J. A. Nelms, Smyrna, Ga.
mar 22-d1yr. Nelms & Nelms.

DR. JULIAN P. THOMAS, SPECIALIST,
DISEASES OF THE SKIN.
Chamberlin & Johnson building, Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga. Office hours from 9 to 12 and 2 to 6. Room 7. sep28—d1y

LESUEUR & DRIVER,
ARCHITECTS.
No. 46, second floor in old capitol building. Atlanta.

EDMUND G. LIND,
ARCHITECT.
63½ Whitehall Street, corner of Hunter.

L. B. WHEELER & W. T. DOWNING,
ARCHITECTS, ATLANTA, GA.
Office fourth floor Chamberlin & Boynton building corner Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take elevator.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

B. M. Hall. James R. Hall. Max Hall.
HALL BROTHERS,
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS
Room No. 69, Gate City National Bank building, Atlanta, Ga. General surveying, city work, mines, quarries, water powers, water works. Construction superintended. apr 12 ly

Lost.

LOST—LAST NIGHT A DIAMOND FLY SCARF pin. Finder will please return to this office and receive reward.

LOST—VINAGARET, MONOGRAM S. F. H. Return and receive reward.

LOST ON WHITEHALL STREET BETWEEN Alabama and Hunter, about 5 o'clock Wednesday evening, a notched cain with a buckhorn head painted black. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at J. J. Faber's, 28½ Whitehall street. 2t

Furnished Rooms.

FURNISHED ROOM. WITH GAS, WATER etc., to rent to gentlemen, at 153 Ivy street.

FOR RENT—AT NO. 90 WALTON, CORNER Spring, two handsomely furnished front rooms, with hot and cold baths; best board can be had in immediate vicinity; gentlemen preferred; references exchanged. oct 28-dtf

For Rent—Miscellaneous

FOR RENT—A NEW STORE, CORNER EDGEwood avenue and Ivy street. Apply at office East Atlanta Land Co. 9-19-tf

Personal.

THE CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE HAS AN elegant line of wedding invitations. Have yours printed by us. Address W. J. Campbell, Manager, Atlanta, Ga. oct 26-d1w

MERCHANTS AND ALL SHIPPERS OF freight in Georgia should have a copy of R. R. Commissioners' Rates on all articles of freight, so as to avoid overcharges or errors in freight bills. Send 15 cents and receive the pamphlet postpaid. Address Constitution Job Office, Atlanta, Ga. 9-26-dtf

Machinery for Sale.

FOR SALE—A FULL 12-HORSE BOILER AND 8-horse engine. Address P. O. Box 326.

BOILERS, BOILERS, BOILERS—16 SECOND hand and 54 new boilers and engines at buyer's prices. Casey & Hedges Boiler Works, Chattanooga, Tenn. oct 26-d10t

For Sale—Horses, Carriages, Etc

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-PASSENger phaeton, good as new. Cheap for the cash. J. C. Bridger, 14 S. Broad. oct15-tf

Wanted—Boarders.

WANTED—AT 22 WHEAT STREET, FOUR young men to occupy front room. Also accommodations for four more. A trial asked, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Help Wanted—Male.

WANTED—TWELVE WHITE RAILROAD teamsters and one good white man to cook. Apply Miller & Brady's Livery Stable.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN OF ABILITY in every city, town and village to act as agents for The Ladies's Home Journal. We want the best obtainable class of agents, and to such, unusual terms will be offered. The Journal is the handsomest periodical for ladies and the family ever issued, and has nearly half a million subscribers. It will be advertised the coming autumn and winter on a larger scale than ever before, creating a demand that agents should be ready to fill. Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia. 10-4-d13t. sat tues thur

WANTED—SEVERAL EXPERIENCED traveling salesmen familiar with notion and white goods business to represent us in Georgia and Alabama. We can offer special inducements to first-class men with an established trade. Address Henry, Maslin & Co., 38 Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md. oct 26 4t sun tues thur sat

TRAVELING SALESMAN (30) SEVEN YEARS experience in dry goods and notions, domestics, cotton goods, and staple specialties, desires position; established trade throughout southern states; satisfactory sales guaranteed; hard worker; gilt-edge references. Address "Lamar," P. O. box 341, Columbus, Ga. sun tues thur

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMY able bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35 years; good pay, rations, clothing and medical attendance. Apply at corner Broad and McIntosh streets, Augusta, Ga. july24-6m thu

CRACKER PEELER WANTED—STEADY EMployment. Apply to Winn, Johnson & Co., Macon, Ga. oct-27-d-3t

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS PRACTICAL OIL mill superintendent. Van Winkle Gin and Manufacturing Co. oct 24-d1w.

FOUR GOOD BOOK PRINTERS CAN FIND employment at the Constitution Job Office. oct 17-tf

WANTED—A LIVE ENERGETIC PARTY IN every place to introduce our goods; we have a new line that will sell at every house and agents can reap a harvest between now and the holidays; will pay a salary of $75 per month, if preferred, and furnish a team free. Address, at once, Standard Silver Ware Company, Boston, Mass. oct17-d2m

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMAN FOR Georgia trade. Only those who can command trade need address "Hardware," care box 814, postoffice, Baltimore. 8, 10-dtf

Help Wanted—Female.

WANTED—A LADY TO TAKE CHARGE OF hotel. Address, with good reference, W. A. Torrell, Greenville, Ga.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT NO. 33 E. FAIR street. oct 26-dtf

I WISH TO EMPLOY A FEW LADIES ON salary to take charge of my business at their homes. Light, very fascinating and healthful. Wages $10 per week. Reference given. Good pay for part time. Address with stamp, Mrs. Marion Walker, Louisville, Ky. dtf

Rooms.

... COMFORTABLE ROOMS FOR ...

A Chang-!

DIAMONDS

Last week we gave Atlanta the handsomest display of Diamonds ever seen in the South, but this week we shall eclipse anything ever before shown by us, and you will miss much if you pass our South window without a glance.

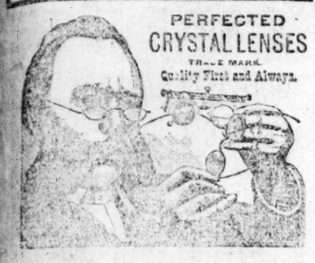
Freeman & Crankshaw

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 51½ Whitehall St.

DIAMONDS WATCHES JEWELRY SILVERWARE

Our prices are now lower than ever and our stock more complete. Wedding and birthday presents.

MAIER & BERKELE, JEWELERS, 93 WHITEHALL ST.



PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES

TRADE MARK.

Quality First and Always.

FAULKNER, KELLAM & MOORE, Scientific Opticians,

Have a thoroughly-equipped factory, with all the latest machinery direct from Paris, France, for the manufacture of eye-glasses. Visitors are invited to call and be fitted with a pair of these celebrated glasses. Office and factory, Old Capitol building, opposite Postoffice.

A. L. KONTZ

WILL BE THE NEXT MAYOR OF ATLANTA,

BUT

WILL SELL YOU

KEMPTON, DELKIN & CO.

Store Property on Marietta St.

For $4,750.

Renting for $52 per Month.

BEAT THIS TICKET IF YOU CAN.

Ansley Brothers, Real Estate.

$8,500—CAPITOL AVENUE LOT, VERY near in, 50x200.

$1,600—Pulliam street lot, street paved; a bargain.
$8,000—4¼ acres on South Boulevard, having streets on all sides. The best in city to subdivide.
$2,500—Richardson street house and lot, near Pryor.
$1,700—Capitol avenue lot, 53x190, near Georgia ave.
$2,100—E. Pine street house and lot, near Courtland.
$4,000—South Pryor house and lot this side Fair.
$6,500—Business corner lot, 75 feet front, close in
$3,000—Two Forrest avenue lots, 52½x150 each.
$3,100—Jackson street lot, 50x150, near Highland ave.
Richardson street vacant lot in gilt-edge neighborhood, for about $2,000. Owner is very anxious to sell.
$1,500—For prettiest vacant lot in town for the money; everything about it first-class, and it will go in next few days.
$3,000—Lot 100x200 on corner, four lots 50x100 on good street; very pretty and cheap.
$5,200—Capitol avenue corner lot 100x200, with nice 5-room cottage on it. Don't miss it.
$4,500—Lot on Highland ave., this side of Jackson St., 121x190, 6-room house and streets on three sides.
$35—One-half cash; 4-room house and lot renting for $10.
$2,300—Courtland avenue lot near Currier street.
$2,500—Washington street lot near Clarke street.
$2,200—West Peachtree lot, 100x200, near Kimball.
$3,000—Spring street lot near Baltimore block.

DECATUR PROPERTY.

$4,200—11½ acres land and 5-room cottage, in corporate limits. A big bargain.
$2,100—5-room cottage near depot, one acre lot.
Some beautiful vacant property, $500 to $1,200 per acre. Office 10 E. Alabama St.

—ATLANTA—

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

5 South Pryor Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

We offer the following bargains:
Fourteen acres two miles from car shed, a little east of Boulevard, $725 per acre.
Three acres on Green's Ferry avenue inside city streets on all sides, $2,500.
Cornwalt street lot 50x150, $900.
Currier street 125x162, corner, $2,000.
Highland avenue, 7-room house, lot 121x190, streets on three sides, $6,850.
Choice lots on Calhoun north of Ponce de Leon avenue.
Some investment property paying handsome interest.
Large tract of coal and timber land in Tennessee, $3.50 per acre.
1,000 acres hardwood timber land in North Carolina, $3.50 per acre.
Some choice acreage near city that will repay investigation. Call for particulars. sep 2, d1y-Sp

Railroad Commission Tariff

EVERY MERCHANT AND SHIPPER SHOULD have a pamphlet giving the freight rates for every article of shipment over Georgia railroads. We have corrected the railroad commissioner's tariff rates to October 1st and have published same in pamphlet form of 36 pages. Send 15 cents to CONSTITUTION Job Office, Atlanta, Ga.

THE COURT MARTIAL.

THE THIRD OF DECEMBER, IN ATLANTA, AT THE CAPITOL.

The Same Charge Against All Four of the Men—The Organization of the Court.

December 3d.

The adjutant general's office in the new capitol.

That's where the court-martial will assemble for the trial of the four members of the Gate City Guard, charged with conduct unbecoming officers and gentlemen.

These are the members of the court:
Colonel C. M. Wiley, of Macon, president.
Colonel John S. Candler, judge advocate.
Captain Ed Young, Greensboro.
Captain O. T. Kenan, Macon.
Captain John A. Miller, Atlanta.
Captain T. B. Cabaniss, Forsyth.

THE OFFICIAL ORDER.

The adjutant general's order for the court martial was issued yesterday.

It reads:

ATLANTA, Ga., October 29.—Charges and specifications thereunder having been presented in this department by W. L. Calhoun, lieutenant colonel, commanding the Fourth Georgia battalion, against Alonzo C. Sneed, captain commanding Company B, said battalion, and Charles B. Roberts, junior second lieutenant Company B, said battalion, and J. Harry Spillman and Benjamin P. Myers, privates Company B, said battalion:

It is ordered that a general court martial be convened in the city of Atlanta, on the 3d day of December, 1890, at the office of this department in the capitol building, composed of Lieutenant Colonel C. M. Wiley, commander of the Second battalion Georgia volunteers; Captain Ed Young, commanding Company A, Ninth battalion Georgia volunteers; Captain O. T. Kenan, commanding Macon Hussars, First battalion Georgia cavalry; Captain John A. Miller, commanding the Governor's Horse Guard, First battalion Georgia cavalry; Captain Thomas B. Cabaniss commanding Quitman Guards, Georgia volunteers, and the Colonel John S. Candler, judge advocate general, as required to act as judge advocate at said court martial. Said officers will report at the place and date designated in this order, promptly at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the trial of said Alonzo C. Sneed, Charles M. Roberts, Benjamin P. Myers and J. Harry Spillman, under specifications aforesaid.

By order of John B. Gordon, governor of Georgia, and commander-in-chief army and navy of Georgia.

JOHN McINTOSH KELL,
Adjutant and Inspector General.

A Statement.

The statement in yesterday's issue of this paper that THE CONSTITUTION was in possession, on Monday evening, of every detail of the story involving four members of the Gate City Guard and of all the papers published Tuesday afternoon in The Journal, was absolutely correct. The very lame defense of its violation of its promise, made in yesterday's Journal, is in no sort on weaker than in that where an attempt is made to score a point on THE CONSTITUTION using a "copy" The Journal's copy of the official papers. The custom is universal in newspaper offices to use reprint copy when possible, hence its use in this case.

E. K. OBER, City Editor.

[Communicated.]

GENERAL L. J. GARTRELL.

A Brief Sketch of His Public Career—For the Senate.

EDITOR CONSTITUTION: The candidacy of that distinguished statesman, General L. J. Gartrell for United States senator, comes to be more and with general favor. This is particularly true when it is considered what a strong hold General Gartrell has on the masses. His sympathy with the laboring classes is no new thing. His record of more than forty years demonstrates that he is true to the people. We respectfully submit the following article published many years ago, showing how General Gartrell has stood in the past, and as the people are now looking to records, and not mere professions, it will be well to consider his claims on the public:

General Gartrell is a native of Wilkes county, and was educated at Randolph Macon college, in Virginia, and Franklin college, at Athens, Ga. He read law under General Robert Toombs, was admitted to the bar in 1842 and settled at Washington, Ga., where he soon rose to prominence in his profession. He formed a partnership there with the Hon. Isaiah T. Irwin, a prominent member of the bar of that section, and later was the partner of the lamented Judge Garnett Andrews, who, for many years, graced the bench by his ability and impartiality. In 1843, General Gartrell was elected, by the general assembly, solicitor general of the Northern judicial circuit, and discharged the duties of that position for nearly four years, with acknowledged ability and fidelity. Until the summer of 1847, when he was chosen, by his fellow-citizens of Wilkes county, to represent them in the legislature. For the next term, he was re-elected, and, during his whole term of service in that body, took an active part in the debate and in the enactment of all general laws for the benefit of the people, and, as the records of the house and the comments of the public press at the time will show, discharging his duties to the entire satisfaction of his constituents, and attracting the attention of the people all over the state, by his ability as a legislator.

After thus serving the people for four years, he continued the practice of his profession in the north circuit, with great success, until 1854, when he removed to Atlanta, where he has since resided.

In the celebrated contest between Hon. Hiram Warner and Hon. B. H. Hill for congress in 1855 he took an active part in the interest of Judge Warner, the democratic candidate, by his efforts, contributing largely to Judge Warner's election, and in 1856, being appointed presidential elector on the Buchanan Breckinridge ticket, he canvassed his district and other portions of the state in favor of their election, and cast his vote, as a member of the electoral college, for those able and distinguished democrats.

His efforts on the stump during these campaigns are well remembered by thousands of our people as having been exceedingly powerful and effective. Judge Warner declined a re-election to congress in 1857, when General Gartrell was nominated and elected by a large majority, though the district was one of those most closely contested, and in 1859 he was re-elected by a largely increased majority. While in the federal congress, where he remained until the state seceded, he was a member of the committee on elections, was a regent of the Smithsonian Institute, took an active part in the most important debates of these eventful sessions, and was, on all hands, regarded as one of the most prominent members of that memorable congress. After Georgia had withdrawn from the union and developments rendered it certain that war was inevitable, returning to his native state, he raised the celebrated Seventh Georgia regiment, was unanimously elected its colonel and with it entered the confederate army. While absent in the army with his command he was elected to the confederate congress and resigned his commission to take his seat in that body in 1862, with the understanding on his part, that he would remain in congress but one term. In this congress, composed of the very ablest southern statesmen, he was made chairman of the judicial committee—being assigned to that position by Speaker Bocock, that eminent Virginian—thus filling the most important station in the lower branch of the confederate congress. It was a time demanding the work of full grown statesmen and here General Gartrell was ably tried and found to be worthy and well qualified, for here he rendered most valuable and timely service to the confederate cause as is shown by the journals and remembered by his fellow members.

Declining a re-election to congress, he re-entered the army, was made brigadier general, and organized Gartrell's brigade, which he commanded to the close of the war.

Of his life and conduct since the war, it is hardly needful to say anything. Although at all times taking a deep interest in political affairs, he has devoted himself to the practice of his profession, and none who have witnessed his devotion to duty, his untiring industry and his signal matchless ability in this useful and honorable sphere, can doubt his capacity for public position. His voluntary and gratuitous defense of the Columbus prisoners, charged with the assassination of Ashburn, endeared him to our whole people, and entitles him to the gratitude of lovers of liberty and justice everywhere. His zealous defense of hundreds of Georgians in the federal courts has proven their best, and often only, mode of escape from improper conviction for alleged infractions of the revenue laws.

General Gartrell was selected to make the opening effort in the Tilden and Hendricks campaign in 1876, and right nobly did he discharge this patriotic duty, fully demonstrating the importance and necessity of democratic victory, and affording fine proof of his own familiarity with the principles underlying our complex system of government, and controlling its operations when properly administered.

In 1877, ex-Governor Charles J. Jenkins, that grand old Georgian, with whom years before General Gartrell served in the state legislature, made him chairman of the committee on the executive department in the constitutional convention—one of its most important committees. Here he did good work for the people, as the published journals fully attest—having contributed very largely to the adoption of the measures guarding the public treasury, and to the good features of the constitution framed by that body.

It will be remembered that this convention largely reduced the immense patronage of the executive, provided for the enactment of laws regulating freight and passenger tariff on railroads, and checked the accumulation of county and municipal indebtedness, besides adopting many other wholesome economy measures. In fine, Mr. Editor, General Gartrell has been tried in many very important public trusts, and has so filled them as always to [illegible]

that if General Gartrell is elected he will not exert all his great powers in the interests of the people. "By their fruits shall ye know them," and judging him by his record he stands out today the most prominent figure before the people, honored by their confidence, and prepared by long experience to fight their battles.

MANY CITIZENS.

Atlanta, 29th October, 1890.

THE YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY.

The Growth and Progress of One of Atlanta's Noblest Institutions.

The Young Men's Library Association is in a most prosperous condition.

There are now 14,000 volumes in the library.

Among the new publications on file are The North American Review, Popular Science Monthly, The Eclectic, The Cosmopolitan, Current Literature, The Century, Lippincott's, The Nation, The Jeweller's Weekly, Dixie and other periodicals.

The elegant rooms are open to visitors, whether subscribers or not, and a comparison between this year and last shows that in September, 1889, there were 350 members, whereas there are now 700 members of the association. Much of this is due to the indefatigable, exertions of Mr. W. F. Slaton, of the boys high school, who is now president of the association. Professor Slaton has been ably seconded in his work by the board of directors—Captain W. D. Ellis, Dr. I. S. Hopkins, Mr. A. A. Meyer, Judge Will Haight, C. A. Read, George R. DeSaussure, J. K. Nutting, George P. Forbes, E. M. Mitchell, Joe Hirsch, A. V. Gude, W. G. Cooper, S. Sams and J. V. Tompkins.

President Slaton has brought in, on his own account, 207 of the new members.

The library rooms have become the popular resort of girls and boys connected with the public schools, who go there to rehearse their recitations. It is an institution of which the people of Atlanta are justly proud, and it is growing in public favor day by day, as its merits become better known

Supreme Court of Georgia—October Term, 1890.

Order of circuits, with the number of cases remaining undisposed of:

Augusta	29	Ocmulgee	11
Eastern	27	Macon	37
Northern	15	Chattahoochee	12
Western	8	Patauia	5
Northeastern	6	Southwestern	14
Blue Ridge	3	Albany	11
Cherokee	24	Southern	1
Rome	22	Oconee	6
Coweta	6	Brunswick	3
Flint	6		

PROCEEDINGS YESTERDAY.

Messrs. M. R. Freeman and W. W. Wooten were admitted to practice at this bar. The following cases were disposed of:

STONE MOUNTAIN CIRCUIT.

Gore v. State. Dismissed.
Brittain v. Howell. Withdrawn.
Kimbrell, et al. v. Walters, Sons & Co. Argued, Simmons & Corrigan, for plaintiff in error. No appearance, contra.
Veal v. Veal et al. Argued. Simmons & Corrigan, for plaintiff in error. Cox & Reed, W. M. Ragsdale and J. B. Steward, contra.
Vining v. Morrow, et al. Withdrawn.

MIDDLE CIRCUIT.

Taylor v. Kemp, et al. Argued. W. Hobby and Dell & Wade, plaintiff in error. T. H. Potter contra.
Waters v. New England Mortgage Security Co, Continued.
Faligant v. Taber. Withdrawn.
Gay v. Wadley. Argued. Rogers & Potter, for plaintiff in error. No appearance, contra.

Adjourned to Friday morning at 9 o'clock. The Augusta circuit will not be taken up before Monday week, 10th proximo.

Georgia Bromine-Lithia water cures skin diseases.

A. J. WEST. H. F. WEST.

A. J. WEST & CO.,

REAL ESTATE,

7 PRYOR STREET, KIMBALL HOUSE.

Large pretty lots, Tennelle, Estora and Pearl streets, just across street from Inman park, dummy in front, $650, $700, $800 and $900 each.
Three 25-feet lots, near in, fronting Marietta street and W. and A. railroad, a bargain.
2-room house, large lot, Highland ave., $1,000.
52x207 feet, Plum street corner Third street, $1,000.
Beautiful Ponce de Leon avenue lot, $15,000.
Fine vacant lot, 100 feet square, cor. North ave. and Calhoun street, $4,000.
210 feet square cor. Carter and Davis sts., $6,500.
217x420 feet West Peachtree st., $40 per front foot.
Cheap business property, Marietta street storehouse, etc., $3,800.
Business property, storehouse and vacant lot, Peters st., $5,000.
200x184 feet, Bowder st., $20 per front foot.
House and lot, Fillmore st., $1,050.
House and lot, Butler st., $2,000.
400x264 feet, Boulevard, $25 per front foot.
Valuable tract running from Ponce de Leon to North ave, will make four lots, $15,000.
100x220 feet corner Peachtree and Cain st., cheap.
Cyprus st. lots near Peachtree st., $1,000 each.
West Peachtree st. lots, $50 per front foot.
West Peachtree st. lots, near in, $5,000 each.
Edgewood ave lots cheap.
Highland ave. lots, $800 each.
Angier ave. lots, $1,000 each.
Valuable tract, Hapeville, $5,800.
A handsome tract of land four miles from carshed on Flat Shoals road.
112 acres fronting largely on two very prominent roads. Call for figure.
The finest place in Fulton county in West End, 10 acres handsomely improved. Can be had for $15,000. Money lent.
Money now in hand to loan on real estate.

A. J. WEST & CO.

REAL ESTATE.

Goldsmith's Real Estate Agency.

30 South Broad Street.

23 acres, near Boulevard and Piedmont exposition.
2 acres, on Boulevard—choice and beautiful.
10 acres, shady, lovely and cheap, West End.
8 acres, on and near Chestnut street, very cheap.
9 lots, on Hunter st., one block electric line.
10 lots, on McGruder, beautiful, near electric line.
3 lots, Rankin st., choice and cheap; each $500.
24 lots, near Boulevard, bargains; each $500.
16 lots, Angier av.; look at them, $200.
25 lots, shady and nice; near dummy line; $250.
11 lots, Angier av.; buy these now; $200.
12 lots, on Georgia av., very desirable; look at them.
5 lots, on Martin st., near Georgia av.; choice.
10 lots, on Bass and Lamar, shady and nice.
Fine lot on Grant st., close to Jones, $1,000.
Lovely lot, shady, 200 feet from Capitol av., $950.
Level, nice lot, Dairy st., 100 ft. from Luckie, $550.
Nice, level lot, Currier st., near Jackson, $600.
Shady lot, lies near South Boulevard, $850.
Nice Boulevard lots for elegant homes, $35 f. ft.
$7,000 buys the prettiest lot, large, W. Peachtree.
$3,000 gets the choicest lot on Jackson st.
$1,600—Lovely cor lot, between two car lines.
$4,500 buys the most beautiful central lot in city.
$600 for east Atlanta lot, shady; on car line.
$2,650 buys the prettiest home on Capitol av.
$5,000—Gets the nicest home on Highland av.
$8,500—For largest, prettiest home, Edgewood.
$4,000—For large lot, 8-r-h, acre, Edgewood.
$3,300—Large lot, 10 r-h, cheap; West End.
$3,000—Beautiful, shaded lot, 6-r-h; West End.
$4,000—Large lot and 3 houses on car line, city.
$3,300—Large lot and 4 houses, on electric line.
$1,400—House and lot, 49 ft., Highland av.; cheap.
$1,200—Large lot and 3 r-h, nice grounds; see it.
$2,500—Nice 3 r-h, on one prettiest street in city.
$ 950—Brand new house on nice lot, E. Atlanta.
$950 for 2 lots and 2 5 r-h, all rented; cheap.
$650 for 3 lots and 2 houses, all rented; cheap.
$3,600—Two-story brick house, business st.; rented.
$2,000—Store and 3 r-h, on business st.
$1,150—Store, cor., and 3 r-h on business st, rented.
Call at 30 S. Broad street.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate.

I CAN RENT

Twenty houses this week, if comfortable and well located. House owners bring in your consignments. My rent department is thoroughly equipped.

Messrs. Harwell and Mahone show houses and collect rents promptly, and Mr. Howard, my cashier, will render statements regularly.

Bring in your house at once. Demand greater than the supply. People will come to Atlanta.

G. W. ADAIR,

The Liver

When out of order, involves every organ of the body. Remedies for some other derangement are frequently taken without the least effect, because it is the liver which is the real source of the trouble, and until that is set right there can be no health, strength, or comfort in any part of the system. Mercury, in some form, is a common specific for a sluggish liver; but a far safer and more effective medicine is

Ayer's Pills.

For loss of appetite, bilious troubles, constipation, indigestion, and sick headache, these Pills are unsurpassed.

"For a long time I was a sufferer from stomach, liver, and kidney troubles, experiencing much difficulty in digestion, with severe pains in the lumbar region and other parts of the body. Having tried a variety of remedies, including warm baths, with only temporary relief, about three months ago I began the use of Ayer's Pills, and my health is so much improved that I gladly testify to the superior merits of this medicine."—Manoel Jorge Pereira, Porto, Portugal.

"For the cure of headache, Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the most effective medicine I ever used."—R. K. James, Dorchester, Mass.

"When I feel the need of a cathartic, I take Ayer's Pills, and find them to be more effective than any other pill I ever took."—Mrs. B. C. Grubb, Burwellville, Va.

"I have found in Ayer's Pills, an invaluable remedy for constipation, biliousness, and kindred disorders, peculiar to miasmatic localities. Taken in small and frequent doses, these Pills

Act Well

on the liver, restoring its natural powers, and aiding it in throwing off malarial poisons."—C. F. Alston, Quitman, Texas.

"Whenever I am troubled with constipation, or suffer from loss of appetite, Ayer's Pills set me right again."—A. J. Kiser, Jr., Rock House, Va.

"In 1858, by the advice of a friend, I began the use of Ayer's Pills as a remedy for biliousness, constipation, high fevers, and colds. They served me better than anything I had previously tried, and I have used them in attacks of that sort ever since."—H. W. Hersh, Judsonia, Ark.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

GEO. WARE. JOHN S. OWENS.

WARE & OWENS,

—THE LIVE—

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

41 S. Broad, Cor. Alabama St.

$50 PER FOOT FOR WEST PEACHTREE property that will bring $100 in twelve months.
$1,200—Property renting for $20 per month, and near the half mile circle.
$600—Cash and $25 per month for one of the neatest little cottages on Houston street, 50x150 to alley.
If you want a very central Wheat street place call on us.
$2,500—For 4 houses renting for $24 month; and room on lot for 4 more.
Two neat well-built 5-room cottages in a good renting section that we want to sell.
$22,500—Very central Marietta street property, 100x200, running through to Walton.
62x185 with a good 4-r house on Jackson street, near Forrest avenue, cheap for $3,750.
$650—E. Harris street lot, 50x190, renting for $5 month. Improve it and get $15.
$1,100—Hill street lot, adjoining Mrs. Wheat's new house. Cheaper than anything on the street.
If you contemplate building on the Boulevard, don't buy till you see us, we are offering the choicest lots there
Angier avenue lot, 55x240, running through to Rankin—the prettiest thing on the street.
4-r cottage in good condition on a lot 50x200, with a 12-foot side alley, Vine street, near Fair. Cheap for $1,250.
$5,000—For one of the nicest 2-story houses on Smith str et; all modern improvements, lot 70 feet front and near Whitehall.
$600—McDaniel street, corner lot, 50x100. The new electric line will run right by it, then you'll wish you had bought it.
$2,000—W. Fair street, 6-r house in good condition.
$650—Fraser street lot, near Georgia avenue.
$960—Formwalt street lot, 50x150.
$30 cash and $10 per month will secure you a beautiful building lot in west Atlanta.
$3,500—Marietta street, 57x140, with good 8-r house on it and alley along side.
$650—Green street lot, 42x191, renting for $7.
$1,000—For a genuine bargain on Edgewood ave.
$3,250—Will buy one of the neatest 6-r houses on Jones street, lot 50x149. This place is worth the money

WARE & OWENS.

M. H. LUCAS & CO.,

22 S. Pryor St., Next Carshed.

Wanted—We have an especially good demand for comparatively new, five or six-room houses in good, white residence neighborhood. If you have such property, we would be glad to have you list with us, at reasonable prices. M. H. Lucas & Co., 22 S. Pryor street.

Just listed with us, 54 lots, none less than 50 feet front, by good depth (see Journal "ad.") on Rankin, Wilmer, Lawshe and Randolph streets and Angier avenue, at prices from $200 to $500 each; one-third cash, balance 1 and 2 years at 7 per cent.

Copenhill lots—a speculation at company's prices.

A nice shaded lot, 40x122 to alley, near Pryor dummy; $300 cash.

52x127 with 2-room house, Bradley street; good renting property; $550 cash.

Four lots, 50x200 each, near E. T. shops; $750 for them all.

All the above are merely specimens of the cheap property we have.

Elegant residence lots on principal streets.

Houses and lots.

Central business property.

Large and small tracts of suburban acreage property.

Farms and factory sites.

M. H. LUCAS & CO., 22 S. Pryor St.

J. C. HENDRIX. LAWRENCE HARRISON.

J. C. Hendrix & Co.

We offer a plat of twenty-eight graded lots on Whitehall street, West End, to home-seekers very cheap on long time.

30 acres only one mile from carshed; lies well; big money can be made out of it.

15 acres in West End; shaded, and lies per cent.

Copeland Hill lots to suit purchasers. Factory sites on any of the roads entering the city.

We have several large lots on the Boulevard that owners are anxious to sell; no one else can offer.

We have 250 feet on Jackson street that is very cheap.

We have the best lot on Houston street for sale.

Large tract on Peachtree street that will sell next spring for twice what we ask for it.

Any size lot on West Peachtree st. cheaper than they will ever be again.

A lovely lot on North avenue that we can sell low in the next few days.

We can offer you property on all the principle streets in the city at fair prices. If you wish to buy or sell call on us.

J. C. Hendrix & Co.

SPECIAL OVERCOAT SALE

HIRSCH -:- BROS.

Last week's business was a hummer. Our new store was filled with well-pleased clothing buyers, who appreciate high class clothing at moderate prices. Every suit that went out brings fresh additions to our long list of customers. Here and there attractive sellers in suits and overcoats make big inroads in our stock. We fill up the gap with fresh shipments for this week. Overcoats, light and heavy weights; men's boy's and children's. It will pay you to see them.

42 and 44 Whitehall St

GEO. S. BROWN, President. BARRINGTON J. KING, Sec. and Treas.

THE BROWN & KING SUPPLY COMP'NY

Manufacturers and Dealers in



Mill Supplies, Machinery, Tools,

WROUGHT IRON PIPE,

Fitting and Brass Goods.

Agents for "Gilbert" Wood Split Pulleys. All sizes in Stock.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

SCIPLE SONS,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CEMENT FIRE BRICK FIRE CLAY FIRE CLAY STOVE THIMBLES DRAIN PIPE STOVE FLUES SEWER PIPE PLASTER PARIS MARBLE DUST CHIMNEY TOPS COAL LIME

OFFICE, NO. 8 LOYD, CORNER FAIR STREET AND C. R. R.

Sand. Sand. Sand.

We make the sand business a specialty, and can supply you promptly in small lots, delivered in any part of the city, and also by carload on cars.

Stone. Stone. Stone.

Estimates given on any kind of stone-work on application.

We also do grading, and take all kinds of railroad contracts.

LIDDELL & JOHNSON

Telephone 287. 12 Loyd St., Atlanta, Ga.
may 31 d6m sp

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

THE MARCH TERM, 1890, SUPREME COURT decisions are printed in pamphlets, and will be sent to any address upon receipt of $1.00. Send orders to W. J. CAMPBELL, Manager Constitution Job Office, Atlanta, Ga. 10 3 dtf



Clothing for all mankind. The true American spirit is to give everybody credit for the cleverness they show. The superiority of our Tailoring Department entitles us to extra courtesy. It is generally conceded. The best Suits worn in Atlanta are those that come out of our workrooms. No mistaking the character of our products. Evidences stare you in the face. Every day we are winning new customers. Each purchase means satisfaction and dollar-saving for you. Those two items are surely worth your consideration.

If you want good looks and substantial wear, get an all-wool suit; not what merely seems to be all wool—bits and shreds of useless wool carded with cotton and made to pass muster—but straight-out pure wool through and through. It's easy to get such without a heavy drain on your purse. Here they are: $10, $12.50, $15, $16.50, $17.50, $18.

Good friend—you of limited means and scant faith in a Clothier's advertisement—this is important news to you. There's rich economy in each item.

Nine prophets out of ten would predict this week an Overcoat rush. Young men on the watch for elegance are interested in our styles. They are exactly right in length, shapely backs, lapped seams, inlaid velvet collars—nothing is missed. There isn't a touch of nobbiness but they have it, and to these we add tailoring that twice the money wouldn't procure except here.

We are selling rapidly for Fall and Winter. It is not possible to make a mistake, whichever you buy. None but are far beyond what anybody expects for any such money.

EISEMAN BROS.,

17 and 19 Whitehall St.

NO BRANCH HOUSE IN THIS CITY

FAITHFUL WORKERS.

THE LADIES OF THE WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION.

They are Doing Their Utmost to Save the City From the Odium in Case Delegates Are not Properly Entertained.

Faithful workers.

The ladies of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

In all the history of this beloved city, no finer exhibition of earnest and untiring work has been shown than that of the members of the local Woman's Christian Temperance Unions.

The yhave worked assiduously day after day, week after week and month after month to secure for the visiting delegates of the National Woman's Christian Union such a reception as they deserve.

They have succeeded fairly well, but much remains to be done. For that reason it is very desirable that

A LARGE ATTENDANCE

of members of the various unions and friends of the cause assemble at Trinity church this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

It is a most important meeting, and matters of large importance will be discussed.

It is hoped that the meeting will be largely attended for the reason that the opening of the convention is near at hand, and the final preparations must be made.

REV. SAM JONES

will deliver a sermon at the First Baptist church tonight, on the subject: "The Battle of Life, and How to Win It."

This will be one of the most valuable sermons ever delivered by the famous evangelist, and there will be a crowded house to hear him.

Fresh from other fields of triumph against sin and Satan, Mr. Jones comes to Atlanta to assist in the grand work of saving souls.

He will lend his eloquence freely to the cause of temperance, and will do all in his power to aid the workers of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union in their labors.

An Address to the Public.

To the Public: The committee of arrangements and on hospitality of the approaching convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union feel constrained to announce to the public that their efforts to provide for the entertainment of the delegates have not been seconded by the citizens generally with their usual promptness and enthusiasm.

Perhaps never in the history of the country has the south been honored by a larger and, in many respects, a more influential body than that shortly to convene in this fair city.

Every trunk line from Maine to California has made special rates for delegates and visitors.

There will be near 700 delegates. According to unbroken custom, which has obtained in other cities for years, these should enjoy the hospitality of our people during the sittings of the convention.

The general assembly, by joint resolution, the governor and other officials at the capitol, the mayor of the city, all united in extending the invitation to this body to hold its next session in this city.

It is now a question of opening or closing the doors of our homes to these worthy and distinguished toilers in the cause of charity and humanity, many of whom will come thousands of miles to be present.

Atlanta's reputation for hospitality is so proverbial and world-wide that it cannot afford to have the question raised as to the probable failure of her people to meet the reasonable expectations raised in this behalf. The little handful of women, unaided by any except a portion of the clergy and less than a half dozen citizens, have forwarded the work of preparation to its present stage of completeness. They have secured only 420 homes up to this date. They need about 300 more.

They have collected in cash only about $500 They need and must have $2,000 more.

They appeal to the Chamber of Commerce, and the citizens generally, for aid in this great work.

Without the great and never-failing auxiliary of the press it looks as if there will be serious trouble. Let each of our dailies open a list of subscription to the object. Let each pastor make an earnest appeal next Sunday for homes and cash.

The responsibility of the convention is on each citizen as much as on the committee. Send your names to Mrs. M. L. McLendon, Washington street, and say how many delegates you will entertain or how much you will contribute in cash. COMMITTEE.

Nervous debility, poor memory, diffidence, sexual weakness, pimples, opium habit cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Samples free at druggists, by mail 10 cents. Miles Med., Co., Elkhart, Ind.

THE action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently stimulate the liver, and regulate the bowels, but do not purge. They are sure to please. Try them.

HEADS OF FAMILIES

And All Housewives Read With Care.

Our trade is growing wider, broader, larger every day.

There is hardly a day passing that some one does not add their name to our list of patrons. Recognizing the vastness of our business, the excellence of our goods, combined with low prices we do not marvel that this is so. It is a recognized fact that upon all great occasions in Atlanta all recheche affairs have been supplied with a great or greater portion of delicacies served from our store. On all sides can be seen in ample quantities goods from the remote portions of our globe. Our extended experience in business with the combined qualities of a high order of taste, makes it easy for us to lead. Remember that it is no easy matter to cater to the wants and demands of a cosmopolitan people of a city of Atlanta's proportions. Here we have a people who can claim portions of our common country as their birthplace. We also have a people who are recognized as travelers, whose tastes are cultivated, and who are competent judges of fine things and who know a good thing when they see it. Now to business.

Our new invoice of maple syrup and our dark buckwheat flour has arrived—try both. Our fancy Cape Cod cranberries, our turkeys, fat and bedecked with dazzling bronze await your call. We dress turkeys upon short notice, or hang in icehouse until wanted. Celery supplied by the dozen at lowest rates. All kinds of fancy California fruits in 3-pound cans by wholesale and retail. Why pay 40 cents per pound for coffee, when you can come to our store and buy our celebrated Rijamo at 35 cents per pound. It is an equal blend of Mocha, Maricabo and Java. We have our own coffees roasted and it is safe to say that we have the largest coffee trade in the city. Make up your mind to try one pound Our fancy Jersey butter at 35 cents, is the finest in the city, you pay 40 and 50 for some not as good as ours. All our goods are perfectly fresh, our sales are larger, consequently fresher.

We solicit the accounts of all who desire first-class service and quality. Our prices are moderate, in a great many instances cheaper than any house in the city. Twenty-five barrels more of those fancy Long Island Sound Irish potatoes. Call and see us. HOYT & THORN,
oct23-fnrm 90 Whitehall Street.

A Strong Foundation

In health has the constitution fortified and built up with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The entire physical structure nourished and sustained through the agency of assured digestion and assimilation, regularity of the bowels and liver restored, the nerves invigorated, nightly repose sound and health yielding—these are among the results of its use. Malaria, rheumatism, kidney complaint, are annihilated by it.

The Whitehall Street Store,

Next to Capital City bank, will be sold at auction on next Tuesday, November 4th, at 12 o'clock sharp, on the premises. G. W. Adair.
oct 28 30 31, 1 3.

If you wish a wedding present, it will pay you to see our stock, as we have some very handsome, showy, inexpensive goods that are just what you want. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street. dtf

For Malaria, Liver Trouble, or Indigestion, use

Dangerous Use of Strong Purgatives.

Most pills and purgatives which act quickly upon the bowels, irritate and often destroy the mucous coats of the stomach and bowels. Indeed their cathartic action is directly caused by the irritation of the bowels, which they produce. Their action should be soothing and stimulating, instead of irritating. A continued use of such remedies produces chronic inflammation of the stomach and bowels. This often ends in a dangerous disease. The use of the genuine imported Carlsbad Sprudel Salt is highly recommended as an aperient, laxative and diuretic, because its action is due solely to its solvent and stimulating properties. It soothes and allays inflammation, and is, therefore, much preferable to all strong purgatives.

Beware of imitations. Dr. Toboldt's lecture on Carlsbad Sprudel Salt and pamphlets mailed free. Eisner & Mendelson Co., sole agents, 6 Barclay street, New York.

top col next reading matter.

A NEW COLLEGE JOURNAL

Conducted by the Senior Class of the Atlanta Medical College.

The Atlanta Medical college is pushing herself into the line of progress taken by the best colleges in the country.

The students of the graduating class, aided by the faculty, have made arrangements to issue monthly a bright journal for giving reports of clinical cases held by the faculty of the college, as well as favorite prescriptions in use by the professors. It will also state the news of the college and accounts of the alumni of the college. The editors appointed to run the paper are Messrs. Frank Park, Ralph E. Smith, A. A. Barge, Benjamin F. Hart and J. W. Head.

Subscribe for the "Clinic," 50 cents for the five issues.

Some Corrections.

Several errors in yesterday's report of the Forsyth street bridge meeting changed the sense of paragraphs. By leaving out a "not" Mr. Hirsch was made to say that this council would spend all the appropriations. What he said was that they would not spend all of the appropriations. Captain E. P. Howell spoke of the council instead of the county, as it came out in print. G. W. Adair was by inadvertency put in for G. B. Adair, and a typographical error made "Hurt" read "Hunt" in one place. In Captain English's talk, "convenience" should read commerce.

LEMON ELIXIR.

Dr. Mozley's Lemon Elixir positively cures all billiousness, constipation, indigestion, all sick and nervous headaches, kidney diseases, dizziness, loss of appetite, fevers, chills, palpitation of heart, and all other diseases caused by disordered liver, stomach and kidneys, the first great cause of all fatal diseases. 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle, at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga.

Lemon Hot Drops.

For coughs and colds, take Lemon Hot Drops.

For sore throat and Bronchitis, take Lemon Hot Drops.

For pneumonia and Laryngitis, take Lemon Hot Drops.

For Hemorrhage and all throat and lung diseases, take Lemon Hot Drops.

25 cents, at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Mozley, Atlanta, Ga. sun thur

Hearts are now among the most popular pendants for necklaces and Maier & Berkele have just received a full line in both silver and gold. Call and see them. 93 Whitehall street. tf

The Six Spruel Farms

In Buckhead district will be sold at auction before the courthouse door on next Tuesday, November 4th, at 11 o'clock. Call and get a plat. G. W. Adair. oct 28 30 31, 1 3

Bowden Lithia is a pure, natural Litha water.

Heirs Wanted.

Information wanted of the heirs of Wilkerson Sparks, native of Georgia, emigrated west about 1835; was then a single man, a farmer, and about twenty-six years of age. Address Nathan M. Lawrence, Tarboro, N. C. oct 28-d2w

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.

Both medium and heavy weights. Best grades A. O. M. Gay & Son, 18 Whitehall. 4t

This is the season when diamonds are in great demand, and you would do well to see our line before purchasing. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street. dtf

New Calisthenics—By Dr. Mara L. Pratt.

This is not a treatise on the subject, but is an illustrated course of lessons beginning with the elementary steps in gymnastic drill and marching, and ending with the finished attitudes of elegant gesture. All the best in the Sargent, the Swedish, the Delsarte, and other systems have been drawn upon to make this what it claims to be, and truly is, "a manual of health and beauty." Dumb-bell exercises, wand drills, rings, double wands, pole exercises, resting drills, marches, motion-songs with music, gesture drills, and pantomimes, with instructions how to sit, stand and walk; all find a place in the pages of this school cyclopædia of physical education. Nearly every page is illustrated, Miss Edith Foster, the well-known artist, being engaged to sketch from life the poses and positions of children in all the varied movements and attitudes. Price $1.25. By mail, 10 cents extra. For sale by John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. oct 29 dtf

Beecham's Pills cure bilious and nervous ills

Important Notice.

I will sell a bargain in my "Parisian Salon" suit and English dining-room suit now on exhibition at Piedmont park. It is beyond doubt the handsomest furniture in the south, and cannot be duplicated. Peyton H. Snook. 3t

Just Opened.

10 beautiful china closets, 50 sideboards, 25 extension tables, 200 leather chairs to match. Big bargains for a few days only. P. H. Snook. 3t

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

To the Public.

I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for mayor of Atlanta, subject to the nomination of the citizens' meeting.

If I am elected, I will do my best to make a good mayor.

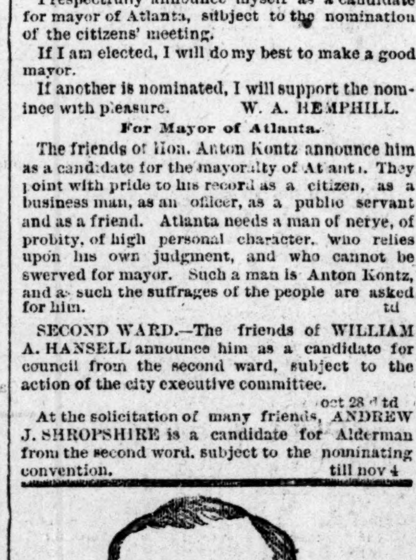
If another is nominated, I will support the nominee with pleasure. W. A. HEMPHILL.

For Mayor of Atlanta.

The friends of Hon. Anton Kontz announce him as a candidate for the mayoralty of Atlanta. They point with pride to his record as a citizen, as a business man, as an officer, as a public servant and as a friend. Atlanta needs a man of nerve, of probity, of high personal character, who relies upon his own judgment, and who cannot be swerved for mayor. Such a man is Anton Kontz, and as such the suffrages of the people are asked for him. td

SECOND WARD.—The friends of WILLIAM A. HANSELL announce him as a candidate for council from the second ward, subject to the action of the city executive committee.
oct 28 d td

At the solicitation of many friends, ANDREW J. SHROPSHIRE is a candidate for Alderman from the second word, subject to the nominating convention. till nov 4



TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

Dr. Couch extracts teeth by his new and pain-

STILSON,

JEWELER.

55 WHITEHALL ST.
Reliable Goods.
Fair Dealing.
Bottom Prices.

GET YOUR PRINTING, BLANK BOOKS, LEDGERS Journals, Cash Books, Binding, Electropying, etc., etc., of JAS. P. HARRISON & CO., (THE FRANKLIN PUBLISHING HOUSE,) State Printers, Atlanta, Ga. Consult them before placing your orders.



HAVE YOU SEEN THIS COAT A LEADER AT $10.00.

EISEMAN & WEIL, One Price Clothiers, 3 WHITEHALL ST.
7p un stil

E. F. DONEHOO RESTAURANT. LADIES' CAFE IN CONNECTION. 16 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

First-class in every respect. Convenient to business. Ladies' dining room separate.
9-24-d6m und E & W 7p.



WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD.

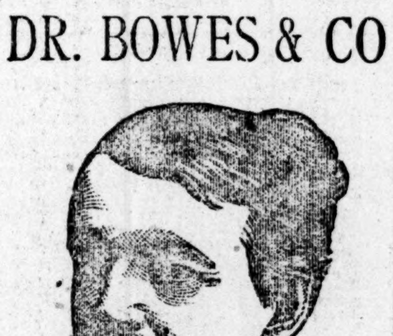
"Mothers' Friend," is worth its weight in gold. My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other children than she did altogether with her last, after having used four bottles of "Mothers' Friend." It is a blessing to expectant mothers, says a customer.
HENDERSON DALE, Carmi, Ill.

Having used two bottles my sixth child was born with no pain comparatively.
Mrs. L. O. VAUGHAN, Sheridan Lake, Col.

Wonderful—relieves much suffering.
Mrs. M. M. BREWSTER, Montgomery, Ala.

Sent by express on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Book to mothers mailed free.
BRADFIELD ... Ga.

DR. BOWES & CO



Southern Medical Dispensary.

21-2 MARIETTA ST., ATLANTA, GA. (Over Jacobs' Pharmacy)

Chronic, Nervous, Blood and Skin Diseases.

NERVOUS debility, seminal losses, impaired vital energy, despondency, loss of memory, effect of bad habits, confusion of ideas, safety and permanently cured.

BLOOD AND SKIN diseases, syphilis and all of its terrible results totally eradicated. Ulcers, blotches, sore or ulcerated throat and mouth, scrofula, erysipelis permanently cured when others have failed.

URINARY kidney and bladder troubles, frequent and burning urine, gonorrhea, gleet, urinary sediments, cystitis, etc., quickly cured.

URETHRAL STRICTURE permanently cured without any cutting or caustics, or dilation or interruption of business or occupation.

CURES GUARANTEED.

A SURE CURE to young and middle-aged men who have foolishly wasted their energies.

Dr. Bowes is a graduate of the great University of Michigan, of twenty year's experience, and is strictly reliable. Send six cents in stamps for "Perfect Question List" and book on diseases of men. Enclose stamps for reply to your letter. Call on or address DR. BOWES & CO., 2½ Marietta, St., Atlanta, Ga.

References: Constitution, Jacobs' Pharmacy Co.
dec 7 d 1 y n r m

For Sale or Rent.

The property of the Bessemer Manufacturing Company, a fully equipped Sash and Blind Factory and Planing Mill. Admirably located. Apply to
C. BESSEMER, President.



HARD TO PART

With goods unless the styles and prices are correct. Give a customer Fine, Stylish Clothes, and for a Small Profit, and he will come again. That's our idea, and it works to a charm. It is a fact that we carry, by long odds, the

FINEST CLOTHING

of any house in Georgia, and yet our prices are low, because, after all, "Quality Is the Test of Cheapness." When you want a Suit, Overcoat, or Pants, we will be pleased to serve you. Remember the New Clothing Store,

10 Marietta Street,

E. & A. C. BEALL,

oct 11—d 1 y

THE "ROCHESTER" LAMP.

Is the best one ever made. Non-explosive, perfect combustion, clear flame, white and steady. 65 candle power. Perfect in action. A model of simplicity.

Rochester Piano Lamp.



Rochester Piano Lamp.

For 10 days only we offer this beautiful PIANO LAMP with the wonderful Rochester Burner, any color shade, COMPLETE for $6.50. Rochester Hanging Lamps, Table Lamps in all styles and prices. DOBBS, WEY & CO., 45 Peachtree Street.

PIEDMONT EXPOSITION TRAINS.

—:o:—

Richmond and Danville Railroad Park Trains will start from Exposition Depot, opposite the Markham House. Entrance to depot and ticket office from Loyd street. First train will leave the city at 8 a. m., city time, and every 20 minutes thereafter during the day. Fare for round trip, 25c. Have your change ready.

L. L. McCleskey, D. P. A.

James L. Taylor, G. P. A.

oct 16-to nov1

SQUARE REMEDIES POSITIVELY CURES STRICTURE, GLEET, Catarrh and Hay Fever

SEND FOR PAMPHLET.

A. D. FLAGG, M. D., ROOM 42 OLD CAPITOL BUILDING



GAS

If the buyers of clothing were not sensible and discriminating I'd get left. So urgent have advertisers become that even reputable houses have begun to advertise suits for $10 worth $15, suits for $15 worth $20, etc. I am satisfied from the steady growth of already the largest clothing business in the state that the best plan is to stick to the truth in all efforts to gain the attention of the public. A big stock of seasonable clothing for men, boys and children, at the right price, is making trade "hum" at 38 Whitehall street.

GEORGE MUSE, CLOTHIER

top col



Visitors to the Exposition can not fail to notice the Chinese Pagoda in the center of the main building.

It is 4 stories high and was planned and executed by Mr. Nixon, the well known architect. In it there are some of the choicest specimens of the goods The Dresden handles, besides a great many articles suitable as souvenirs at the Exposition or presents for the children at home, for sale at low prices. A polite invitation is extended to every visitor of the Exposition to look at The Dresden's Chinese Pagoda. Respectfully, L. A. MUELLER.

JOHN T. STOCKS MANAGER

Stocks Coal Co., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Coal, Coke and Wood

Office and Yard: 97 W. Peters St.

'PHONE, 527, ATLANTA, GA.
oct 14 d 1 m

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday and Thursday, October 29th and 30th. | Matinee Thursday 2:30 p. m.

The Great Romantic Actor

ROBERT MANTELL

In two of his most Successful Plays.

Wednesday Night and Matinee, { MONBARS!

Magnificent Spectacular Production, Thursday Night, of

ALEXANDER DUMAS,

THE CORSICAN BROTHERS

No increase of prices. Reserved seats at Miller's. oct 26 tf

Friday and Saturday, Oct. 31—Nov. 1. | MATINEE Saturday, 2:30.

THE UNIVERSAL VERDICT!

POSITIVELY THE HIT OF THE SEASON! DON'T MISS IT!

—MISS VENORA—

JARBEAU,

In the Laughing Success

'STARLIGHT!"

Hear the New Songs! See the Handsome Costumes and Laugh at the Funny Comedians! Ladies and Children should secure seats early and avoid the rush.

Regular prices. - - Reserved seats at Miller's.
Oct 26 29 30 31—Nov 1

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,

Jas. A. Anderson & Co.



Men and Boys, you can rely on the Accuracy of our Sizes, Good Quality of our Goods, Excellent Workmanship and Low Prices.

Suits for Men, $8.00 to $25.00
Suits for Boys, $5.00 to $16.00
Suits for Children, $3 to $10.00

Strictly One Price to every one. No False Advertising.

Any dissatisfaction cheerfully corrected. We keep no shoddy, trash—quality first-class, and the least money.

Every style of Garment that Fat Men, Slim and Short, Tall or Small Men desire can be found at

Jas. A. Anderson & Co.,
41 WHITEHALL STREET.

SAM'L W. GOODE. ALBERT L. B...

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

N. R. FOWLER, AUCTIONEER

32 EDGEWOOD PARK LOTS

At Auction Thursday, November 6, ...

Free Excursion Leaves Union Depot at 12 O'clock Noon.

FREE LUNCH SERVED ON THE GROUNDS.

Plats at our Office,

"Edgewood Park" was formed out of the ... acres on the Georgia railroad known as the J... Hopkins's tract, just beyond Inman Park. The main street in this park is called Edgewood av... because it was the proposed extension of ... avenue from Inman Park east.

The thirty-two lots to be sold on the 6th of November next are part of the forty acres, and ... are nicely graded and really very choice ... homes. Being accessible by the Georgia railroad trains, lying between Mayson's Academy ... Neal's Military Academy, hardly a half ... from either, only 200 yards from the Edgewood postoffice and the stores there; with trains to ... from Atlanta at hours convenient for ... men and school children, and in an ... community of good citizens making a ... social life. These lots are particularly ... for homes or investments. The terms of ... require only one-fifth of the price bid for ... be paid cash and the remainder in four ... annual payments and interest at 8 per cent ... able semi-annually. For instance if $500 ... price at which a lot is bid off at the sale, ... cash will be required, and purchaser gives ... notes of $100 each, due respectively in ... three and four years, with interest at 8 per ... payable semi-annually. The titles are ... beyond question. A noon train on the Georgia ... road will take persons free to the sale on ... ber 6th. Lunch will be served on the ground ... once, and the bidding will begin. Plats ... particulars will be ready Monday, October ... Ladies especially invited to avail themselves ... this opportunity to secure a nice suburban ... or make a paying investment.

5 ACRES ON FLAT SHOALS road, part of ... Epps' property formerly, 2 room cottage ... fine water, land rich, neighborhood good ... $2,030.

10 LOTS, ALL HIGH AND BEAUTIFUL, ... grove and pretty grass sod, only $4,500; ... ing Georgia railroad and Decatur ... near Edgewood station, this side Hayne's.

45 ACRES ON PEACHTREE ROAD and ... road, long road front, good 5-room ... fruit and water, 3½ miles from Kimball ... by Peachtree road, only $20,000, on easy payments.

5 ACRES ON PEACHTREE ROAD, this side ... creek, this side Mrs. Walter Gordon's, ... cottage, rich land, running water and ... neighborhood, formerly part of ... Park, $3,500.

$1,250 BUYS FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE LOT ... Forest avenue, 50x150 to 10 foot alley ... well and in good neighborhood. Convenient to school and electric car line. Call ...

$2,000 FOR VACANT CORNER LOT ... North avenue facing Peters Park. Liberal terms.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

For Fence or Stock Law

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, October 13, 1890.—Notice is hereby given, that under an act of the general assembly of said state, approved September 29, 1881, a petition has been filed in this office by as many as teen freeholders, and more, of the 722d district G. M., known as Buckhead district, in said county, for the benefit of sections 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453 and 1454 of the revised code of Georgia, known as the "Stock Law," in said district, and that after this notice has been published for twenty days an election will be ordered in said district, in which the question "For Fence" or "Stock Law" will be submitted to the lawful voters therein. ...

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, October 29, 1890.

New York exchange buying at par and selling at ¼ premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
New Georgia 3½s 27 to 30 years	102½	—
New Georgia 3½s 35 to 40 years	103½	—
New Georgia 4½s due 1915	117	119
Georgia 7s, gold	100	100½
Georgia 7s, 1896	115	—
S. C. Brown	102	—
Savannah 5s	105	107
Atlanta 8s 1902	124	—
Atlanta 8s, 1892	104	—
Atlanta 7s, 1904	118	—
Atlanta 7s, 1899	113	—
Atlanta 6s, long date	112	—
Atlanta 6s, short date	102	—
Atlanta 5s, long date	105½	107
Atlanta 4½s	100	105
Augusta 7s, long date	115	116½
Macon 6s	113	—
Columbus 5s	101	—
Rome graded	110	115
Waterworks 6s	106	108
Rome 5s	95	98
ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.		
Atlanta National	350	—
Atlanta Banking Company	130	—
Germania Loan and Banking Co.	105	—
Merchants' Bank	150	—
Bank of the State of Georgia	150	—
Gate City National	140	—
Capital City	121	125
Lowry Banking Company	140	—
Merch. & Mechanics B'k'g & L'n	96	—
Atlanta Trust and Banking Co	125	—
American Trust and Banking Co.	100	—
RAILROAD BONDS.		
Georgia 6s, 1897	107½	—
Georgia 6s, 1910	113	—
Georgia 6s, 1922	115	—
Central 7s, 1893	105	—
Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta	108	—
Atlanta and Charlotte, 1st	120	—
Atlanta and Charlotte, income	100	—
Western of Alabama, 2d	101½	—
Atlanta and Florida		100
Georgia Pacific, 1st	111	—
Georgia Pacific, 2d	77	80
Americus, Prest. & L'pkin 1st 7s	110	—
Marietta and North Georgia	102	—
Sav., Americus and Mont. 1st	98	100
Rome and Carrollton	101	—
RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Georgia	200	202
Atlanta and Charlotte	88	90
Southwestern	128	130
Central	119	120
Central debenture	98	—
Augusta and Savannah	140	145
Atlanta and West Point	108	—
Atlanta and West Point debenture	100	—

THE STOCK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The stock market today showed no material change in its general characteristics from those of the past few days, and there was the same professional trading, an apparent willingness of large holders of stocks to let them take care of themselves, and some disregard in its movements of influences which should legitimately tend to the enhancement of values. The general list, as usual, was still dull and comparatively stagnant, while the efforts of operators for a decline were directly applied to the few stocks which proved specially vulnerable, and in those shares material losses were suffered. Again the falsity of the stories of financial difficulties in London were disproved by the passing off of settlements without a failure of any kind, although it was stated that assistance had to be accorded in some cases. London, however, was not a factor in any way in this market, and operations for London account were few and confined to arbitrage operations almost entirely. On the other hand, Boston was a heavy seller, and stocks in which it is most interested were especially weak. The announcement of a decrease in the net earnings of Burlington for September was followed by a sharp attack upon that and other grangers, which brought prices down to the lowest of the day, and in many cases to the lowest seen in months. Sugar Refineries, after a sharp upward movement in the forenoon, which seemingly had the effect of postponing the attack upon the general list until afternoon, remained dull and featureless, but was held at the best prices for the remainder of the day. Chicago Gas fell away in the forenoon about 1 per cent, but the announcement of the decision from Chicago that that company had no right to buy or hold stocks of other companies was received with apparent indifference, and that stock recovered all of its loss with the remainder of the list. St. Paul was one of the weakest stocks and showed less recuperative power than the rest of the grangers, notwithstanding the favorable news from the west. The latter, however, was of some influence upon Union Pacific, which was well held in the forenoon, and later displayed considerable strength. The opening was made at irregular changes from last night's figures, and early trading developed a continuance of the depression of last evening, but the sharp rally in Sugar carried the list along with it, and but little further weakness was seen during the forenoon. The raid upon grangers after 12 o'clock, however, took the vim out of the market, and the lowest prices of the day all along the line were reached at about 1 o'clock p. m., and when the pressure was removed dullness and stagnation was the feature until the last hour, when the covering of shorts again moved prices up, and in most cases the final figures were only slightly below those of the opening, the close being firm at the improvement. St. Paul, after touching 55⅝, closed at 56⅝, a loss of 1¼ per cent, and Northern Pacific preferred is off 1 per cent. The remainder of changes are generally small losses, though Sugar and Union Pacific both are fractionally higher. Sales of listed aggregated 235,000 shares, unlisted 59,000.

Exchange quiet and easier at 481½@486¼.

Money easy at 3@6, closing offered at 2.

Sub-treasury balances: Coin $145,642,000; currency $5,576,000.

Governments dull but steady; 4s 124; 4½s 104¼.

State bonds dull and featureless.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	104	N. Y. Central	101⅞
do. Class B 5s	107	N'f'k Western pre.	56¼
Ga. 7s, mortgage	—	Northern Pacific	27⅝
N. C. 6s	123	do. preferred	72⅝
do. 4s	98	Pacific Mail	41⅝
S. C. con. Brown	99	Reading	37⅛
Tennessee 6s	105	Rich. & Alleghany	—
Tennessee 5s	101	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l	18
Tenn. settlem't 3s	71	Rock Island	75⅞
Virginia 6s	50	St. Paul	56⅝
Virginia consols	47	do. preferred	108
Chicago and N. W.	107½	Texas Pacific	17⅛
do. preferred	138	Tenn. Coal & Iron	41¼
Del and Lack.	142½	Union Pacific	45¾
Erie	20⅝	N. J. Central	110
East Tenn., new	8¼	Missouri Pacific	68¼
Lake Shore	106½	Western Union	80⅜
Louisville & Nash	76¾	Cotton Oil trust	19⅛
Memphis & Char	57	Brunswick	26
Mobile & Ohio	28	Mobile & Ohio 4s	66
Nash. & Chat.	99	Silver certificates	106¼
N. O. Pacific 1st	91	†Offered. §Ex-rights.	

*Bid. ‡Ex-dividend.

Private Wire Telegram to Youngblood & Haas.

NEW YORK, October 29, 3 p. m.—Although we have had quite a little rally from the lowest prices of the day there has been more general demoralization of the stock exchange during five hours of today's session than we have yet had during the present movement. Stocks have declined with comparatively little assistance from the bears, and the steady stream of liquidation is weakening even what were considered the strongest holders in the street. Much of the trouble is due to the ultra conservative position taken by the banking interest that are declining to renew loans which fall due and refuse to consider new propositions. Even the foreign banking houses which have always been willing to loan sterling at fair rates are now charging such exorbitant commission that the last resource of the oppressed borrower is thus put beyond his reach. Such conditions can only lead to further demoralization, and while we believe the great bulk of securities that are now being traded in on the New York stock exchange are ridiculously cheap at going prices, we fear that there are still many more that will have to liquidate before the advance begins.

There was no particular feature in today's trading except that continued selling of long stock and some selling for foreign account, in spite of advice from abroad that the situation there is improving, and from the very positive evidence of such by the advance in English consols, which are the best of the money market there that we know of.

Money was in good supply, but rather stiffly held at 6 per cent. CAHN & CO.

By Private Wire to Youngblood & Haas.

NEW YORK, October 29—The cotton market this morning was very weak, and declined on selling by longs. At the decline there was some covering of shorts, in addition to which there were rally to yesterday's closing. There is nothing new in the position, which remains in favor of low prices. LEHMAN BROS.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, October 29, 1890.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening	Closing.
October	9.76@ 9.80	9.77@ 9.79
November	9.76@....	9.77@ 9.78
December	9.78@....	9.82@ 9.83
January	9.87@....	9.90@ 9.91
February	9.93@ 9.94	9.96@....
March	9.97@ 9.98	10.00@10.01
April	10.05@....	10.07@10.08
May	10.12@....	10.14@10.15
June	10.21@....	10.22@10.23

Closed steady; sales 116,900 bales.

The following is the statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock:

	RECEIPTS. 1890.	RECEIPTS. 1889.	EXPORTS. 1890.	EXPORTS. 1889.	STOCK. 1890.	STOCK. 1889.
Saturday	49191	45949	15387	32255	565910	545595
Monday	72082	54349	61412	49634	576641	569613
Tuesday	57670	64078	19428	25991	605664	600277
Wednesday	47876	50233	68747	54060	577472	582093
Thursday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Friday	....	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	226819	214809	164074	162090	....	....

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January	9.55	July	9.96
February	9.62	August	
March	9.68	September	
April	9.75	October	9.40
May	9.83	November	9.43
June	9.89	December	9.49

Closed steady; sales 39,800 bales.

Local Cotton quiet; middling 9½.

The following is our table of receipts and shipments:

Receipts	1,803
Receipts previously	35,163
Total	36,966
Stock September 1	330
Grand total	37,296
Shipments	1,002
Shipped previously	30,909
Total	31,911
Stock on hand	5,385

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, October 29—[Special]—A day of comparatively light port receipts, the continued large export movement and relative steadiness of the southern markets; the obviously oversold condition of this market and the natural nervousness of those short of cotton at present prices, have effected a recovery of nearly the entire loss made at the opening of the market this morning, and resulted in a comparatively firm closing at about last night's figures. The Liverpool market opened at a decline of about 1-64d and lost nearly 1-64d further by the close, and the extreme figures touched here were about 4 points under yesterday, from which the recovery above noted was made. There are few new features of interest. Foreign advices in regard to financial matters still continue gloomy, and a sharp decline in values on the stock exchange has taken place today. The low price of cotton remains the main bull argument at the moment, and to any others prominence is not likely to be given until a change in sentiment shall render them less obscure. Cables to us from abroad report that an especially large East Indian, Brazilian and Egyptian crop is in prospect.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, October 29—12:15 p. m.—Cotton quiet and rather easier; middling uplands 5⅝; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 7,000; American 700; uplands low middling clause October delivery 5 36-64, 5 37-64, 5 36-64; November and December delivery 5 30-64; December and January delivery 5 30-64; January and February delivery 5 31-64; February and March delivery 5 32-64; March and April delivery 5 34-64; April and May delivery 5 36-64; May and June delivery 5 39-64; futures opened steady.

LIVERPOOL, October 29—2:00 p. m.—Sales of American 4,500 bales; uplands low middling clause October delivery 5 36-64, buyers; October and November delivery 5 31-64, buyers; November and December delivery 5 30-64, buyers; December and January delivery 5 30-64, buyers; January and February delivery 5 30-64, 5 31-64; February and March delivery 5 32-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5 34-64, sellers; April and May delivery 5 36-64, buyers; May and June delivery 5 38-64, buyers; futures quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, October 29—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause October delivery 5 36-64, buyers; October and November delivery 5 31-64, sellers; November and December delivery 5 30-64, sellers; December and January delivery 5 30-64, sellers; January and February delivery 5 30-64, buyers; February and March delivery 5 32-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 33-64, 5 34-64; April and May delivery 5 35-64, 5 36-64; May and June delivery 5 38-64, sellers; futures closed quiet and steady.

NEW YORK, October 29—Cotton easy; sales 804 bales; middling uplands 10; Orleans 10 3-16; net receipts 610; gross 3,425; stock 41,550.

GALVESTON, October 29—Cotton steady; middling 9¾; net receipts 8,857 bales; gross 8,857; sales 308; stock 101,577; exports to Great Britain 5,374; to continent 8,789; coastwise 4,144.

NORFOLK, October 29—Cotton steady; middling 9 9-16; net receipts 5,572 bales; gross 5,572; stock 34,274; sales 3,177; exports to Great Britain 6,641; to France 3,309; coastwise 1,269.

BALTIMORE, October 29—Cotton nominal; middling 10; net receipts none bales; gross 560; sales none; to spinners —; stock 13,345.

BOSTON, October 29—Cotton steady; middling 10 1-16; net receipts 209 bales; gross 720; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, October 29—Cotton steady; middling 9½; net receipts 1,518 bales; gross 1,518; sales none; stock 23,154.

PHILADELPHIA, October 29—Cotton quiet; middling 10¼; net receipts 310 bales; gross 310; sales none; stock 5,400.

SAVANNAH, October 29—Cotton easy; middling 9 5-16; receipts net 6,994 bales; gross 6,994; sales 3,250; stock 133,461; exports to continent 5,370.

NEW ORLEANS, October 29—Cotton easy; middling 9½; net receipts 12,478 bales; gross 14,613; sales 9,250; stock 148,594; exports to Great Britain 13,391; to France 15,623; to continent 127; coastwise 4,916.

MOBILE, October 29—Cotton easy; middling 9½; net receipts 2,659 bales; gross 2,659; sales 500; stock 22,350; exports coastwise 1,175.

MEMPHIS, October 29—Cotton easy; middling 9⅜; net receipts 4,707 bales; shipments 1,894; sales 5,500; to spinners —; stock 60,971.

AUGUSTA, October 29—Cotton steady; middling 9½; net receipts 2,122 bales; shipments 1,316; sales 2,492; stock 24,677.

CHARLESTON, October 29—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅝; net receipts 5,201 bales; gross 5,201; sales none; stock 53,105.

The Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, October 29—The petroleum market opened steady, but there was some pressure to sell, and absence of demand, on account of the threatened action against American oil by the French government and on small sales, the price of November dropped 2½c. A reaction of 1½c followed, and at the close the market was steady.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Pennsylvania spot	77¼	77¾	77¼	77¼
November option	78⅛	78⅛	76	77¼
Lima oil	—	—	—	—

Total sales 87,000 barrels.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, October 29—Wheat—Trading active and prices higher. Fluctuations were confined within a moderate range, and outside prices of the day were not sustained. Shorts covered quite freely some of the local sellers of yesterday and some outside parties being credited as the principal buyers. The market opened at about the same as yesterday's closing to a shade above, and eased off ⅛@¼c, then started to advance, and with only slight fluctuations prices were bid up 1⅛@1¼c, then started a reaction, prices easing off ⅝@⅞c, fluctuated slightly and closed about ½c lower for December and ¼c lower for May than yesterday. The premium for May delivery over December was widened out to 4⅞@5c.

Corn was rather unsettled, price changes being frequent within ⅜@1c range. The influences on the market were mainly local. The first trades were at ⅛@¼c advance, which did not hold, the buying orders on the market being soon satisfied, the longs began to unload and a decline of ⅝c followed. The crowd became short on the decline, and wheat started up and an advance of ½c followed, shippers taking a good line, one house in particular. The market again reacted ⅞@1c and closed ⅛@¼c lower.

Oats were rather quiet with a lighter volume of trade and a narrower range of prices. There was a fair demand early, the first trading being at slightly advanced prices. Later on fair selling prices receded ½c, but rallied ¾c, again yielded and finally closed a shade lower than yesterday.

Mess pork—A rather quiet feeling was noticeable and trading light with prices irregular. The opening sales were made at 7½@10c decline, but with fair buying a firmer feeling was developed, and prices rallied 7½@10c. Later an easier feeling prevailed and prices settled back 7 @10c and closed steady.

Lard—Trading was moderate. The opening sales were made at 2½@5c decline, but this was quickly ... prices receded 2½c, and the market closed quiet at inside figures.

Short ribs—There was only a fair business. The opening sales were made at 2½c decline, but it was recovered again shortly after the opening. Later a weaker feeling was manifested and prices receded 2½@5c, and the market closed quiet.

The leading futures ranged as follows in Chicago today:

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
WHEAT—			
October	101⅛	102¼	101
December	103⅛	104⅞	103
May	108	109¼	108
CORN—			
October	52⅜	52⅜	52⅛
May	55¾	55⅞	55
OATS—			
October	43⅛	43½	43¼
May	47	47⅛	46⅝
PORK—			
December	10 40	10 40	10 40
May	12 85	12 95	12 85
LARD—			
December	6 40	6 40	6 40
May	7 00	7 02½	7 00
SIDES—			
December	5 57½	5 57½	5 57½
May	6 35	6 37½	6 32½

Private Wire Telegram to Youngblood & Haas.

CHICAGO, October 29—2:40 p. m.—Early symptoms were for a bull market in wheat, and wheat did advance above 104 for December. The main influences at work were strong cables and good export news from New York. The crowd soon became suspicious of the many bull pointers afloat, and holders commenced to dump their wheat. Several heavy speculators led in the selling, and after a few attempts were made to uphold the market, prices gradually slumped off towards the close. It is so thoroughly engrafted into the minds of the speculators that the crop of 1890 is short that it requires but little bull news to frighten the shorts and bring the bulls to the front with heads up. According to the price of the best qualities of wheat, outside of the regular speculative grade, we think $1 per bushel is high for No. 2 wheat in Chicago.

Corn opened very strong, but gradually closed off under the free offerings, closing rather quiet. Oats steady, not much change. LAMSON BROS. & CO.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, October 29, 1890.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

NEW YORK, October 29—Flour, southern steady and quiet; common to fair extra $3.70@4.15; good to choice $4.25@5.85. Wheat, spot unsettled and moderately active, closing weaker; No. 2 red 107¼ in elevator; options advanced ⅛@¼c and were active western orders, but later declined ⅜@⅝c on realizing by early buyers, closing weak; No. 2 red October 107¼; November 108; December 108¾; May 111¼. Corn, spot moderately active and a shade higher, closing weak; No. 2 58½@60 in elevator; options followed wheat, advancing early ⅛@¼, but afterwards lost the advance and closed about steady; October and November 59¼; December 60¼; May 61¼. Oats, spot ½@¾c up, moderately active and easy; options firmer but quiet; October 48¼; November 48; December 50; May 51¼; No. 2 spot 48½@49; mixed western 46½@50. Hops moderately active and firm; state new 43@48; old 25@33.

ATLANTA, October 29—Flour—First patent $6.75; second patent $6.00; extra fancy $5.75; fancy $5.50; family $4.75. Corn—Choice white —c; No. 2 white 75c; mixed 72c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 55c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 90c; No. 1 timothy, large bales 90c; choice timothy, small bales, 95; No. 1 timothy, small bales, 90c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 80c. Meal—Plain 75c; bolted 70c. Wheat bran—Large sacks $1.10; small sacks $1.12. Cotton seed meal—$1.20 ⅌ cwt. Steam feed $1.35 ⅌ cwt. Grits—Pearl $4.00.

BALTIMORE, October 29—Flour quiet; Howard street and western superfine $3.00@3.50; extra $3.65@4.... ; family $4....@ ....; city mills Rio brands extra $....@.... Wheat, southern firm; Fultz @ 100; longberry 98@101; western steady; No. 2 red winter spot and October 101. Corn, southern firm; white @61; yellow 59@61.

ST. LOUIS, October 29—Flour steady; choice $3.50@3.75; patents $5.00@5.25; extra fancy $4.15@4.30; family $3.25@3.35. Wheat opened at yesterday's figures and closed ⅛c lower than yesterday; No. 2 red cash 98¼@98⅜; December 99⅞; May 108. Corn, No. 2 mixed cash 50¼; December 49¼; May 51½. Oats lower; No. 2 cash 44⅛ bid; May 45⅛ asked.

CINCINNATI, October 29—Flour steady; family $3.90@4.25; fancy $4.60@4.75. Wheat in good demand and stronger; No. 2 red 99. Corn scarce and firm; No. 2 mixed 55. Oats strong; No. 2 mixed 47@48.

CHICAGO, October 29—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady, unchanged. No. 2 spring wheat 101; No. 2 red 101. No. 2 corn 52⅜. No. 2 oats 43¼.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, October 29—Coffee—Arbuckle and Levering's roasted 25½c for 100 lb cases. Green—Extra choice 23½c; choice 23; good 21½c; fair 20; common 18@19c. Sugar—Granulated 7⅛c; off granulated 7¼c; powdered 8c; cut loaf 7⅞c; white extra C 6⅝c; yellow extra C 6⅛c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 48@50c; prime 35@40c; common 30@35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@38c; imitation 28@30c. Teas—Black 35@55c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 75@80c. Cloves 25@30c. Cinnamon 10@12½c. Allspice 10@11c. Jamaica ginger 18c; race 7½@8½c. Singapore pepper 16c. Mace $1.00. Rice—Choice 7½c; good 6½c; common 5½@6c, imported Japan 6@7c. Salt—Hawley's dairy $1.50; Virginia 75c. Cheese Full cream, cheddars 11½c; flats 12c; skim 9@10c. White fish—½ bbls $4.00; pails 60c. Soaps—Tallow, 100 bars 75 lbs $3.00@3.75; turpentine, 60 bars 60 lbs, $2.50@2.25; tallow, 60 bars 60 lbs, $2.25@2.50. Candies—Peraffine 12½@14c; star 10@11c. Matches—400s $4.00; 300s $3.00@3.75; 200s $2.00@2.75; 60s 5 gross $3.75. Soda—Kegs, bulk, 5c; kegs, 1 lb packages, 5½c; cases, assorted, lbs, 6@6½c; ½@5¼@6c. lb Crackers—XXX soda 6½c; XXX butter 6½c; XXX pearl oyster 6c; shell and excelsior oyster 7c; lemon cream 9c; XXX ginger snaps 9c; cornhills 9c. Candy—Assorted stick 8½c; French mixed 12½c. Canned goods—Condensed milk $6.00@8.00; imitation mackerel $3.75@4.00; salmon $6.00@7.50; F. W. oysters $2.50@2.60; L. W. $1.60; corn $2.00@2.75; tomatoes $1.75@2.50. Ball potash $3.00. Starch—Pearl 4½; lump 5½; nickel package $3.75; celluloid $5.00. Pickles—Plain or mixed, pints $1.00@1.40; quarts $1.50@1.80. Powder—Rifle kegs, $5.50; ½ kegs $3.00; ¼ kegs $1.65. Shot—Shot $1.65 ⅌ sack.

NEW YORK, October 29—Coffee, options closed steady and quiet; October 18.10; November 17.6 @ 17.75; May 15.25@15.30; spot Rio easier and quiet; fair cargoes 20½; No. 7 18¼@18½. Sugar, raw dull but steady; fair to good refining 5 7-16; centrifugal 96-test 5 15-16; refined dull but steady and unchanged; C 5½; extra C 5 3-16@5 9-16; white do. 5 11-16@5 13-16; yellow C 5⅛@5¼; off A 5 13-16; mould A 6 9-16; standard A 6 7-16; confectioners A 6¼; cut loaf and crushed 6 15-16; powdered 6½; granulated 6⅜; cubes 6⅜. Molasses, foreign nominal; 50-test 18¾; New Orleans quiet; open kettle common to fancy 28@45. Rice firm and in good demand; domestic fair to extra 5½@6¼; Japan 6@6¼.

NEW ORLEANS, October 29—Coffee quiet; Rio cargoes common and prime 19½@21. Sugar, Louisiana open kettle dull; strictly prime to choice 5½; fully fair 5⅛; good to fair 4⅞@4¾; common 4; centrifugals quiet and easy; plantation granulated ...; off do. 6¼; choice white ... 5⅞; gray white ...; off white 5⅝@5¾; choice yellow clarified ...@5⅜; prime do. 5¼; off do. 5¼@5 11-16; seconds 5¼. Molasses, Louisiana open kettle steady; good prime 38@39; strictly prime 43; prime 35@37; good fair 36@37; centrifugals, easy; prime 25; fair 22@23; good common 17@18. Louisiana syrup 30@35. Rice firm; Louisiana ordinary to prime 4¼@5¼.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, October 29—Provisions firm. Pork $11.00. Lard, prime steam 6.10. Dry salt meats, boxed shoulders 5.00; long clear 5.75@5.80; clear ribs 5.75@5.85; short clear 5.90@6.00. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.00; long clear 6.20; clear ribs 6.25@6.30; short clear 6.45@6.50; hams 10½@12½.

NEW YORK, October 29—Pork steady and quiet; new mess $11.25@12.50; extra prime $10.50@11.00. Middles quiet and steady; short clear 6.20. Lard dull and weak; western steam spot 6.57½; city steam 6.05@6.10; options, October and November 6.55.

ATLANTA, October 29—Clear ribs sides, boxed 6¼c; ice-cured bellies 7½c. Sugar-cured hams 11¼@13½c, according to brand and average; California 8½c; canvased shoulders 8; breakfast bacon 10½@12. Lard—Pure leaf 8¼; leaf 7@7¼; refined 6.

CHICAGO, October 29—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $10.25. Lard 6.25. Short ribs loose 5.45@5.50. Dry salt shoulders boxed 6.62½@5.75; short clear sides boxed 5.90@5.95.

CINCINNATI, October 29—Pork steady at $11.75. Lard in good demand; current make 6.12½. Bulk meats firm; short ribs 5.50. Bacon steady; short clear 6.62½.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, October 29—Turpentine steady at 37¼; rosin steady; strained $1.10; good strained $1.15; tar firm at $1.55; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.20; yellow dip $1.90; virgin $1.90.

NEW YORK, October 29—Rosin firm but quiet; common to good strained $1.45@1.50; turpentine dull at 40½@41.

CHARLESTON, October 29—Turpentine firm at 37¼ bid; rosin quiet; good strained $1.25.

SAVANNAH, October 29—Turpentine firm at 37½; rosin firm at $1.25@1.35.

Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, October 29—Apples—Choice $4.00@5.00 ⅌ bbl. Lemons $4.50@5.00. Oranges—Florida $3.50@4.00. Cocoanuts 4½c. Pineapples $2.50@3.00 ⅌ doz. Bananas—Selected $2.00@2.50. Figs 13@18c. Raisins—New California $2.75; ½ boxes $1.75; ¼ boxes 90. Currants 7½@8c. Leghorn citron 20@22c. Nuts—Almonds 16c; pecans 10@12c; Brazil 13c; filberts 11½c; walnuts 16c. Peanuts—Virginia fancy, hand picked, 10c; North Carolina fancy 9c.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, October 29—Eggs firm at 19@20c. Butter—Western creamery 22½@25; choice Tennessee 20@22; other grades 12½. Poultry—Hens 30@35c; young chickens, large 27½@30c; small 12@14. Irish potatoes $4.00 ⅌ bbl. Sweet potatoes 80c ⅌ bu. Honey—Strained 8@10c; in the comb 10@12c. Onions $1.40@5.00 ⅌ bbl. Cabbage 2½@...

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8 PER CENT NET TO LENDERS. 25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.
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Three Million Dollars negotiated without loss of a dollar. Loans of $300 to $5,000 on hand, for sale almost any day from October to May. I will be glad to submit copies of applications for loans to investors at any time for consideration, and will consider it a favor to be asked to do so, either by mail or in person. C. P. N. BARKER,
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May 13 y—

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april 6-d1y

PASSENGER SCHEDULE

GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA RAILROAD
SUWANEE RIVER ROUTE TO FLORIDA.
Taking Effect September 7, 1890. Standard Time. 90th Meridian.

GOING SOUTH.

	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 11.
Lv Macon, Union depot	11 00 a m	7 00 p m	5 10 a m
Ar Cordele, junction S. A. & M. R'y	1 43 p m	9 37 p m	1 00 p m
Lv Cordele	1 43 p m	9 37 p m	1 00 p m
Ar Tifton, junction B. & W. R. R.	3 07 p m	11 07 p m	5 15 p m
Lv Tifton, " "	3 07 p m	11 07 p m	6 00 a m
Ar Valdosta, junction S. F. & W. R. R.	4 41 p m	12 38 a m	11 27 a m
Lv " "	4 41 p m	12 38 a m	12 30 p m
Ar Jasper, " "	5 34 p m	1 35 a m	3 20 p m
Ar Lake City junction F. C. & P. R. R.	6 27 p m	2 29 a m	5 45 p m
Lv " "	6 27 p m	2 29 a m	4 00 a m
Ar Jacksonville, F. C. & P. depot		6 35 a m	
Ar Hampton, Junction F. C. & P. R. R.	7 37 p m	3 4 a m	6 50 a m
Ar Palatka junction	7 52 p m	3 46 a m	6 50 a m
Ar St. Augustine via J. St. A. & H. R. R. R.	9 00 p m	5 00 a m	9 15 a m

GOING NORTH.

	No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 16.
Lv St. Augustine via J. St. A. & H. R. R. R.	7 30 a m	6 00 p m	6 45 p m
Lv Palatka Union Depot	8 38 a m	7 13 p m	9 35 p m
Ar Hampton junction F. C. & P. R. R.			
Lv Jacksonville, F. C. & P. depot			
Ar " "	9 50 a m	8 30 p m	1 00 a m
Lv Lake City Junction F. C. & P. R. R.	9 50 a m	8 30 p m	1 25 a m
Ar Jasper Junction, S. F. & W. R'y	10 43 a m	9 30 p m	
Ar Valdosta Junction, S. F. & W. R'y	11 37 a m	10 30 p m	4 55 a m
			5 10 a m
Ar Tifton, Junction B. & W. R. R.	1 10 p m	12 02 a m	8 10 a m
Lv Tifton, " "	1 25 p m	12 02 a m	
Ar Cordele Junction, S. A. and M. R'y	2 47 p m	1 23 a m	11 10 a m
Ar Macon, Union depot	5 0 p m	4 00 a m	3 30 p m

New and elegant Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars on trains Nos. 3 and 4. All trains arrive and depart from union depot, Macon, except No. 11 and 16, accommodation trains, which arrive and depart from Macon Junction.
A. C. KNAPP, Traffic Mgr. J. T. HOGE, Gen. Pass. Agt.
C. C. RODES, Jr., Soliciting Agt., 6 Kimball House, Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.
Time Card in effect September 1, 1890.

Atl'nta to Florida	No. 2	No. 4	No. 12	No. 14
Lv Atlanta	6 55am	7 20pm	2 15pm	11 30am
Ar Griffin	8 32am	9 03pm	4 00pm	12 55pm
Ar Macon Junc.	10 30am	11 05pm	6 05pm	3 30pm
Ar Macon	10 45am	11 10pm	6 15pm	3 40pm
Lv Macon	10 15am		7 00pm	4 00pm
Lv Macon Junc.	10 30am		7 08pm	4 09pm
Ar Albany	2 50pm		11 30pm	8 10pm
Ar Thomasville	5 40pm			
Ar Waycross			5 20am	
Ar Brunswick			7 40am	
Ar Jacksonville			8 30am	

Pullman cars on No. 12 to Jacksonville.

JACKSONVILLE TO ATLANTA.

	No. 1	No. 3		
Lv Jacksonville			6 30pm	
Lv Brunswick			6 50pm	
Lv Waycross			9 50pm	
Lv Thomasville				8 30am
Ar Albany	7 00am		1 50am	11 00am
Ar Macon	10 55am		6 10am	5 30pm
Lv Macon	1 45pm	3 20am	7 00am	5 55pm
Ar Griffin	4 00pm	5 23am	9 20am	8 32pm
Ar Atlanta	5 40pm	7 00am	11 00am	10 10pm

Pullman car on No. 11, to Atlanta.

ATLANTA TO SAVANNAH.

	No. 2	No. 4
Lv Atlanta	6 55am	7 20pm
Lv Griffin	8 32am	9 03pm
Ar Macon	10 45am	11 10pm
Lv Macon	11 00am	11 30pm
Ar Savannah	5 55pm	6 30am
Ar Jacksonville	8 30am	12 00 m

Palace sleeping cars on No. 4 to Savannah; Pullman, Savannah to Jacksonville.

SAVANNAH TO ATLANTA.

	No. 1	No. 3
Lv Jacksonville	6 30pm	1 00pm
Lv Savannah	6 40am	8 10pm
Ar Macon	1 20pm	3 00am
Ar Griffin	4 00pm	5 28am
Ar Atlanta	5 40pm	7 00am

Pullman cars, Jacksonville to Savannah; Palace sleeping cars, Savannah to Atlanta.

ATLANTA TO COLUMBUS VIA GRIFFIN.

	No. 2	No. 12
Lv Atlanta	6 55am	2 15pm
Ar Griffin	8 32am	4 00pm
Lv Griffin	8 35am	4 15pm
Ar Columbus	11 30am	7 10pm

Through coach between Atlanta and Columbus on Nos. 1 and 12.

COLUMBUS TO ATLANTA VIA GRIFFIN.

	No. 1	No. 13
Lv Columbus	1 00pm	5 00pm
Ar Griffin	3 50pm	8 22pm
Lv Griffin	4 00pm	8 32pm
Ar Atlanta	5 40pm	10 10pm

All Trains above run Daily. Griffin accom lv Atlanta 5:55 p. m., ar Griffin 7:45 a. m. Time card for Hapeville trains can be obtained from
SAM B. WEBB, Trav. Pass. Agent,
H. S. McCLESKY, Pass. Agent,
No. 11 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
E. T. CHARLTON, Genl Pass. Agt, Savannah, Ga.

MARIETTA AND NORTH GEORGIA AND Knoxville Southern Railway. Time card in effect October 13th, 1890.

NORTH. 3.	1.		SOUTH. 2.	4.
P M	A M		P M	A M
3.45	7.50	Leave......Atlanta......Arrive	6.40	11.00
4.55	8.50	......Marietta......	5.45	10.00
5.30	9.25	......Woodstock......	4.45	7.25
6.02	9.58	......Canton......	4.12	8.50
6.38	10.28	......Ball Ground......	3.41	8.19
		......Nelson......		8.08
6.58	10.47	......Tate......	3.22	8.01
7.14	11.03	......Jasper......	3.06	7.45
8.12	12.02	......Ellijay......	2.06	6.44
p.m.	12.17	......White Path......	1.49	a.m.
	1.07	......Blue Ridge......	1.21	
5	2.03	......Duck Town......	12.10	6.
a.m.	3.01	......Hiawassee......	1.11	p.m.
7.00	5.05	Jellico Junction	9.07	7.08
7.32	5.36	......Madisonville......	8.35	6.38
8.42	6.46	......Friendsville......	7.24	5.20
9.08	7.07	......Louisville......	7.03	5.06
9.40	7.52	......Knoxville......	6.20	4.27
a.m.	p.m.	Arrive......Leave	p.m.	p.m

MURPHY DIVISION

9.		10.
P M		P M
1.25	Leave....Blue Ridge....Arrive	12.35
2.32	......Culberson......	11.05
2.50	......Nota......	10.45
3.18	......Murphy......	10.15
p.m.	Arrive......Leave	a.m.

All trains daily, except Sunday.
Parlor car on No. 1 and 2 between Blue Ridge and Marietta.
Through coach on No 1 and 2 between Knoxville and Atlanta.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.
GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY
OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER.
AUGUSTA, GA., 2d, 1890.
Commencing 2d instant, the following passenger schedule will be operated:

NO. 27 WEST—DAILY.

Leave Augusta	7 45 a m
Arrive Camak	9 12 a m
Leave Washington	7 20 a m
Leave Athens	8 25 a m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Atlanta	1 00 p m

NO. 28 EAST—DAILY

Leave Atlanta	2 45 p m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 p m
Arrive Athens	7 05 p m
Arrive Washington	7 20 p m
Arrive Camak	6 24 p m
Arrive Augusta	8 15 p m

DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

No 2 EAST—DAILY.		No. 1 WEST—DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	8 00 a m	Lv. Augusta	11 05 a m
Ar. Gainesville	8 15 p m	Lv. Wash'ton	11 10 a m
Ar. Athens	5 15 p m	Lv. Athens	8 40 a m
Ar. Washington	2 30 p m	Ar. Gainesville	8 25 p m
Ar. Augusta	3 15 p m	Ar. Atlanta	5 45 p m

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

No. 4 EAST DAILY.		No. 3 WEST—DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	11 15 p m	Lv. Augusta	11 00 p m
Ar. Augusta	6 35 a m	Ar. Atlanta	6 30 a m

*DECATUR TRAIN—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta	8 55 a m	Lv. Decatur	9 45 a m
Ar. Decatur	9 23 a m	Ar. Atlanta	10 15 a m
Lv. Atlanta	3 25 p m	Lv. Clarkston	4 10 p m
Ar. Decatur	3 40 p m	Lv. Decatur	4 25 p m
Ar. Clarkston	4 05 p m	Ar. Atlanta	4 50 p m

COVINGTON ACCOM'N—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta	6 20 p m	Lv. Covington	5 40 a m
Lv. Decatur	6 56 p m	Lv. Decatur	7 25 a m
Ar. Covington	8 35 p m	Ar. Atlanta	7 55 a m

MACON NIGHT EXPRESS—Daily.

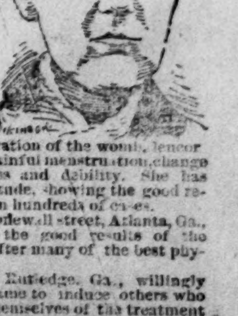
No. 31 WESTWARD.		No 32 EASTWARD.	
Lv. Camak	1 30 a m	Lv. Macon	8 00 p m
Ar. Macon	7 15 a m	Ar. Camak	12 20 a m

UNION POINT AND WHITE PLAINS RAILROAD

Leave Union Point	*10 10 a m	*5 40 p m
Arrive Siloam	10 35 a m	6 05 p m
Arrive White Plains	11 10 a m	6 40 p m
Leave White Plains	* 8 00 a m	*3 30 p m
Leave Siloam	8 35 a m	4 05 p m
Arrive Union Point	9 00 a m	4 30 p m

*Daily except Sunday.
No connection for Gainesville on Sunday.
Sleeping car to Charleston on train No. 4.
Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signalled stop at any regular schedule flag station.
Trains No. 27 and 28 will stop and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Camak, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur. 27 makes close connection for all points north and northwest.
Trains 1 and 2, dinner at Union Point.
Train No. 28, supper at Harlem.
J. W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager. E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Passeng'r Agt.
JOE. W. WHITE, T. P. A., Augusta, Ga.

A LADY DYING.



This is the case in every neighborhood. They have what the average doctor calls an incurable disease of the womb. Mrs. Dr. Mary A. Brannon's specially prepared treatment for womb troubles and menstrual irregularities will cure you. Her treatment has cured thousands of cases the doctors have given up in despair. Absolutely unfailing home treatment, for displacements and falling of the womb, chronic inflammation and ulceration of the womb, leucorrhoea, irregular and painful menstruation, change of life, general weakness and debility. She has many letters of gratitude, showing the good results of the treatment in hundreds of cases.

Mrs. B. Thrash, of Stonewall street, Atlanta, Ga., will gladly testify as to the good results of the treatment in her case after many of the best physicians had failed.

Mrs. G. W. Davis, of Rutledge, Ga., willingly allows the use of her name to induce others who are suffering to avail themselves of the treatment as she is permanently cured with the treatment after an affliction of several years.

Mrs. R. A. King, of Sterling, Col., writes: "Dear Mrs. Brannon, I feel very thankful to you for your valuable treatment. I am strong and well and may God bless you for it. Will gladly recommend your treatment to others."

Mrs. Dr. Brannon's Ointment for above named diseases, with full directions, for sale by druggists...

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

LESS WORK AND MORE PAY DEMANDED BY RAILROAD EMPLOYES

Railroad Personals and Topics of General Interest Concerning Railroad Matters in Every Section.

American railroad employes, says The Chicago Herald, have united in the cry: "Shorter hours and more pay." It is not a local demand, nor has it yet become general, but it has broken out in shops all over the country, and the movement has grown so large and has so far met with such success that the gain of less hours for work and increased pay is now the dream of every railroad employe in America. As yet no united demand has been made by the federated railroad labor organizations, but the course matters are taking indicate that such a demand is inevitable and not far distant. The problem of granting shorter hours and more pay is a serious one to the railroad managers of today, because of the financial condition in which too many of the roads now find themselves. The old operating official who made his record years ago, and in most cases rose from the ranks, is not in full sympathy with the demands made by labor of the present day, and in his bluff yet genial way is inclined to say, with a laugh, that these frequent demands are the outburst of the spirit of cussedness and unrest which is inborn in human nature and that the men do not know when they are well treated. On the other hand, there are many practical and efficient railroad officials who are well read and keen students of human nature. These men say that the growing demand for more pay and fewer hours of work is a natural result of the success toilers in other branches of labor have met with in their demands, that, in short, this question has reached a point where it affects all labor, and the best and most fair of these officials are willing to admit that there's a large percentage of justice in the claims of the men.

The interstate commerce commission has rendered a decision in the case of George Rice against the Southern Railway Company, the Atchison, Topeka and Sante Fe railroad and others, in reference to rates on petroleum and its products to California points, as affected by the long and short haul claims. The decision is in favor of the railway companies. As to the trans-continental lines, the complaint is dismissed. The decision maintains the position that, under the act to regulate commerce, they have a right to make lower rates at California water and terminal ports on this kind of traffic to meet the competition of the water lines, without reducing their rates to the same level at intermediate ports where no such competition exists. The decision also sustains the carriers in making the blanket rate, as it is called, on this traffic, being a through rate that is the same to California points from all points in the United States east of the 97th meridian of longitude, on the ground that this rate has its origin and is based upon actual competition between the all-rail lines on the one side, and water lines, which are not subject to the act to regulate commerce, on the other, and in reference to the carriage of freight large in amount.

The Cairo Short Line, which is backed by a powerful syndicate, has, it is said, absorbed the Paducah, Tennessee and Alabama railroad, which was projected originally to run from Paducah to Birmingham. Contracts have been let by the new owners for the completion of the road, and it is said that work will be pushed ahead at a rapid rate, irrespective of cost. Surveyors are now in the field making the final surveys, and satisfactory progress is being made all along the line. The absorption of this new road by the Cairo Short Line syndicate means a new and powerful competitor for the Louisville and Nashville. Being closely allied with the Illinois Central, the Paducah, Tennessee and Alabama will afford a new through line between St. Louis to Birmingham, via the Cairo Short Line, and from Chicago to Birmingham via the Illinois Central.

Railway Age: The total number of street railways in the United States and Canada is now estimated at about 1,000, with a total length of 8,650 miles, and it is asserted of these roads 264, or about 25 per cent, with a mileage of 1,753 miles or about 20 per cent of the total mileage, are operated by electricity. This shows the wonderfully rapid progress of the new motive power. Cable railways have also grown in favor, representing now about 440 miles of line, but electricity is coming into use far more rapidly and seems destined to supercede the horse, which at present, however, furnishes the motive power for the greater part of the street railways, to the extent of something like 6,000 miles.

All the Texas lines have agreed, except the International and Great Northern, to go into a joint car inspectors' system. Mr. Siddons, master car builder of the road, was in conference with the master car builders in Houston a few days ago inquiring into the benefits to be derived. He spoke as being pleased with the idea and will recommend the same to the officials of his line. Mr. Siddons has recently turned out from the International and Great Northern shops at Palestine some very handsome coaches, which, with the new engines just received, make as fine trains as any line can boast.

Nearly all the great railroad systems have hospitals for the benefit of their employes, which are partially supported by monthly deductions from the pay of employes. Some of the railroads which do not have the hospital system carry what is known as a voluntary relief fund. The Wabash railway system has perfected a system which is almost perfect. The funds necessary to support the hospitals are acquired by deducting a certain amount monthly from the pay of each employe. From $50 or less 35 cents is deducted, and over $50 a deduction of 50 cents is made. Every employe of the road from the office boy and sectionman up to the superintendent is assessed, and the order is imperative. The funds are carefully looked after, and so successful has the management been that two fine hospitals are kept in fine condition.

Railroad Notes.

Engineers are at work surveying the route for the Nashville and Mississippi Delta railroad, from Okolona to Grenada, Miss. This road will run through and develop one of the finest agricultural territories in the state. This line was partly surveyed years ago and entirely graded through the entire portion of Grenada county.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad is converting its palace cars into vestibule sleepers. The patent folding doors and gates are being attached and the interior remodeled. It was rumored in Chattanooga that this system had made another big scoop of a Kentucky railroad, but the officials had not confirmed the rumor.

The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe will open its Chicago-St. Louis line on the 16th of next month. The route is to be over the Atchison's tracks from Chicago to Pekin, Ill., thence to Sorrento over the Jacksonville and Southwestern, and from Sorrento over the Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City and Merchants' Bridge terminal lines to St. Louis.

The new cane train on the Mississippi Valley route has commenced operations. The train runs between all plantations along the line as far north as Baton Rouge, and carries cane from the small estates to those which have sugar mills. The cars are supplied with racks to facilitate the loading and unloading.

It is reported that the Georgia Pacific will remove their shops from Columbus, Miss., to Birmingham, Ala. The city council has petitioned the road to reconsider the action.

Boston capitalists have subscribed $100,000 toward locating car works at Beaumont, Tex., to supply the rapidly increasing demand of southwestern lines for cars. The new works will have a cash capital of $500,000.

The government officials are in receipt of the papers from the president at Washington conveying the official notice of the pardon of Arthur W. Street, assistant general freight agent of the Missouri Pacific.

The freight rate on sugar which has been 30 [illegible] New Orleans to Atlanta, has been [illegible]

November 1st. This result was brought about by the Illinois Central.

Mr. R. R. Dill, superintendent of the south western division of the Central railroad with headquarters at Macon, is in the city.

Mr. Sam Webb, of the Central of Georgia, has been traveling through Tennessee and Kentucky during the past week.

The Narrow Rim of Steel.

From The Wheeling, W. Va., Register.

"I tell you what it is," remarked a well-known railroad conductor yesterday to a Register reporter, "when I stop and think of being whirled across the country, down hills and around curves, with only an inch and a half of iron between me and eternity, I get so scared that I swear never to get on a car again. What do I mean by an inch and a half of iron? Well, you know what a passenger car is, don't you? You know how they are built. A car is a pretty solid thing nowadays, and to look at one a person would think they were pretty safe, but that's because you don't know anything about it. The car itself is all right as far as it goes, but it's the wheels. Did you ever look at the wheels? If you did you may have noticed how they're made. A good size, broad enough and heavy enough and with a tire of the finest kind of steel. But on the inside of the tire you see a sort of rim or flange. That flange is about an inch and a half thick and about the same depth. It doesn't look as if it amounted to much, that little piece of steel, but that's just what the lives of the passengers depend upon. That flange keeps the wheel to the rail and keeps the coach from running off the track.

"Well, now, when a train is going like Hail Columbia around a curve you can see how much depends upon the flange. The whole weight and speed of the train is against the flange on one side, the outside of the curve and it is all that keeps the coach from whirling from the track. Suppose the flange broke, or, as is often the case, was worn down and had been missed by the car inspector. The chances are ten to one that the flange couldn't hold, but would climb the rail and there'd be another accident. The reporters would be told the rails spread or something of the kind and nobody but the company would know what caused the accident.

"There are a good many accidents that happen that way, but it doesn't appear to be any of the public's business. As a general rule a car wheel is watched mighty closely and the minute a flange begins to wear new ones are put on, but many a time an inspector will miss a wheel and then the chances are big that there'll be an accident."

THE TROUBLE BREWING

Between the East Tennessee Road and Its Train Hands.

ROME, Ga., October 29.—[Special.]—For several days there has been trouble brewing between the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway and their employes on the trains.

Rumors were afloat yesterday that a strike had been called in the yards of the railroad, but while a strike was not regularly on yet the men were complaining and were ready for it.

THE CAUSE.

The men say the railroad has been running its trains with too few men. They claim they have been greatly overworked and do not get sufficient sleep.

The men made a demand last week for

MORE MEN,

but the railroad has not granted their request. The freight train conductors claim that frequently the run from Chattanooga to Rome takes twenty hours and is only seventy miles distance. That they are paid by the mile and consequently lose a great deal of money.

There are not enough brakemen to man the train, it is alleged, and three brakemen instead of two are demanded.

The men further demand that separate crews make up the trains.

The men are very cool and deliberate in their demand. They feel that the present overwork is unfair; that it is nothing but right and just that their demands be met by the railroad.

In response to a question, they said that a

STRIKE MIGHT BE AVOIDED,

but the men are firm in their convictions. The men talked about the matter freely and said they would await the decision of the road. Major Barnes, the superintendent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, came to Rome last evening. He sought the men personally and said that by Wednesday he could answer positively.

WHO WILL BE IN THE STRIKE?

If the strike goes on it will be a large one. The conductors of freight, the brakemen and engineers it is learned will go into it, and will no doubt block the business of the road. The freights are heavy at present and continued steady work can alone keep up.

The result is awaited with interest.

West End Notes.

Mr. Jack Curtright has returned to Thomasville after taking in the exposition.

Miss Anna Donovan, of Wadley, Ga., is visiting Miss Katie Howard on Park street.

There are no signs of commencing the paving of Gordon street yet. It may be the contractors are waiting for the mud to dry up.

It is interesting to look over the roll of membership of the West End Baptist church and see the number of states represented in that church. Out of a total membership of about 140, the majority of whom signed by letter, came from the churches in the city, yet the states of New York, Ohio, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana and Texas are all represented among the membership.

Another remarkable fact is, that only two of the total membership are under the age of fourteen years. The rapid growth of the church within less than two years just past has been almost phenomenal, and speaks volumes of praise for the young pastor, Rev. S. Y. Jameson, for the noble work accomplished in so short a space of time. However, he has had the hearty co-operation and support of the entire membership without a single exception, as well as that of a number of admirers in his congregation not members of the church, but the success attained is due almost entirely to the faithful work of a competent leader—the pastor. The various and numerous states alluded to above as represented among the membership are unmistakable evidences of the popularity of West End as a residence community, and almost each month add new comers to the population of the town and additional names to the roll of membership of the prosperous and flourishing little church.

Free

Samples of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine at druggists. Cures Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Neuralgia, Fits, etc.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered liver. Only one pill a dose.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.

Both medium and heavy weights. Best grades. A. O. M. Gay & Son, 18 Whitehall. 4t

Georgia Bromine-Lithia water for insomnia.

Ed. L. Grant Sign Company,

53 Peachtree, 'phone 604. Signs and banners made and shipped anywhere. Glass, board and advertising signs. ap14-dly

If you want to see bargains in fine furniture go to P. H. Snook's warerooms. Four immense floors packed with beautiful furniture at unheard of low prices. 3t

MERCHANT TAILORING.

Henry B. Elston at No. 3 East Alabama Street.

I am now prepared to make suits to order from $20 up. My samples are all in, and those desiring to place their orders with me can have the assurance that they will have immediate attention. I guarantee a fit. Use only the best goods. Call and see me, at No. 3 East Alabama street.

Bowden Lithia water has $4\frac{1}{2}$ grains Lithia to the gallon.

The Finest on Earth

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad is the only line running Pullman's Perfected Safety Vestibuled Trains, with Chair, Parlor, Sleeping and Dining Car service between Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Chicago, and is the only line running through Reclining Chair Cars between Cincinnati, Keokuk and Springfield, Ill., and Combination Chair and Sleeping Car Cincinnati to Peoria, Ill.

And the Only DIRECT LINE

between Cincinnati, Dayton, Lima, Toledo, Detroit, the Lake Regions and Canada.

The road is one of the oldest in the state of Ohio, and the only line entering Cincinnati over twenty-five miles of double track, and from its past record can more than assure its patrons speed, comfort and safety. Tickets on sale everywhere, and see that they read C. H. & D., either in or out of Cincinnati, Indianapolis, or Toledo. E. O. McCormick, General Passenger and Ticket Agent. feb21 dly

Dog versus horse at Exposition today. A won-

TO SEE HIS FOLKS.

A NEGRO ESCAPES FROM THE PENITENTIARY AND COMES BACK

After All Effort to Find Him Had Failed—He Had no Idea of Leaving for Good.

A curious case was brought to the attention of the penitentiary authorities yesterday.

A negro named Gus Hall escaped from the convict camp in Montgomery county last Friday.

He was serving a term for rape. His sentence was fifteen years. His time dated from April, 1889, at which time he was delivered to the penitentiary company.

His escape was discovered almost immediately after he left the camp, and every effort was used to catch him.

Without success.

The rule in such cases is that if the escaped is not captured within twenty-four or thirty-six hours, his arrest after that time is the merest accident in the world.

Everything that could be done to find the negro was done in this instance, but so completely without success that hope of ever catching him was given up, and the hunt was altogether abandoned.

Monday the negro walked into camp, dusty and travel-worn.

The act was entirely voluntary. He returned all alone.

Of course he was secured at once, which he seemed to expect.

"I jes got homesick," was his explanation, "and I wanted to see the folks."

"We had given you up for lost," said one of the guards.

"Yes," he rejoined cooly, "I s'pose you had."

"Did you remember that you still had nearly fourteen years to serve?" he was asked.

"Oh, yes; but I didn't mean to leave for good. All I wanted was to see the folks once more."

He seemed, in fact, wholly unconcerned about the future, and, now that he "had seen the folks once more," was entirely satisfied with his lot.

The negro lived in Washington county. He had walked nearly the entire distance there and back.

He is working today, in stripes and shackles, with nearly fourteen years ahead of him yet.

The strongest reason why you should take Hood's Sarsaparilla if your blood is impure, is found in the fact that it has effected many remarkable cures of blood disorders.

Tutt's Pills

The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether from excess of work of mind or body, drink or exposure in

Malarial Regions,

will find Tutt's Pills the most genial restorative ever offered the suffering invalid.

Try Them Fairly.

A vigorous body, pure blood, strong nerves and a cheerful mind will result.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Is it well With Your Kidneys?

Few appreciate the constant duties performed by the Kidneys, yet fewer appreciate how easily these important organs are deranged.

The Kidneys are bean-shaped, filled with veins, arteries and little tubes; these tubes filter the water from the blood; the water thus collected is poured into the ureters, and by them conducted into the bladder.

Another function of the Kidneys is to eliminate urea urid acid and other waste products which quickly poison the whole system if left to course through the blood.

Now, when the Kidneys become diseased, and fail to discharge their important functions, the skin, liver, bowels and lungs undertake the work of elimination—a work these organs are unfitted to perform.

It is readily understood that with this unnatural condition of things the whole body will soon become diseased, and death, alas! will too often follow.

"Keep the Kidneys in good tone and you will preserve your health," is a motto worth remembering.

Stuart's Gin and Buchu

is a true Kidney tonic. It is quickly taken up by the blood and is filtered out by the little Kidney tubes, and is consequently directly applied to the affected spots.

If you have any Kidney, Bladder or other Urinary trouble

Stuart's Gin and Buchu

is the remedy that will make you well.

Sold by all druggists. n r m

Cottage at Bar Harbor,

Just opposite the fashionable "Louisburg," for sale or to let for season.

This cottage has nine rooms in the main building and four in the annex (kitchen). There is hot and cold water in the butler's pantry and in both bath-rooms.

The interior walls are all finished in hard wood painted and paneled burlap, or floated plaster.

There is about one-quarter acre of ground connected with the house.

The view from the dining-room windows, in N. E. cor. house, takes in the whole of Frenchman's bay; and from the second story piazzas a complete panorama may be had of the scenery in all directions.

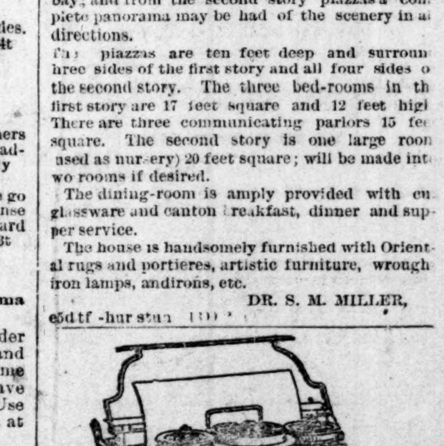
The piazzas are ten feet deep and surround three sides of the first story and all four sides of the second story. The three bed-rooms in the first story are 17 feet square and 12 feet high. There are three communicating parlors 15 feet square. The second story is one large room (used as nursery) 20 feet square; will be made into two rooms if desired.

The dining-room is amply provided with cut glassware and canton breakfast, dinner and supper service.

The house is handsomely furnished with Oriental rugs and portieres, artistic furniture, wrought iron lamps, andirons, etc.

DR. S. M. MILLER,

e5d tf -hur stu [illegible]



THE HAMMOND TYPEWRITER

Is now made with Two Keyboards.

Its Leading Points:

Speed.

Perfect Alignment.

Interchangeable Type.

Uniform Impression.

Durability.

Can Use Any Width Paper.

J. H. NUNNALLY,

General Agent.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

OPIUM Morphine Habit cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, O.

INSTRUCTION.

SOUTHERN SCHOOL —OF— SHORT-HAND!

18 E. HUNTER ST., ATLANTA, GA.

Ours is the only school which has a special teacher for typewriting. We teach everything necessary to a practical writer. Our pupils read their notes with ease. We make no charge for obtaining positions. We have had more than fifty applications last month for competent writers. Young men would do well to master this art; demand increasing all the time. Our system (Graham's) is taught in more colleges than all other systems combined. Send for catalogue.

A. C. BRISCOE, Manager.
L. W. ARNOLD, Assistant Manager.
MISS ALICE TULLER, Principal Typewriting Department.

CRICHTON'S

SHORTHAND SCHOOL,

49 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA.

If you want to learn shorthand, the first thing to be done is to select a school; one that has some standing; remembering always, that idle boasts are easily made, but teaching shorthand is an art, a science, a business.

Examine carefully into the claims of teachers and select one as carefully as you would a physician.

Our catalogue will be sent free to any address, and if we do not prove that we are capable of meeting your requirements you have lost but little.

THE LEADERS!

B.&B.

WHOLESALE

FINE WHISKIES.

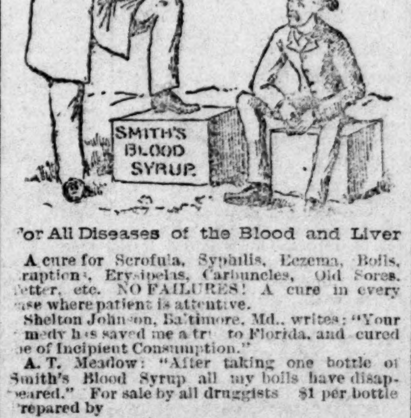
A very select stock of rare old Rye and Bourbon Whiskies always on hand. Choice foreign Wines, Liquors, etc., a specialty with us. Correspondence solicited.

Bluthenthal & Bickart,

46-50 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

july 1 dly

SMITH'S BLOOD SYRUP.



For All Diseases of the Blood and Liver

A cure for Scrofula, Syphilis, Eczema, Boils, Eruptions, Erysipelas, Carbuncles, Old Sores, Tetter, etc. NO FAILURES! A cure in every case where patient is attentive.

Shelton Johnson, Baltimore, Md., writes: "Your remedy has saved me a trip to Florida, and cured me of Incipient Consumption."

A. T. Meadow: "After taking one bottle of Smith's Blood Syrup all my boils have disappeared." For sale by all druggists. $1 per bottle. Prepared by

JOHN B. DANIEL,
30 Wall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

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Perfect Goods, Bottom Prices

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We sell the Constitution, and refer to them. 1yr

Legal Blanks.

IRONCLAD NOTES WAIVING ALL THE EXemptions in books of 100 sent postpaid upon receipt of 40c; a book of 50, same notes sent for 25c. Mortgage notes with three lines blank for description of property, 100 in a book for 40c; 50 in a book for 25c; same note except seven lines space for description, 100 for 60c or 50 for 35c, postpaid. Draft books of 100 for 25c. Receipt books of 100 for 25c. These are all the best forms. Send cash [illegible]



TIME CARD, TAKING EFFECT FEBRUARY 9, 1890.

SOUTHWARD.	DAILY.	DAILY.
Leave Atlanta	5 30 a m	7 00 p m
Arrive Macon	8 50 a m	10 20 p m
Leave Macon	9 05 a m	10 25 p m
Arrive Jesup	2 42 p m	3 50 a m
Arrive Brunswick	5 05 p m	6 10 a m
Arrive Savannah	7 50 p m	8 40 a m
Arrive Waycross	4 18 p m	5 00 a m
Arrive Jacks'nvile	6 20 p m	7 35 a m

SOUTHWARD.	DAILY.	DAILY
Leave Jacks'nvile	7 00 a m	6 30 p m
Leave Savannah	7 00 a m	7 40 p m
Leave Jesup	10 40 a m	1 20 a m
Leave Brunswick	8 00 a m	11 00 p m
Arrive Macon	5 00 p m	6 47 a m
Leave Macon	7 10 p m	7 02 a m
Arrive Atlanta	10 40 p m	10 35 a m

TO CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE	DAILY.	DAILY.
Leave Atlanta	11 00 a m	11 00 p m
Arrive Rome	1 50 p m	2 00 a m
Leave Rome	2 05 p m	2 35 a m
Arrive Chattanooga	5 00 p m	6 15 a m
Leave Chattanooga	8 00 p m	9 00 a m
Arrive Cincinnati	7 00 a m	7 30 p m
Leave Rome	1 55 p m	2 35 a m
Arrive Cleveland	3 55 p m	4 45 a m
Arrive Knoxville	6 35 p m	7 55 a m
Leave Knoxville	8 30 p m	8 10 a m
Arrive Cincinnati	7 00 a m	7 30 p m
Arrive Louisville	7 10 a m	7 35 p m

TO MEMPHIS.	DAILY.	DAILY.
Leave Atlanta	11 00 a m	11 00 p m
Arrive Rome	1 50 p m	2 00 a m
Arrive Chattanooga	5 00 p m	6 15 a m
Leave Chattanooga	8 00 p m	2 10 a m
Arrive Memphis	6 50 a m	6 40 p m

TO NEW YORK VIA LYNCHBURG		
Leave Atlanta	11 00 a m	11 00 p m
Arrive Rome	1 50 p m	2 00 a m
Arrive Cleveland	3 55 p m	4 45 a m
Arrive Knoxville	6 35 p m	7 55 a m
Leave Knoxville	6 50 p m	8 10 a m
Arrive Morristown	8 10 p m	9 25 a m
Arrive Bristol	10 55 p m	12 25 n'n.
Arrive Roanoke	5 40 a m	6 50 p m
Arrive Lynchburg	7 20 a m	9 00 p m
Arrive Washington	2 30 p m	7 53 a m
Leave Washington	3 20 p m	7 20 a m
Arrive Baltimore	4 30 p m	8 25 a m
Arrive Philadelphia	6 40 p m	10 47 a m
Arrive New York	9 20 p m	1 20 p m

TO NEW YORK VIA SHENANDOAH VALLEY.	DAILY.	DAILY.
Leave Roanoke	6 00 a m	7 05 p m
Arrive Shenandoah Junction	2 15 p m	3 10 a m
Arrive Hagerstown	3 10 p m	4 05 a m
Arrive Baltimore	5 20 p m	8 20 a m
Arrive Philadelphia	7 20 p m	9 30 a m
Arrive New York	10 00 p m	12 20 n'n.

HAWKINSVILLE LINE.

Leave Cochran	10 50 a m	5 50 a m	3 30 p m
Arrive Haw'sville	11 35 a m	6 40 a m	4 20 p m
Leave Hawk'sville	9 40 a m	2 25 p m	4 20 a m
Arrive Cochran	10 30 a m	3 15 p m	5 05 a m

ROME ACCOMMODATION CONNECTING WITH ALABAMA CENTRAL DIVISION.

Leave Atlanta	7 05 a m
Arrive at Rome	10 05 a m
Leave Rome	11 15 a m
Arrive Anniston	1 35 p m
Arrive Selma	6 40 p m
Arrive Meridian	10 50 p m

THROUGH CAR SERVICE.

Pullman Compartment cars leave Atlanta 7 pm. daily for Brunswick.

Pullman Buffet cars leave Atlanta 5:45 a. m. and 7 p. m. daily for Jacksonville.

Pullman Buffet cars leave Atlanta daily at 11 a. m., 11 p. m. for Cincinnati via. Chattanooga.

Pullman Vestibule Buffet cars leave Rome at 1:55 p. m. for Philadelphia via. Shenandoah Valley.

Pullman Compartment cars leave Atlanta 11 p.m daily for Knoxville.

Pullman Vestibule cars leave Knoxville 7:50 a. m. for New York via. Shenandoah Valley; also for Washington via. Lynchburg.

Solid train with Mann Boudoir car attached leaves Knoxville daily 7:05 a. m. for Hot Springs Asheville and Salisbury.

Pullmann Vestibule cars leave Knoxville 6:50 p. m. for Washington via. Lynchburg.

Pullman Vestibule cars leave Knoxville 8:50 p. m. for Louisville

Mann Boudoir cars leave Knoxville daily 8:30 p. m. for Cincinnati.

Pullman Vestibule cars leave Chattanooga 7:50 p. m. and 7:05 a. m. for Memphis.

Pullman Vestibule cars leave Rome 8:50 p. m. for New Orleans via. Calera, and for Mobile via. Selma.

B. W. WRENN, G. P. & T. A., Knoxville, Tenn.
CHAS. N. KIGHT, A. G. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA MIDLAND AND GULF R.R.

COLUMBUS, Ga., Sunday, June 22, 1890.—On and after this date the following schedule will be operated:

SOUTH BOUND, DAILY.

	No. 50.	No. 52
Leave Atlanta via C. R. R.	7 00 am	2 15 pm
Leave Griffin via C. R. R.	8 30 am	4 00 pm
Leave Atlanta via E. T. V & G. R. R.	5 45 am	....
Leave McDonough via G. M. & G. R. R.	7 40 am	....
Arrive Griffin via G. M. & G. R. R.	8 20 am	....
Leave Griffin	8 35 am	4 15 pm
Arrive Warm Springs	9 57 am	5 33 pm
Arrive Columbus	11 39 am	7 08 pm

NORTH BOUND, DAILY.

	No. 51.	No. 53.
Leave Columbus	1 00 pm	5 10 pm
Arrive Warm Springs	2 32 pm	6 55 pm
Arrive Griffin	3 50 pm	8 17 pm
Leave Griffin Central R. R.	4 00 pm	8 32 pm
Arrive Atlanta Central R. R.	5 40 pm	10 10 pm
Leave Griffin G. M. & G. R. R.	....	8 35 pm
Arrive McDonough G. M. & G. R. R.	....	9 15 pm
Arrive Atlanta E. T. V. & G. R. R.	....	10 25 pm

Through coach between Columbus and Atlanta via Griffin on trains Nos. 51 and 52.

CLIFTON JONES, G P.A.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO

The most direct and best route to Montgomery, New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest

The following schedule in effect September 7, 1890:

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 50 Daily	No. 52 Daily	No 56 daily except Sunday.	No. 54 Daily
Lv Atlant	1 20 pm	10 05 pm	4 55 pm	7 30 am
Ar Newnan	2 55 pm	11 20 pm	6 28 pm	8 47 am
Ar LaGrange	4 05 pm	12 33 am	7 42 pm	9 46 am
Ar West Pt	4 35 pm	1 00 am	8 15 pm	10 13 am
Ar Opelika	5 11 pm	1 40 am	....	10 55 am
Ar Columbus	....	5 30 am	....	11 58 am
Ar Montgry	7 25 pm	3 45 am	....	....
Ar Pensacla	1 25 am	9 15 am	....	....
Ar Mobile	2 10 am	8 10 am	....	....
Ar N Orlens	7 00 am	2 15 pm	....	....
Ar Hostn Tx	2 20 am	9 00 pm	....	....

TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT

Lv Mont'y	7 55 pm	7 50 am	....	....
Ar Selma	9 35 pm	9 39 am	....	....

NORTH BOUND.	No. 51 Daily	No. 53 Daily.	No. 57 daily except Sunday.	
Lv N Orleans	8 15 pm	3 05 pm	....	....
Lv Mobile	1 05 am	7 37 pm	....	....
Lv Pensacla	10 10 pm	11 45 am	....	....
Ar Montgry	7 20 am	12 52 am	....	....
Leave				
Lv Selma	5 40 am	4 30 pm	....	....
Lv Montgry	7 45 am	1 15 am	....	....
Lv Columbus	11 8 am	....	....	....
Ar Opelika	9 55 am	3 20 am	....	....
Ar W Point	10 33 am	4 03 am	7 00 am	....
Ar Lagrange	11 10 am	4 31 am	7 34 am	....
Ar Newnan	12 11 am	5 39 am	8 49 am	....
Ar Atlanta	1 30 pm	6 50 am	10 25 am	....

Train 50 carries Pullman Buffet sleeping cars between New York and Atlanta, and Pullman Buffet sleeping cars between Atlanta and New Orleans. Train 51 carries Pullman Buffet car between New Orleans and Atlanta, and Atlanta and New York. Trains 52 and 53 carry Pullman Buffet sleeping car between Washington and New Orleans.

[illegible] L. TYLER, R. E. LUTZ,

RAILROAD TIME-TABLES.

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
*No. 3, from Savannah 7 00 am	*No. 2, to Savannah 6 55 am
*No. 15, from Griffin 8 00 am	*No. 14, to Macon 11 30 am
*No. 11, from Macon 11 00 am	*No. 12, to Macon 2 15 pm
No. 1, from Savannah 5 40 pm	*No. 16, to Griffin 5 20 pm
No. 13, from Macon 10 10 pm	*No. 4, to Savannah 7 20 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

From Chat'g* 6 32 am	To Chattnooga* 7 50 am
From Marietta 8 35 am	To Mariett 11 45 am
From Rome 11 05 am	To Chattnooga* 1 30 pm
From Chat'g* 1 45 pm	To Rome 3 45 pm
From Marietta 2 [illegible] pm	To Marietta 4 [illegible] pm
From Chat'g* 6 40 pm	To Chattnooga* 6 1[illegible] pm
From Chat'g* 10 55 pm	To Chattnooga* 11 15 pm
From Mariett ‡ 10 30 am	To Mariett ‡ 4 00 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From Mont'm'y* 6 50 am	To Opelika 7 30 am
From West Pt 10 25 am	To Selma* 1 [illegible] pm
From Selma* 1 30 pm	To West Point 4 [illegible] pm
From Opelika 5 35 pm	To Montgomery 10 00 pm

EAST TENN., VA. & GA. R'Y.

*No. 14, from Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville 10 35 am	*No. 12, for Rome, New York, Cincinnati, Knoxville and Memphis, and All points 11 00 pm
*No. 13, from New York, Knoxville, Nashville and Cin'nati 6 5 pm	*No. 14, for Rome, Nashville, Cincinnati, New York and Memphis 11 00 am
*No. 11, from Cincinnati Nashville and Knoxville 5 15 am	*No. 11, for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville 5 30 am
*No. 12, from Savannah, Jacksonville, Brunswick, Macon 10 40 pm	*No. 13, for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville 7 00 pm
No. 15 from Meridian, Selma, Anniston and Rome 2 10 pm	No. 16, for Rome, Anniston, Selma and Meridian 7 05 am

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From Augusta* 6 30 am	To Augusta* 8 00 am
From Covin't'n 7 55 am	To Decatur 8 55 am
From Decatur 10 15 am	To Clarkston 12 10 pm
From Augusta* 1 00 pm	To Augusta* 2 45 pm
From Clarkston 2 20 pm	To Clarkston 3 25 pm
From Clarkston 4 50 pm	To Covington 6 20 pm
From Augusta* 5 45 pm	To Augusta* 11 15 pm

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE. (Richmond and Danville Railroad.)

From Lula 7 50 am	To Washington* 7 10 am
From Wash'ton* 11 00 am	To Lula 4 30 pm
From Wash'ton* 9 40 pm	To Washington* 6 00 pm

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

From Gre'n'ille* 6 05 am	To Birm'gham* 1 13 pm
From Tal'poos* 8 30 am	To Tallpoosa* 5 00 pm
From Birm'm* 2 00 pm	To Greenville* 10 45 pm

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.

From Macon and Florida *7 40 a m	To Macon and Florida *7 00 am
From Macon and Florida *9 20 pm	To Macon and Florida *3 15 pm
From Fort Valley *10 20 a m	To Fort Valley *5 30 pm

*Daily. ‡Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.

(ATLANTA AND CHARLOTTE DIVISION.)

Only twenty-nine hours transit Atlanta to New York.

Time Table in Effect September 29th, 1889.	Fast Mail. No. 53.	Express No. 51.
Leave Atlanta (city time)	7 10 a m	6 00 pm
Arrive Spartanburg	2 52 p m	1 30 am
" Charlotte	5 30 p m	4 25 am
" Salisbury	7 05 p m	7 02 am
" Greensboro	8 40 p m	7 45 am
" Danville	10 20 p m	9 32 am
" Lynchburg	12 55 a m	12 25 pm
" Charlottesville	3 00 a m	2 40 pm
" Washington	7 00 a m	7 10 pm
" Baltimore	8 25 a m	8 50 pm
" Philadelphia	10 47 a m	11 20 pm
" New York	1 20 p m	6 20 am
" Boston	9 00 p m	3 30 pm
Leave Danville	10 50 p m	9 56 am
Arrive Richmond	5 15 a m	3 45 pm
" Norfolk	11 00 n'n	....
Leave Spartanburg	....	3 40 pm
Arrive Hendersonville	....	6 07 pm
" Asheville	....	7 00 pm
" Hot Springs	....	8 40 pm
Leave Greensboro	11 00 p m	9 45 pm
Arrive Durham	6 10 a m	12 00 am
" Raleigh	7 45 a m	1 05 pm
" Goldsboro	12 50 p m	3 00 pm

LULA ACCOMMODATION. Daily except Sunday.

Leave Atlanta (city time)	4 [illegible] pm
Arrive Gainesville (city time)	[illegible]
Arrive Lula (city time)	[illegible]

ATLANTA TO ATHENS VIA NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

	Daily No. 55.	Daily ex. Su. No. 11.
Leave Atlanta (city time)	7 10 a m	4 [illegible] pm
Arrive Athens (city time)	11 20 a m	9 2[illegible] pm
No. 40 arrives from Lula		7 50 am
No. 50 arrives from Washington		*11 00 am
No. 52 arrives from Washington		*9 40 pm

No. 53 connects at Cornelia daily, and No. 11 Wednesday and Saturday, for Tallulah Falls.

Pullman Sleeping-Car Service.

No. 50 has Pullman Sleeper New York to Atlanta.

No. 52, Pullman Sleeper Washington to New Orleans and Washington to Birmingham

No. 51, Pullman Sleeper Atlanta to New York.

No. 53, Pullman Sleeper New Orleans to Washington, D. C., and Birmingham to Washington.

Tickets on sale at Union Ticket Office, and No. 13 Kimball house.

JAS. L. TAYLOR, Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Washington, D. C.
L. L. McCLESKEY, Div. Pass. Ag't, Atlanta, Ga.
C. E. SERGEANT, Passenger Agent.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD

GEORGIA PACIFIC DIVISION.

The completion of this important thoroughfare to Greenville and Arkansas City on the Mississippi river, gives the southeastern states a direct and short line to the west, southwest and northwest. All under one management from Washington D. C., to the Mississippi river

October 1890.			No. 50. Daily.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 54 Daily.
Lv Atlanta	....	....	1 13 pm	10 45 pm	....
Lv Austell	....	....	2 10 pm	11 35 pm	....
Ar Lithia Sp'gs	....	....	2 16 pm	11 41 pm	....
Ar Tallapoosa	....	....	3 59 pm	1 29 am	....
Ar Anniston	....	....	5 37 pm	3 14 am	....
Ar Birming'm	....	....	8 30 pm	6 10 am	....
Ar Columbus	....	....	....	12 15 pm	5 0[illegible]
Ar West Point	....	....	....	1 32 pm	[illegible]
Ar Winona	....	....	....	4 30 pm	5 [illegible]
Ar Greenwood	....	....	....	5 45 pm	5 [illegible]
Ar Greenville	....	....	....	8 30 pm	7 45

K. C., M. & B. CONNECTIONS.

Lv Birmingham	9 00 pm	7 05 am	....
Ar Tupelo	2 25 am	1 12 pm	....
Ar Holly Spring	4 35 am	3 30 pm	....
Ar Memphis	6 15 am	5 00 pm	....
Ar Little Rock	1 25 pm	11 00 pm	....
Ar Springfield	11 15 pm	8 10 am	....
Ar Kansas City	7 05 am	5 00 pm	....

QUEEN AND CRESCENT CONNECTIONS.

Lv Birmingham	11 35 pm	3 40 pm	....
Ar Tuscaloosa	12 47 am	6 07 pm	....
Ar Meridian	4 00 am	10 37 pm	....
Ar New Orleans	11 30 am	7 00 am	....
Ar Jackson	9 10 am	4 30 am	....
Ar Vicksburg	11 25 am	7 00 pm	....
Ar Shreveport	9 15 pm	....	....

TRAINS ARRIVE ATLANTA.

6:50 a. m.—From Greenville, Birmingham, Anniston and the west. No. 53.

2:00 p. m.—From Birmingham, Anniston and the west. No. 51.

8:50 a. m. From Tallapoosa, Lithia Springs and local. No. 55.

Pullman Vestibuled Sleeping Cars between Washington, D. C., and Birmingham, Ala., without change on 52 and 53. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and Memphis on 50 and 51. FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS Birmingham to Memphis and Kansas City without change, connecting with 52 and 53. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and Shreveport, by trains 5 and 51.

A. A. VERNOY, Pass. Agt.
ALEX. S. THWEATT, Gen'l Trav. Agt., Atlanta, Ga.
S. H. HARDWICK, Gen. Pas. Agent, Birmingham, Ala.
SOL HAAS, Traffic M'g'r, Richmond, Va.
C. P. HAMMOND, Act., Supt., Birmingham, Ala.

For Fence or Stock Law.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, October 13th, 1890. Notice is hereby given, that under an act of the general assembly of said state, approved September 29th, 1881, a petition has been filed in this office by as many as fifteen freeholders, and more, of the 1160th district, G. M., known as Oak Grove district, in said county, for the benefit of sections 1453, 1452, 1453, 1452, 1453 and 1454 of the Revised Code of Georgia known as the "Stock Law" in said district, and that after this notice has been published for twenty days, an election will be ordered in said district, in which the question "For Fence" or "Stock Law" will be submitted to the lawful [illegible]